









Don Sebastian KING A OF Morreys Portugal.

An Hiftorical Novel.

IN. FOUR PARTS.

Done out of French by

Mr. FERRAND SPENCE.

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TO THE Right Honourable THE COUNTESS OF STANFORD.

L'ne Lastrication

Madam,

A N Unfortunate Prince begs Audience of Your Ladisbip, in hopes of representing His Unhappy A 3 Cir-

Circumstances to be such, as that he may with Justice lay claim to Your Ladisbips Protection.

He is (enfible that nerther His Ambition, or rather His Destiny, could make Him amends for the Miffortunes they have plung'd Him in, than by suffering Him to reappear in the World under Your Ladi-Ship's Commission. If He succeeds in this Request, He questions not to Reign again with as much Glory and Lustre, as He was before The Dedication. before oppress'd with the Malignity and Perverseness of His Fate.

To You, Madam, He flies for Refuge, knowing the Whole. Universe must pay Veneration to such an Asyle, and that the Sactuary cannot but be inviolable, that is supported by so much Beauty, so much Wit and Vertue.

He is affur'd His greatest Enemies will be forc'd to court His Reconciliation and Friendsbip, when under Your Colours :

lours; and that they will freely make Restitution of all the Stars unjustly gave them to His disadvantage, rather than incur the Blame and Cenfure of the present Age, and all Posterity. For it is Declaring War to All, to continue at variance with a Prince, under the Guarranty of a Lady, whofe many Charming Qualities would have obtain'd her even the Adoration of the Ancients. But he is most capable

of telling His own Story: And

And as for doing You Justice, Madam, in fo nice a Character as that of Your Ladifbips, a Chara-Eter that entitles You to the Love of Heaven, and demands the Esteem and Admiration of all Mankind, is what surpasses the Art and Skill both of Pen and Pencil. Every Action of Yours is a Panegyrique of it self. You stand in no need of the Daubing either of the Writer or the Painter : Daubing, I (aid, Pardon the Word, Madam;

dam; but every thing must prove Course, that vainly attempts to Copy fo perfect an Original. So much Merit needs no Historian. As it has already rendred You the Favourite of the present Age, so Tradition will transmit you to Posterity, as an Extraordinary Instance of all the Advantages of Birth and of Fortune, of Body and of Mind, without any of the Vanities that almost constantly attend these Blessings and Accomplishments in others. But

But this is a Subject fo bewitching, that it had almost transported me beyond the Bounds of the most profound Respect and Submission wherewith I am,

Madam,

as put

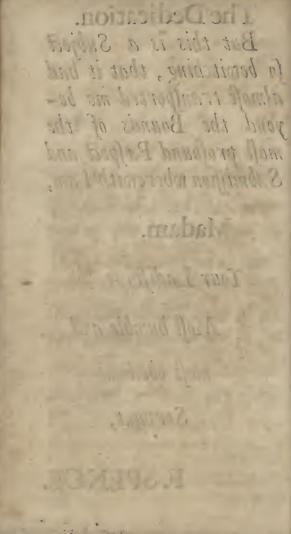
Your Ladiships

Most humble and

most obedient

Servant,

F. SPENCE.



Don Sebastian, OF PORTUGAL.

(I)

N the first Years of the Reign of Don Sebastian, Portugal was the most Peaceable and Flourithing Kingdom of all Europe. The Divisions and Contests about Religion, which fo cruelly shattered other Provinces, had not fpread their fury into that Country: And ever fince Don Alphonfo Henry, the first King of Portugal, aided by William Long-fivord, had chaced the Moors out of his Territories, the Quiet of that People had not been troubled by any fears. This King had hardly attained his fifteenth year, but he made himfelf admired by all his B

People

People, and fear'd by all his Neighbours: The vivacity of his Wit, the elevation of his Soul, the dexterity he made appear in all his Exercises, and the greatness of his Courage, rendred him the most accomplished Prince of that Age. He was Handsome, well made, Valiant, and Liberal: He had a Majestick Port, Royal Inclinations, and it feemed as if Nature had taken leisure to form him with all the Qualities that can make a Prince recommendable to Mankind. A crowd of young Courtiers, who were brought up with him, or whom the defire of timely advancing themfelves by Employes, had drawn from all parts to Lisbon, composed his most agreeable Court. And as Youth, Amours, and Pleasures have ever been inseparable, and as Love is the first and softest amusement of Mankind, all these Courtiers insensibly applyed themselves more to their their Mistresses, than to their Prince; and their hearts being little touched with Ambition, made them give fighs to Love, when they fancied they rendred Affiduities to Fortune.

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That Court was made up of Perfons of extraordinary Merit: Queen Katherine, the Kings Grandmother, was no less elevated above those of her Sex, by her Virtue than by her Quality. She had ever applyed her felf with a great deal of Prudence and Success to diffipate the troubles that threatned the State, during the Infancy. of Don Sebastian : And when this young Prince took upon him the Government of his Kingdom, fhe gave her felf entirely to the Practice of all those Virtues that can recommend a Queen to the World. The Dutchess of Braganza had a great share of Wit and Beauty, and though fhe had a Son of the fame age with the King, fhe B 2 despaired despaired not of charming that Prince, and employ'd all her Arts to infpire him with Friendship, 'Efteem, or Affection. She was much in Katherine's favour, and managed her, felf with fo much Cun-ning, that Acting as well the part of a Lucretia as of a Gollip, she shared in all the Exercifes of the Queens Devotion, and in all the Matches of the Kings, Divertisements. The Duke her Husband knowing her heart to be too fusceptible of Ambition to be the like of Love, fuffered her with Tranquility enough at Lisbon with the Young Duke of Barcellos their Son; and was himfelf almost always at his Country-House. Eugenia, whose Relations had ever had the most confiderable Charges of the State, admirably well maintained her Quality in that Court: She was brown, of an advantageous Shape, and had a fweet and folid Wit : And though the had loft her Father and

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and Mother when the was very young, her 'Carriage had been ever to regular, that the gave as much admiration for her Virtue, as for her Beauty. *Chriftopher de Cavora*, who was Mafter of the Horfe to the King, and his Favourite, had a Daughter called *Leonora*; who, maugre her tender Age, was already the Ornament of the Court, and with her Blooming Beauty made the moft infenfible to tremble.

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That Court was filled with feveral other Perfons, who had no lefs merit than those I have mentioned; though they were of a lefs Elevated condition. *Violanta* was of these last: She was Maid of Honour to *Jane* of *Austria*, a perfect Beauty and infinite Deferts, and if her Charms were proper to give Birth to a great Passion, her heart was capable of being fensible of the like.

But all the luftre of the Court B 3 was

was not confined within the Circle of the Beauty of this Sex, the Men made there likewife admirable Figures. Cardinal Henry, Don Sebastian's Uncle, had ever made appear a great deal of Conduct in the Tute-lage, that was committed to him, of the Young King. Don Lewis, who was likewife his Uncle, had fignalized his Courage in feveral Ren-counters, and with Justice passed for the bravest and handsomest Prince of that Kingdom. He had had a long time a very tender Engagement with Violanta; and the report even run at Court, that he had Married her, and by her had a Son, whom he brought up at one of his Houses near Lisbon. Duke d'Avero had made his Prudence and Valour appear on feveral occasions under the Reign of John the III, and had been one of his Favourites; but Cardinal Henry had no great kindness for him, knowing him to be ambiti-

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ous and daring. The Young Duke of Barcellos gave great hopes of his Dexterity and Wit, and began to view of the Beauty of Leonora with a tender emotion. The Count de Sousa was much esteemed both by the King and Cardinal Henry : He maintained his Favour by a great merit, and had taken care to joyn to all the fine Qualities that make a well-bred-Man, the folid Virtues that compose an honest-man. Don Henry had a thousand good Qualities, that made him be beloved by all the World, he was well Built, and Valiant, and breathed nothing but dangers: And as he was the chief of an Illustrious Family both for Nobility and Riches; his Father had taken care before his Death, to Conclude his Marriage with Eugenia, they having loved one another from their most tender Infancy. All things feem'd to conspire to unite them; their Humours **B**4

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mours being alike, their Qualities fuitable, and their Age almost equal, gave all People great hopes of their happines.

Amours were the Soul of that Court, and even those who were only fenfible of Ambition were constrained to call Love to their fuccours, that they might the better fucceed in their Defigns. The Dutchefs of Braganza would have been willing to have been indepted for the advancement of her Fortune to this last Passion; she placed all her cares to make the King love her; but was not able to render his heart sensible : He had no other Paffion than for Arms, he had raifed a Regiment which he Exercifed continually, and frequently Review'd : He would as often undertake the Labours of Common Souldiers, as the Cares of chief Officers, the greateft Perils had a fecret Charm to invite him, and not believing that any

any common danger was worthy of him, he would not undertake any thing that was not attended with difficulties: If he had any Voyage to make upon the Sea, he affected to Embark during the Tempeft, difdaining to rock peaceably. in a Calm that might Jull his Virtue asleep. Duke d'Avero had no less Ambition than the Dutchess of Braganza, and likewife fancied that Love might be useful to his Defigns. He had a Daughter called Elvira: He fought in her Beauty for the reputation that was refuled his own merit, and imagin'd that the heart of that Young King: She had not yet been feen at Court, though fhe was at an Age to appear there with luftre, becaule the Dutchels her Mother, having a long time languished in a Difease which occasioned her Death two Years before, had retired her felf to one of her Country Houses, and B 5

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and the Duke, after the Death of his Wife, had put his Daughter into a Nunnery near his Houfe, not defigning to take her from thence, till he had found out a Match fuitable to her Circumftances.

In the mean time Eugenia had too many Charms to fatisfie themfelves with the Conquest of Don Henry. The Count de Soufa had been long Passionately in love with her: His Refpects, his Complaifances and Affiduities had fufficiently affured her of it; but whether she was not willing to understand them, or she had only Eyes tor Don Henry, the Count de Soufa always found in her fo much indifference for him, that he judg'd it not convenient to declare his Passion more openly: He had too much respect and discretion to hazard an unprofitable Declaration. Don Henry was his Friend, Eugenia had ever feen him only under the notion of Friendship, which

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he could not any longer support the constraint of: He saw her every day; she was ever lovely in his Eyes; she had hardly in the least concealed from him the Paffion fhe had for Henry: That Lover likewife made him the Confident of his happiness. What a torture is this to a Man, whose love is extream,. and was not capable of eafing himfelf by betraying his Mistress and his Friend? After having been for fome time in these Extremities, and having in vain Employ'd the Succours of his Reason for to cure him, he fancied, that absence would diminish his Sufferings, by weakning his Paffion, and fo was defirous to remove from Court; but his Merit had put him there in too, good a posture for him to go away without some specious pretext.

Elizabeth, whom Philip the II. had Married in his third Nuptials, died in Spain about that time;: wherefore one was to be fent tomake:

make the Compliments of Condolance to this King on the behalf of Queen Katherine his Sifter, and Don Sebastian his Nephew. Soufa fancied that occasion was favourable to him, and for the obtaining that Commission, he Employed Cardinal Henry's Credit with the King; the Cardinal highly efteeming his Virtue, used to Queen Katherine, the Solicitations of Lewis of Granada his Friend; whofe Birth and Piety were had in veneration by all People; and whom that King had caused to come from Spain to communicate to her, all that concerned the Salvation of her Soul and the good of the Kingdom. He obtained what he defired, was fent to the King of Spain; but could not depart without going to take his leave of Eugenia, with whom he found Don Henry. He used all his endeavours to conceal his Grief, and his Love in

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that separation; the Words he fpoke had no coherence with one another, and the Sighs he vented were half stifled: And seeing he could not refift his Grief, he quitted those two Lovers, and Embraced them, bidding 'em, Farewell, and live happy, while I do lead a Languisbing life; far from you and my Friends. His Sighs hindred him from speaking more than these Words; he went immediately away for fear they should fee him shed tears: And Eugenia and Don Henry were really afflicted ar his departure, and attributed to Friendship alone, what a more violent Paffion had produced.

The Duke d'Avero, cauled Elvira to come and fecond his Projects: He was himfelf furpriz'd with her Beauty, and conceived freth hopes at the fight of fod 'zeling an Object. The truth is, the was capable to engage the most infentible : Her blew Eyes were fweet and piercing ; all her

her Features were regular, her Complexion was admirable, and Hair was the finest in the World, delicately accompanied by all the Beauty of her Face: She was of a middle Stature, but her Wit was above what is common; fhe had an infinuating Prefence, and engaging ways with her; her Con-versation was easie, of a soft humour and a Gentle Soul. Her Fa. ther would at first instruct her with the measures she ought to keep in regard of all the Perfons that composed the Court, into which he would introduce her: But found in her fo much Wit, fo much Judgment, and a disposition fo Natural to fecond his defires, that he had nothing elfe to do than to describe to her, the different Characters of those, who held the first Rank. The day after fhe arrived, the Duke Conducted her to Queen Katherines Appartment, to pay her her Respects. Her Drefs.

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Drefs admirably well feconded her Beauty; the Queen found her the Lovelieft Perfon she had ever feen: The Dutchess of Braganza, Eugenia, Leonora, Violanta, and all those who were there, were furprized with her Lustre. After which they examined all her Features with a Jealous Spite, and not finding any defect, they all fancied they faw in her a formidable Rival, who was going to ravish all their Conquests from them. The Dutchess of Braganza more Jealous than any other,. would see if her Wit was answerable to her Charms. She faid to her, all fhe thought would perplex her, and all the others by the fame motive, Engaged her in a Conversation upon several Sub. jects; but she ever reply'd with fo much Sweetness and Wit, that they even admired her against their Will.

This Conversation was interrupted

(16) rupted by the Count de Tavora, who came to acquaint the Qucen, that the King was a coming. She immediately Commanded all those in her Chamber not to make Elvira known, and bid the Duke d'Avero retire, for fear of discovering her. He obeyed with fome vexation, ardently defiring to be a Witness of the interview of Don Sebaffian and his Daughter. The King came, Elvira was the first Object lie faw, and he was fo lively ftruck, that he was fometime without being able to fpeak, and without knowing what he fhould fay; a thousand confused Motions agitated him at that fight, and he was ferilible of 'em all, but could not diffinguifb any; and of all the feveral thoughts arifing then in his Mind, he was not able to know or explain any, but that which told him that Elvira was the most Beautiful Perfon in the World. All the Court perceived . J. Mar

perceived the Kings trouble, and as he faw the Queen likewife obferved it, he endeavoured to fpeak, and conceal his diforder: Who is that Charming Person, you have embelished the Court with, Madam, faid he to the Queen, still eyeing Elvira? She is a Native of Spain, answered she, whom King Philip my Brother has sent me, to be of the number of my Maids; but not being willing to have any more, I am going to fend her back : For Heaven's sake don't send her back, (he interrupted her with a transport) thet would be but an ill return to the Civilities of the King of Spain : Well then, reply'd the Queen imiling, I will not fend her back without first Confulting you, and the shall have jour leave if the returns. The King clearly faw they had perceived his diforder, he bluthed; and Elvira, who had ever had her Eyes down from the time the King entred, raised 'em at that inftant

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instant, and met with those of that Prince, but fo tenderly and fo paffionately, that fhe blufht, and was in as great a Confusion as himself. The Queen after some other Discourses, at length acquainted Don Sebastian, how this Lady was the Duke d'Avero's Daughter. He was as little capable of diffembling the joy this News gave him, as he had been to conceal the diforder that the fight of Elvira had caused in him. He made her a thousand tender Compliments, and the day being already much advanced, and the Queen using to withdraw betimes, every one took leave of her and retired.

Elvira went to her Father's, with the Women who had waited on her, and was at first in some trouble, that Don Sebastian had raised Motions in her, which she was not acquainted with, and which she however attributed af-

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ter she had well examined 'em, only to the respect that the looks of a King inspire. She was still making these Reflexions, when the Duke her Father entred her Appartment, to know what she thought of the Court. She answered him very exactly upon all the different Characters she had seen there. But when he asked her, if the King had been there, if she had seen him, and what she thought of him, she made appear fo much diforder in her Face and understanding, that the Duke divined the reason of that Confusion, and changed Difcourse immediately. The Dutchess of Braganza, retired with sentiments very different from those of Elvira: She was Ambitious, and Jealous, and penetrating: She aimed at the heart, or rather the grandeur of the King. She knew from that moment that Elvira was capable of depriving her of both; and Ambition and Jealoufie

fieinspired her with an aversion for that Rival, that her Policy would hardly diffemble; but amongft all the different Motions this Vilit had caufed, there were none fo lively and fo tender as those of the King. He was fo full of Elvira's Beauty, that it was impossible for him to fpeak of-any thing elfe.as long as Supper lafted. He lay all Night thinking of her Charms; fancied, that the blufhing he had obferved in her Face, when their Eyes met, was a good prefage for his Love; and that her Eyes were ever too animated for it to be a meer Modesty, which had given occasion to this Confusion. How happy, faid he, should I be to be beloved by this Charming Perfon : How. Beautiful is she, and how Rich in Wit and Sweetness! And how miserable should I be, continued he immediately after, if her heart were engaged, or if it were insensible. For some moments that fear

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fear interrupted the delights of those Reflections, but his hopes coming immediately to his help, calmed his Mind and revived his Affection.

· The Duke d'Avero being impatient to know what Effects his Daughters Beauty had produced, did not fail to be the next day at the Kings rifing, who, as foon as he faw him, cryed out to him aloud: Ab .Duke ! how Charming is your Daughter, and how Beautiful did I find her Tefterday? 'The Duke was fo good a Courtier, as to take this Compliment kindly, and every one made him some upon this Subject, and the Duke de Barcellos approaching him, told him, The Dutchefs my Mother has made me so advantageous a De-Scription of her Wit and Beauty, that the very recital Charmed me. The truth is, that the Dutchess of Braganza, who forefaw the King would have a very-great Pailion for

for *Elvira*, was defirous that the Duke *de Barcellos* might fall in love with her, for traverfing this Commerce which fhe fear'd. But if by chance *Elvira* fhould have any inclination for this Young Duke, then fhe might at leaft become neceffary through the part her Son would take in that Intreague, and by the abfolute power fhe had over him.

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But neceffary it was, he should declare himself speedily, and not stay till the King had explained his budding Paffion. Wherefore she passed over Formalities, and went the next day with her Son to see Elvira. Tou will find perhaps, faid she to her entring, my Visit rash and too hasty, Madam; this is not the only fatigue your Beauty will cause you, and the Duke to whom I made Testerday the recital of it, has forced me to come and importune you with so much precipitation : But he is Still Toung Madam, continued she fmiling,

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fmiling, and knows not what he demands. Elvira answered with a thousand Civilities. At this meeting, the Conversation was less ferious, and more warm than ufually those are of the first Visits, and the Duke de Barcellos shewed fo much admiration for Elvira, that the Count de Tavora, who was then there, fancied he had conceived a great Passion for her, and faid, the day following, in Entertaining fome Perfons that came to fee him, with the News of the Court, that Elvira's Beauty made a great noise there; that the Duke de Barcellos was extreamly in love with her, had been to fee her, and declared to her a great deal of kindnefs.

Leonora was prefent at this Difcourfe, and could not hear it without fhivering. For above two Years that the Duke de Barcellos faw her with affiduity, he had not

not dared to declare what her Charms had made him fuffer; and their hearts having been used to love one another from their tendereft Infancy, upon the credit of their fighs, without having otherwife explained themfelves, they had fpared themselves the vexation, that Reflexions give at the birth of a Paffion, and the confusion which these forts of Declarations cause in those that hear them: She returned into her Chamber 'to conceal her trouble; and as foon as she was at liberty, she let some tears fall, without knowing the reason that made her weep: She faw her felf oppreft with a grief that the had never felt; fometimes she abandoned her felf to all imaginable hatred against Elvira, fometimes she complained confusedly of the Duke of Barcellos; and not knowing what Motions to keep to, Why frould I complain of him, faid she, did be promife me never to -love any one? Has

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has he told me, he had a kindnefs for me? does he-know that I have an inclination for him, or rather; have ever loved him? Alas, I know nothing of it my self, continued she, but I know very well, I have been deceived in the opinion I had of the care he took to purchase and preferve my favour. She had not yet fo strictly Examined the Sentiments the had of the Duke de Barcellos; she durst not even in that moment tell her felf, that the loved him, and attributed to the hatred she had for Elvira, all that the ftrongest Jealousie made her suffer. . I should not care, said flie fometimes, though be loved another, but I have so great an Antipathy for Elvira, that I cannot lusier the Passion be has for her; he mait rensunce it, or never see me more. I'le rather from this prefent deprive my fels of the pleasure of seeing him, without asking him any thing, continued the; and likewije C 842

the facrifice that I pretend from him would oblige me to too much acknowledgment. Ah! what would my Father fay, if I fhould engage my felf without his Confent: Alas! perhaps he has already difcovered my trouble, and perhaps he attributes to Jealoufie the diforder I have made appear. This fear for fome time fulpended the violence of her Motions, and made her at length take the refolution of concealing her grief from the Eyes even of those who caused it.

The Dukc d'Avero rely'd much upon the merit of his Daughter, and hoped to fee her one day Queen of Portugal. She likewife conceived great hopes of her Charms; and both in concert, without imparting to one another their Defigns, laid Ambushes for the liberty of a Prince, who came and cast himself into Chains. Don sebastian diffinguished Elvira from all those that endeavoured to please please him : He paid her a thoufand little passionate addresses that are never offer'd but to one Person, and are the forerunners of the tenderest Passion. Elvira's heart was too fensible, and her Soul too ambitious not to be touched at the distinctions and the eagernesses of a Prince, so gallant, so well made, and fo lovely as Don Sebastian; but how prone foever he was for Love, his domineering Paffion was Glory : He impatient: ly fuffered the prudent Zeal of Cardinal Henry, who opposed the boyling ardour with which he fought out dangers ; he often stole from the vigilance of his Guards, and quitted the company of Ladies and tender Conversations, to go encounter the most Savage Beasts in the midst of the Forest. He passionately loved Hunting, the more dangerous it was the more Charming it feemed to him. And as Queen Katherine and Cardinal Hen-C 2. rv

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ry did with all their power mollifie the violence of that Exercife. and the ardour which he gave himfelf up to it, they got the Ladies of the Court to be often of the Parties, and endeavoured to make a Diversion of so rude and so dangerous an amusement. He was one day at Queen Katherine's, and proposed a Match to go hunt Lions the next day. The Queen, whom this Proposition had caused to tremble, and who knew very well that directly to oppose this Princes Defigns, would but fo much the more irritate his defires, cunningly made use of the Power she faw Elvira had over the King, and told him gently; The only name of Lions has made Elvira tremble, my Son, and I believe if you bunt them to morrow, you will haveibut few Ladies in your train : I love hunting passionately, answered Elvira, having penetrated into the Queens Defign; but the truth

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truth is, this Chace seems to me too terrible, and there are much gentler, wherein I made the greatest delights of my solitude consist. Well then, we will run a Stag to morrow, answered the King hastily, the Ladies shall be of the party, and you will be there Madam, purfued he, looking tenderly on Elvira? The Queen had a great deal of joy, the had made her Son change his design: Elvira was much pleased the had ferved the Queens intentions, and she had received this mark of Complaifance from Don Sehastian. The Dutchels of Dru. ganza, who was prefent at this Conversation, could not see, without blufhing for spight, this flight proof of the Kings tenderness for another than her felf; and every one retired some moments after to give Orders for all that was necessary for that Match.

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The King fent one to tell the Duke d'Avero the next day, that as Elvira had not perhaps had time to prepare her Hunting Clotths, he prayed him to give her those he sent her; which was a Justicore covered with Spanish Point of Gold and Silver; the Flowers of which were railed to the life with Jewels of feveral Colours; a Riding Petticoate of the fame Fashion, and a Cap loaded with a number of long and very beautiful Blew Feathers: The Duke accepted this Present for his Daughter with a great deal of respect, and went immediately to Elvira's Appartment, where having found her still in Bed, he told her, after having caused all her Women to retire: My Daughter, I bring you a Hunting Habit, which the King has Commanded me to give you. This Present and Message delivered by a Father, could not but cause much trouble in her, who received

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received them. Elvira appeared at it amazed and confused, and not knowing how to answer the Duke, she told him with a trembling voice: I am very much furprized my Lord, at the Present the King makes me, and still more, that you your felf would take the care to offer it me. It would however have more perplexed me, had it been pre-Sented me by any other, continued she, and as I have neither Rank nor Merit that can draw the Cares of this King____No my Daughter, interrupted the Duke, I know, Don Sebastian distinguishes you from all those that are at Court : Tou are young, he is sensible, and nothing surprifes me of all that I have seen from him in your favour; it might alarum a more severe Virtue than mine, but I think I know you, and I know the Court. All I desire of you at present, continued he, is, that you would without repugnance and distimulation discover to me, all that C 4 Shall

Shall pass of most importance, in the Commerce Don Sbastian would engage you in. Tou have no longer a Mother, my Daughter, pursued he, with an affectionate and mourning accent, perhaps being both of the Same Sex, you would have been more bold and easie to have discovered to her what you thought upon this Subject, and her Prudence would without doubt have aided you, to conduct your Jelf in an Affair of this importance. Ton have given tears enough to her death, feeing fhe began to weep, you must at present reunite in me alone, all the confidence and tenderness you had both for her and me, and you must speak to me with the same frankness, you would have done to her, to the end, my Counsels may supply the want of her, and we may take just mea-Jures in all that concerns you. My Lord, answered Elvira, penetrated with grief and confusion, I bave for you, as much fincerity and respect as I ever had for my Mother, whom

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I cannot too much lament: But I dare assure you, without being wanting in what I owe you, that as Don Sebaltian has never acquainted me, he had an inclination for me, I have never yet confulted my felf in what concerns him. I do not ask you what passes in your heart, (faid the Duke) I could not prescribe you other Rules than those your Duty distates to you; you know them all, and I am perfuaded you will ever follow them: My Honour, your Reputation, the Memory of your Mother, and your own Advantage have too much power over your Spirit, to let your Jelf be seduced by a Passion that is contrary to them. I will only know from you, continued lie, if you have not any aversion for the King, and if you find in your self ambition enough to destre to become one day Queen of Portugal. This defign I know is Jomething rafh, and it would be even extravagance to let it appear in the Eyes of all the World, but the en-C 5 deavouring

deavouring it cannot be dangerous: and provided you have but greatness of Soul enough to form the Project, and pursue it with Care and Caution, I do not despair of success. My Lord, answered Elvira, whom these last Words had animated with hopes, if I must speak to you with all the Confidence you delire of me, I confess to you, that the Courtship of a King Jo well formed, So young, and so gallant as ours is, cannot displease a Person, who is not prepossessed, and that not being forestalled with any Sentiment to his difadvantage, the Crown of Portugal would seem full of Charms to me, if I faw the least likelyhood of pretending to it. Ah! my Daughter, reply'd the Duke with joy in embracing her, thefe are the sentiments I would have in-Jpired you withal: Pursue this great Work with all the Conduct, and all the Perseverance you are capable of: but fill all your beart with that Noble Ambition, for fear Some other Pallion

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Paffion fhould feize it, and not leave you all the freedom, that is neceffary for this Project. He gave her feveral other Counfels for her Carriage: Elvira promifed him to regulate it always according to his wifhes, after which the Duke wënt out of her Chamber, and left her to think at liberty of all fhe had been newly acquainted with, and of the Dreffes that were neceffary for her in the Hunting-Match, of which fhe might apparently receive all the Honours.

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The hour for Hunting being come, every one went to the Rendezvouz: The most part of the Ladies were dressed like Amazons, and mounted upon very fine Horses: But Elvira appeared Beautiful in her Dress, the King hardly knew again the Habit lie had sent her, fo much lustre it had upon her; her Hair was ty'd back in great Buckles round her Cap; and this Dress gave her a lively and

and penetrating Air, which she had not ordinarily. Don Sebastian faid to her a thousand fine things upon her Beauty, and she Complimented him upon his Present. All the Ladies had their Knights near them; and there was only Leonora, who ever avoided the Duke de Barcellos; and this Troop dividing it felf into Couples without being too particular, furnished the Lovers with favourable Occafions of speaking to them of their Passion. Elvira, Riding better than any of her Sex, outwent them all, and was almost ever up with the Dogs; the King, being Charmed with her Grace and her Address, ever accompanied her, and being come with her far enough from the reft, to a Pond, which the Stag they Hunted leapt into. Tour Presence has brought this Stag to the last gasp, Madam, faid he to her, there is no Liberty but what yields to you; I bave

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have not been able to defend mine a gainst you, purfued he tenderly. and I shall not regret it, if I can but hope to please you. How bold soever Don Sebastian naturally was, he could not pronounce these words with his usual refolution, he felt that inftant fuch fear as a whole Army would not have been capable of giving him; and Elvira, who had expected fuch a kind of Declaration, did not fail to affect the surprize and bashfulness, that such an avowal might cause in a Person less witty and less prepared than her felf. . Tour Highness (for thus are the Kings of that Nation stiled) said she to him then blufhing, will never lofe bis Liberty, without costing the Parties repose, who shall ravish it. from him-But Sir, faid the ftopping her felf, wholly confused, I was a going to answer seriously to a thing you only told me in raillery; and my innocence is so great, that your

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your Discourses have almost made me forget that you are a great Monarch, and I am your Subject. No, Madam, answered Don Sebastian, with all the transport the heat of his Temper and Passion was capable of, I love you, I adore you, my Eyes have told it you; my Sighs have affured it you; my assiduities shall confirm it: I know not whether I am King or Subject when with you; and you alone can render me happy. Wherefore tell me in the Name of Heaven, pursu'd he, what I ought to hope or fear, and do not make me languish in uncertainty. Elvira doubtful and confused, had, during this Discourse, her Eyes upon the ground, her Carriage uncertain, and her Countenance languishing; and as she was fometime without answering, the King prepared himfelf to tell her still fomething more preffing, when the Dutchels of Braganza taking notice of this Conversation, fpitefully run to them, and could not

not forbear interrupting them, notwithftanding all the measures she had refolved to keep in regard of those Lovers: *Elvira* ran maliciously to her; but however made *Don Sebastian* see in her Eyes, in quitting him, a languishing sweetness, that, without explaining too much, gave him great hopes.

After the Troop was come to the death of the Stag, they return'd to Lisbon, where Cardinal Henry came to shew the king Letters that he had newly received from Spain in the Packet of Souza, by which Philip let him know, that Mulei Moluc, Brother of the lately deceased King of Morocco, was come into Spain to demand Succours of him, which he had not thought fit to grant him; neither did he think, that Don Sebastian ought to grant it him, because the Pretentions of Moluc were too opposite to the Laws of the Europeans, and it would be but to perplex themselves in a War, that

that could not be advantageous on their fide, Moluc having neither Troops nor Money to Execute fo great an Enterprife. But the King, impatiently longing to fignalize himfelf, and having his Mind only filled with Wars and Conquests, told the Cardinal his Uncle, That the Succours he should give to Moluc, might be advantageous to the Crown of Portugal; that the Moors would destroy themselves in that War; that in Succouring that Prince, they might weaken the strongest without strength. ening the weakest: And at length in those Quarrels, he should not fail to gain some Cities or Places, which they might joyn to those that Portugal already had in Africa. The Cardinal, who faw with delight the Warlike Ardour of this young King, but could have wish'd to have fomething moderated its excefs, answered him : Before you determine your self for this War, Sir, it is convenient you be perfectly well - acquainted

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acquainted with the Subject of the Quarrel betwixt those two Kings: And for the Explaining to you their different Pretentions, I mult be a little more particular in their History, and tell you things that no occafion has yet been offered to discover to you.

The Kingdoms of Fez, Morocco, and Turedant, (pursued he, feeing the King gave Ear attentively to him) have ever been governed by two different Kings, till Mulei Mahumet-Cherif possessing, together with his Brother Mulci Hamet, those divided Kingdoms, endeavoured to reunite them under his Power: Theje two Kings then made a Law, by which they ordered, that Brother Should succeed Brother, and Should thus Reign after one another, to the exclusion of the deccased Kings Children. Some time after, one of Manumets Sons called Abdala, Jeeing. this Law opposed his Ambition, cau-Jed Jeveral of his Brothers and Nephews phews to be killed and strangled, under divers pretexts of interest of. State; at last he succeeded his Father, and had the most happy and peaceable Reign that the Cherifs had ever enjoy'd.

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Though Abdala had Policy and Cruelty enough, to commit all the Crimes that should seem advantageous to him, he did not cause all his Brothers Throats to be cut at his coming to the Throne; he let three of those unfortunate persons live, who by reason they were very young, did not appear to him formidable enough for him to take care to dispatch them. These weak Children feared his Fury, as Joon as they were capable of reason. Two of them took Refuge with the Grand Seignior, to avoid the death that threatned them; and the third fled to the Arabians, where he died Jome years after. Abdala having Reigned peaceably the space of seventeen years, and finding himself decaying, delivered his Kingdom into the Hands

Hands of his Eldest Son, called Mahumet, and caused him to be Proclaimed King through all his Territories, notwithstanding the Law of the Cherifs, which was contrary to that Election. Abdala died in a little time after, and left a Daughter very young, called Almeida, whom he caused to be brought up in Spain, and whose blooming Beauty began to make great noise in that Court, when She departed from it to retire to her Brother Mahumet: But as this new King feared at his coming to the Crown, that those two Uncles, who had took Refuge in Turky, for the avoiding his Fathers fury, would come, grounded upon the Laws of their Ancestors, and dispute the Kingdom with him: He Sent a Moor to Trumisena, to Assafinate the eldest, who was retired thither. It is but two years fince this Afafination was committed, with all the Rage and Success that Mahumet had wished, and only one that re-•mains

(44) mains at present of those three Creatures, is this Mulei Moluc, whom the King of Spain makes mention of to us in these Letters : He has given marks of a great Valour among st the Ottomans, where he had taken Refuge. He has Signalized himself against the League which the Christians lately made, to fight the Turks: He has done a thousand Actions worthy of an Eternal Memory, in the late engagement of those two Fleets, and when Charles the V. took Golette, he was almost the only one, who resisted him with vigour; but judging himself too near Mahumet in that Country, where he had not any Troops, and fearing such a treachery, as that which had deprived his last Brother of his life, he left Algiers, where he then refided, to come into Spain, and implore the Succours of Philip, imagining, though a Wanderer and a Vagabond, without Forces, and without Money, he could by his Vallour alone recover the Kingdomes, belonging

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belonging to him by their Laws, and Conquer Mahumet his Nephew, who is settled upon the Throne, beloved by his Subjects, fortified in his Cities, and maintained by a powerful Army. Thus, purfued Cardinal Henry, your Highnels fees clearly, how King Philip had reason to resuse Succour to Moluc, and how to Second his Defign's would be to maintain a Law, contrary to ours, and to declare against him, who is Naturally Heir of the Crown. These and fuch other like reasons. disfuaded Don Sebastian from aiding Moluc: He judged after some Reflexion, that this African would not come to demand Succours in Portugal, atter having been refused by the King of Spain, being acquainted with the ftrictEngagements of those two Kings. These Politick Confiderations did not fo take up the Kings Mind, but that he bestowed some thoughts upon his Love. If the Declaration he had made of

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it, gave some ease to the violence of his Passion, the vexation of not having been able to get from Elvira any favourable Answer, made him pass very troublesome Moments: He sometimes Figured to himself, that he could never be beloved by her : The Langui shing and the Tenderness which Elvira made appear to him in her Eyes when the left him, could not reaffure him against this fear; but he was not long in his Sufpicions and he had all manner of reafor to believe in the Conversations he had afterwards with Elvira, that fhe had no aversion for him. She even assured him in several Ren counters that she could suffer that Passion with joy, provided in might fute with her Duty, and told him all these things with al the sweetness and complaisance that though the cunningly refer red her felf to her Father, as to al the sentiments of her heart, the Kin

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King conceived hopes that he thould be beloved, and even fometimes flattered himfelf with having fome part in her tendernefs, their Commerce became at length fo great and fo manifest, that the Dutcliefs of Braganza, feeing fhe could not break it, feigned to fecond it, and fancied, that introducing her felf to those two Lovers, by the Title of a Confident, fhe might on fome occasions of falling out, or inconflancy, recover her favour with the King, rather than by the Jealoufie the might make appear. She quitted the Defign the had taken of Engaging her Son in an Intreague with Elvira, rightly judging, that in the poflure things were, this enterprife would be more difadvantageous than profitable to her Projects. And the young Duke having never had any inclination but for Leono. ra, and feeing himfelf treated with more rigour than usnally, without having

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having yet penetrated into the Caufe of it, endeavoured to clear this point with her. He faw her all alone; Vexation did in her, what all his Tendernefs had not been able yet to do, and Jealoufie made known to the Duke the love fhe had for him. He first complained of her, and then comforted her with a great deal of affection for all that unlucky juncture had made her fuffer, and gave her a thousand affurances of fidelity against her fuspicions.

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All these Lovers enjoy'd, with Tranquility enough, during some time, the pleasures of their inclinations. But how accomplished soever Don Sebastian was, he was not born to be happy, and the most civil Man of the Court was the innocent cause of these first missortunes. The Count de Souza having worthily acquitted himself of his Embassy, abandoned the Court of Spain, loaded with Glory and Presents. (49)

Prefents. The News of his fpecdy return was immediately spread about Lisbon. As he had a great deal of Merit, and a great many Friends, he was only heard fpoken of in all Companies; and the Converfations were almost all compofed of his Praises. Elvira heard his fine Qualities cry'd up in feveral Places: She had never feen him, and conceived a great defire to know him. Don Lewis had a very fine Country-House, two Leagues from Lisbon, and near unto a Lordship that belonged to Souza, whither he often carried. Violanta and her Friends. Elvira was one of her most intimate acquaintance : and Don Lewis Treating them there one day, after the Ball was begun, four Perfons were feen to enter disguised like Slaves, who drew the Eyes of all the Affembly, by the Magnificence of their habit. But one among 'em charmed all People by his Air and D his

his manners; they took him at first for Don Henry, because Eugewia having never had any great kindness for Violanta, they were not of that Affembly, and could only come in Masquerade; but they afterwards observ'd, that Don Henry was much fatter, and of a lefs advantageous shape than this Slave. He at first placed himself at Elvira's Feet, and told her with the best Grace imaginable, that he came from the farthest part of Africa, to have the honour of wearing her Chains: She answered him very Obligingly. And by. the difcourse she had with him, fhe cafily observed, that this Slave had as much Wit as he had a good Meen. Violanta took him out to dance, and he acquitted himfelf in the most feemly and pleasing way that can be fancied. He took out Elvira, who danced better with him than she had done before. None knew him, and they all impatiently

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(51) patiently longed to fee his Malque off. At length Elvira fo earnestly begged it of him, that he was constrained to retire apart, and shew her his Face. She was much furpriz'd, fic did not know him, but much more at his Lustre. Ab! fince I do not know you, said she to him, (being somewhat recovered out of her aftonishment) and you are so well formed, you must be the Count de Souza? I beg you would not name me, Madam, faid he to her; I am unwilling to be known; I had a defire to pals this night at my Country-House, and have not been. yet at Court. Elvira promifed fhe would not difcover him, and kepther Word. As no body knew, that the Count de Souza was Arrived at his House, none of them suspected any thing of the truth. He made his Court to her during the Ball, as to the Mistress of his King; whole favour he ought to manage. She hearkned to him D 2 with

with a delight that caufed an emotion in her, and found a fecret Charm in his Words and Actions. The Ball being ended, *Elvira* returned to *Lisbon* with a numerous Train of Coaches, and *Souza* came feveral times into her mind in the Night, under the most agreeable *Idea* that can ever be formed of an accomplish'd Man.

He appeared the next day at Court, and went to give an account of his Commillion to the King, who was with Elvira. She could not forbear blushing at the fight of him; she found him yet more charming than he had appeared to her; but fhe fo well knew how to conceal her Blushes and Emotions, that no body perceived 'em. They discoursed of the Court of Spain; the Count de Souza, of whom they asked the News of it, Said, that Don. John, Natural Son to Charles the V. was lately Arrived there, and appeared in great Splendour;

(53) Splendour; that he was a Prince equally understanding in War and in Policy; that he had fhewn him a great deal of kindness, and had a particular Esteem of his Merit: That King Philip, who had been three times a Widdower, was going to Marry Ann of Auftria his Niece, and Sifter of Maximilian II. and that Katherine Michela, Daughter to Philip and the late Deccafed Queen, was one of the most Beautiful Perfons of Europe. He was going to tell feveral other particulars more of that Court; but Don Henry, entring in that moment. cauled him fo much trouble, that he could not continue his Difcourfe : He received his kindneffes with the greatest Civility, having refolved to avoid as much as he could the meeting with his Miftrefs and his Rival; and being afraid, that Eugenia would suddenly conie to fee Elvira, he took leave of the King, and retired to his Da

his Houfe, where he employ'd all the Efforts of his Reafon to ftifle a Paffion, that he perceived was ready to revive, notwithstanding all the Cares he had taken to extinguish it.

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In the mean while Elvira no longer gave her thoughts up to Greatnels, and was not fo much dazled with the Crown of Don Sebastian, but that the confidered of the merit of the Count de Souza with much admiration. Her Heart engaged it felf by degrees in feeing him; and Love evermore usurping fomewhat upon Ambition; fhe begun to have more defire to pleafe the Count, than care to engage the King. She faw Sonza every day, and always discovered in him. fome new Quality, capable of pleafing: She found that he did the most indifferent thing, with a most particular Charm. Not any Man about the Court appeared to her fo well Made, fo Active, or fo Witty

Witty as he; the greatest Divertifements tired her, when he was not there; and the inclination fhe was sensible of at first for him, in a short time, augmented after such a manner, that it became at length a most violent Passion. It is true, that the Affiduities and Complaifances, which this Count rendred her, contributed very much to the Violence of her Love. As he no longer made Visits to Eugenia, and had refolved to apply himfelf en. tirely to the cares of his Fortune, Elvira had with joy observed, that fhe was the Person of all the Court, whom he oftenest Visited; she took for amorous Addresses, the Devoirs he rendred her as the Mistrefs of his King, and fo ardently defired to be beloved by him, that the cafily imagined he had a love for her.

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There appeared so much affectation in the Complaisances she had for *Den Sebastian*, and she answe-D 4 red

red his tender refpects with fo great a Constraint, that the King quickly perceived he was not beloved; and as he loved with all the fervency that a first Passion can be capable of, these coldnesses did very sensibly aggrieve him. Sometimes he openly complained; and walking one day with her, and those that were the Companions of his Pleafures, in the Gardens of Don Lewis: After having proposed to her several forts of Divertifements, none of which she would accept of, he reproached her for the indifference the feemed to be in to Pleasures. She defended her felf, and told him, there were a thousand Recreations capable of diverting her: They are those then that I have no part in, faid the King to her, and I do not believe, that of a long time any of those has pleased you, which I have proposed ? Elvira could not hold from blufhing at these Words, and Violanta, who loved her tenderly, perceiving

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perceiving her diforder, and the King's vexation, told him, for to make up the bulinefs: Ah! Sir, it is impossible to be more gay than Elvira was at the Ball, you gave two days ago: (And in truth the was in a very good humour in that Affembly; because the King had Commanded Souza to do the Honours of it) I must confess, faid Leonora, that Elvira found the Ball very Charming : I remember that at a Regal, which Don Lewis gave to the Ladies, sometime since, she appeared the merriest of the Company; I remember too, faid. Don Lewis, and I believe the four Moors, who came to be her Slaves, had put her into that humour .- These last Words put Elvira fo out of Countenance, that the would never have been able to have concealed her trouble, if she had not luckily made a fumble, which gave a pretext to this diforder. The King after having lent her his Hand to hold her up, D 5 enquired

enquired very carneftly who those Moors were; the Count de Souza Arrived when the King asked this Question. He himself was struck dumb, and the fight of him redou bled Elvira's diforder, they were both of them in an equal pain; though they had different Sentiments; and this trouble would without doubt have discovered Elvira's fecret Paffion, if Cardinal Henry, whom Don Schaftian Still confidered as his Tutour, had not arrived at that inflant, and broke off that Conversation by his prefence. The King going to Supper presently after, the Ladies retired; and as Souza had perceived he was the cause of Elvira's trouble, he very prudently avoided any particular Conversation with her, and pretended he was obliged to be at the Kings Supper, that he might be dispensed from leading Elvira as he was used to do. But what Address and Care foever he employ'd to avoid

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avoid the affurance of a thing, which his Zeal and Modesty ever refused, it was impossible for him to be long in fuspence of what he feared. Elvira loved him with too much Paffion, to be able to constrain her self: When she ever talked with him, the was ftrangely difordered; she was even sometimes fo bold, as to let him know how much the Kings Cares and . Complaifances fatigued her, and what a torture it was to her, that the could not follow her inclinations with an entire Liberty; she began feveral times to talk to him of the diforder the Moors Converfation put her in; the Count came always off from these perplexities with a great deal of Prudence and Civility; but at length Elvira fan. cying to her felf, that he had fome affection for her and that respect hindred him from telling it, she believed it was her part to encourage him. She refolved one day in the the violence of her Paffion, to declare to him openly, what fhe was fenfible of; but the occafion could not eafily be found, becaufe the Count carefully avoided her, and faw her but at the Kings, whither he could not difpenfe himfelf from going.

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A light indifposition had detained this Prince in Bed that day, Elvira was to fee him, the Dorekeepers told her, he was afleep; whereupon she stepped into the Antichamber, and perceived near the Window.Count Souza, in all likelyhood expecting Don Setaftian's. waking, and feemed to be profoundly penfive : She approached him trembling, and as they were far enough off from those, who were prefent, as not to be underflood : May I ask you, what you think of at prefent, Count, faid fhe to him all amazed ? Souza being furpriz'd at her prefence, would have retired alter fome Civilities: No, no, stay, faid

fhe

the to him, stopping him, I will Discourse you about something concerns you; I participate too much in all that touches you, to leave you in the trouble I have seen you in for some time : Do you love, are you ambitious? continued the, my Credit may equally serve you in those two things, and I offer it you all entire, if you will tell me, what it is that makes you fad. The Count de Souza was much out of Countenance to hear this Discourse, and told her, after having thanked her for her Civilities, that he had no other ambition, than that of maintaining himfelf at Court, in the rank his Birth had placed him: Iou are then in Love, reply'd fhe immediately, with an extream disorder. I affure you, Madam, interrupted Souza gently, I Love only my King. A little affection is not incompatible with a great deal of Zeal, reply'd Elvira tenderly. A Heart all entire is not too much for so great a Prince, anfwered

fwered he firmly, we owe him all our thoughts; and I make it my businefs, and am proud of Confecrating to bim even the very least of my Actions. This Discourse fo discouraged Elvira, and put her fo out of Countenance, that the could no longer bear the looks of Souza, nor replyed any thing to him, and she knew not whether she had best quit him. or flay with him, when the Doorkeepers came and told her, that the King was awake, and that they might fee him: They went both into his Chamber, the Court grew full in a little time, and Souza retired prefently after, more troubled at what he had newly heard, than he had been in all his life time.

The Duke d'Avero obferving all his Daughters Actions, and feeing the fequel did not anfwer the happy beginning, fulpected, that fome ftronger Paffion triumphed over Elvira's Ambition. She had talked to him fo often, and with fo much admiration admiration of Souza, and this Count appeared to him to proper to infpire love, that he Examined them both with Care; he faw, Elvirablusht, and was ever troubled at the fight of him. "He no longer doubted, but he was the caule of this change, and refolved to'remedy it without feeming to be the least concerned. The Count de Souza was of a Rank, Merit, and Condust, not to be eafily ruined at Court: Wherefore the Duke employ'd his Gares and his Credit to remove him after another manner. An 'Ambassadour' was to be fent to Pope Pius the V, who was newly railed to the Pontificate by the Cares and Solicitations of the Great Boromeus, and Cardinal Farnese. The Duke d'Avero took fuch 'a course, as that the King cast his Eyes upon the Count de Souza for that Embasy: But so soon as Elvira had learnt this News, the difpleasure of ceasing to see what the could

could not forbear loving, made fuch an impression upon her Mind, that she went with all haste to the King, pretending to be ignorant of what he had refolved, to pray him with earnestness to give that Commillion to Don Alvaro Castro, whom all the Court knew to be one of her Creatures; and the King having told her, he had granted that Employ to the Count d'Souza at the Duke de Avero's desire, the fear she was in that her Father had difcovered her Passion, and for that reafon was defirous to remove him from Court, made her fo dumb and out of Countenance, that the almost suffered all which passed in her Heart to be read in her Eyes; but after being come somewhat to her felf again, the fpoke with fo tender and preffing an Air to Don Sebastian, that not being able to refuse her any thing, he told the Count de Souza in the Evening, who came to thank him, that his Council

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cil had judged it more convenient to give that Commission to Don Alvaro Castro, who had already one of the fame Nature, and was perfectly well instructed in the feveral Interests of the Court of Rome. This Change furprized all the Court: They fought for the reason of it, and it was found, that Elvira's Credit was the caufe. Her Father did not doubt of her Paffion: He make her a thousand reproaches, which did no good at all. Alvaro Castro departed, after having thanked her for a favour, he was not indebted to her goodnefs for; and the Count de Souza knew with an extream grief, that 'twas as great a misfortune to him to be beloved by the perfon he did not love, as tobe hated by her he loved.

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The King daily perceiving more and more indifference in *Elvira*, was fo mortally grieved at it, that it rendred him the most unhappy of all Men, though he seemed the most

most happy. And that which still augmented his trouble was, that at that time arose one called Peter Bertrand, the Eldest Son of the Illustrious. Montluc, not being willing to fleep his Hands in the Blood of Frenchmen, notto be on either fide in the Civil Wars and Herefies that fo Plagued all France ; fitted out a little Fleet, and Manned it with about Twelve hundred Men, or thereabouts : His youngest Son, and another younger Brother of the Family of Pompadour accompanied him in this Voyage, and being come upon the Coasts of Madera, they would have Landed to have taken in fresh Water; but the Portugals, who were Masters of that Island, Fired their Canon upon them, and Sallied out against Bertrand. He immedietely fet Eight hundred of his Men on Shore, Cut the Portugals to pieces, Sack'd the City that bears the Name of the Island, and died a little after, of a Wound

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wound he received in that Fight.' Don Sebastian could not hear this News without a great deal of vexation, he caused satisfaction to be demanded of Charles the IX, and acculed Bertrand and his Companions of being Pyrates and Infractours of the Treaties. France having then Intestine Enemics enough, without aeeding to draw upon it others, was willing to Sacrifice to the King of Portugal's anger, all those who had followed Bertrand in that Voyage; but the reputation of Montluc, and the Power of the Admiral, who ever maintained the Glory of the French Nation, fenced off this blow, by his Subtilty. The Count de Sanzay was sent to Don Sebastian to justifie the French-men, and Queen Margarite, who was ever contriving Great Defigns, took that occation to attempt a Match between Don Sebastian, and the Sister of Charles the IX, to the intent this Alliance might the more closely unite France

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France and Portugal, and might augment the Rights, that the French pretend to have upon that Crown. The Count de Sanzay departed with fecret Instructions for that Marriage. He justified Bertrand and his Companions; and knowing that pleasures are often very good means to fucceed in' Affairs, he was at all the Divertisements of the Court, to the intent he might the more eafily bring to pass his fecret Negotiation. He was young and well made, which was fufficient to get into the favour of the Portugal Ladies. His Discourses and his Manners had a certain agreeableness, that had the Art of Charming even in the best of things; that free and easie Air that makes Gentlemen be diftinguished from' others, was more Natural to him than to any Man besides; he was of that fort of gallant humour, which ever engages it felf in Love, but is ever for all manner of Divertisements : But his

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his Wit was yet more Solid than Gallant, and he oftentimes made thole Trifles be useful to the greatest Affairs. Leonora feem'd to him worthy of his Cares, and fit for fome little Engagements; fhe had an Air of Sweetness and Sincerity, which made one not afraid of those Artifices in her, which her Sex commonly makes use of : The Count de Sanzay entertained her with a thousand Gallantries. He gave her Treats and Diversions neatly contrived; he fpoke to her of Love upon all occasions, but he fpoke after such a manner, that one could not take ferioufly enough fo as to be dilpleased, and however appeared fo fincere, that Credit might be given to it, defigning to give high Ideas of the Court of France for the facilitating the Marriage which he negotiated: All that he did for Leonora was fo mag-. nificent, that the Duke of Barcellos's affection was alarm'd, and he

he was fometimes very uneafie. He immediately found that Elvira had great Power over the King; he endeavoured to make her his Friend, and though he judged, that the Ambition of the Duke d'Avero, and the tender Commerce of his Daughter, with Don Sebasti. an, would bring great Obstacles to his Negotiation, he perfuaded himfelf that they would foon penetrate into his Defigns, and that before they could know them, he might have perhaps brought them to pass. He fancied he might draw great light from her for the carrying on his Projects: He forgot none of all those little Cares, that might procure him fome part in her Friendship. She could not refuse it him, she took delight in feeing him, the fpoke to him with Confidence, she often enquired of him News of his Amour; he did not excuse himself from telling her, hoping that the Confidence he put

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in her, would obtain the like, and others from her, that might be ufeful to his enterprize; but perfons of Wit are too referv'd in that matter; she would sooner have acquainted him with the most fecret Affairs of State, than the least motion of her Heart, and all that the Counts penetration could discover in that Intreague, was, that Elvira had no great inclination for the King, but that he had a violent Passion for her. He spoke immediately of this Marriage unto Queen Katharine, because he faw her well intentioned enough for France, she assured him, she would endeavour it with all her Power: But as fhe no longer concerned her felf hardly at all with Affairs of State, fhe was no great help to him. He likewife managed Cardinal Henry with great Care: He perceived, that this Prelate did not approve of the Paffion which Don Sebastian had for Elvira, and that

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it was not his meaning to Contract a New Alliance with the Spaniards. He fpoke to him very flightly of that which Portugal might make with France: But whether this Cardinal was not willing to procure Heirs to the Grown, that devolved upon him after Don Sebastian's Death, or not any of those Matches did please him, he found difficulties every where, and the Count de Sanzay did not think fit to Discourse him any more about it.

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He turned all his Defigns upon the King : He praifed upon all occafions, the Wit and Beauty of the Ladies of *France*; he fhewed him all the advantages he might have by making an Alliance with that Crown. He likewife cunningly let him fee the Picture of the Princefs *Marguerite*, and often deferibed her to him in all the extent of her Charms. But of what effect are all endeavours against a prepoffest Heart, it was in vain he laid in view all the reafons of Policy, and Charms of Beauty; Don Sebaftian had only Eyes for Elvira, though fhe rendred him the most unhappy ofall Men.

The Dutchess of Braganza, whose Jealousie did continually make fome discovery of her Rivals inclinations, and being also one of Sanzay's Friends, was the first who made him observe, that Elvira had a kindness for Souza. This Dutchefs fearing, that all fhe could fay to the King upon this Subject would be fuspected, cunningly fet on Foot a report amidst the Secret News of the Court, that Elvira had a greater Passion for another than for the King. But as Souza faw Elvira less than any other, the King did not suspect he had any part in that Intrigue, and was not able to discover his Rival. Chance at length acquainted him with what not any one about Court durst have told him, and what E Was

was suspected but by very few People. Elvira was coming one day to the Queen's, as the Count de Souza was going out; and as he always endeavoured to avoid meeting her, bowing, he would have passed by hastily; but she stopped him, and faid to him: Methinks Count, you take a great deal of Care to shun me, and I sheould have been glad, you would have told me, what reason you have to do fo. The Count, perplexed at this Discourse, answered her with a great deal of respect: Since I have merited your hatred, and you have judged me unworthy of ferving my King, in the Commission he had given me, I ought to hide my self from all the World. Is that hating you, Count, replyed she tenderly, not to be willing you should go from us? The King came at these Words, and they were all three fo discomposed, that it was impossible for any one of them to fpeak fo much as one Word: Don Sebastian.

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entred the Queens Appartment, where his disquiet did not permit him to ftay long. Elvira did not make her Visit. The Count retired to his House. And the King, who had only heard the last Words of that Conversation, impatient to Explain himself with Elvira, and all on a Fire to make her a thoufand Reproaches, went to her House in such a rage as threatned the ruin of Sonza. But the King's anger could not last against the feeble Reasons of Elvira; she perfuaded him, that in the coldeft indifference, she could do no less than answer the Count to appeale his trouble; and fhe gave fo innocent a Colour to that Conversation, that the King went from her with very little sufpicion, and a woundrous deal of Love.

The Kings Choller being appeafed, all the Lovers of that Court enjoy'd for fome time a very delicious Peace. *Elvira* took care E 2 not

not to give any Jealousie to the King: Souza comported himself fo prudently, that no fuspicions could be conceived of his Behaviour. The Dutchess of Braganza seeing all her endeavours were in vain, renounced her Defign, and retired to the Duke her Husband. The Duke de Barcellos being cleared of all Jealousies by Leonora, was fure of her Affection, and no longer alarm'd at the Address of the Count de Sanzay, who did not apply himfelf very paffionately to that Conquest. Don Lewis and Violanta enjoy'd the sweetest pleasures of Love. Don Henry was full of joy to know he was beloved of Eugenia: And Souza's Reason was become fo much Master of his Love, that his presence gave not trouble at all to their Pleasures, and there was only the Duke d'Avero, who was still in disquiet and suspicions.

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As he had to no purpose endeavoured to remove Souza from Court, and his presence perpetually allarming him, he fancied, that the Count being Married, he fhould be exempt from all those fears,' and should deprive his Daughter of the hopes that entertained her love. He call his Eyes upor Eugenia for that Delign. Some light fuspicions that Don Sebastian made appear one day of Souza, gave an opportunity to the Duke, of propoling this Match to the King, which he did not fail to Colour with feveral Reasons of State. This Proposition was well received by theKing, he undertook it with a great deal of heat, and told Souza the next day, that fome important reasons had made him think of Marrying him to Eugenia; that he took upon himself, the care of making her Confent to that Match, and that he should prepare himself for it. A Thunderbolt could not have aftonished E3

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aftonished Souza more than this Discourse did: He made no other answer by a low Bow, and a prompt Retreat. The Count de Sanzay being then at the King's, and having heard the Order souza had newly received, made use of that occafion for the fully clearing his sufpicions. He went to Elvira's, and told her this News with fo much art, that fhe was not able to conceal either her trouble, or her weakness. The Count of Sanzay took advantage of her diforder, and pitied her with a great deal of kindness. Compassion is the furest way to infinuate ones felf into the favour of the unhappy; he preffed her with fo much addreis, and fo obligingly offered her his Service, for the preventing this Match, that she Ingenuously Confessed to him the Affection she had for Souza; he murmered against the Ambition of the Duke d'Avero; he extolled the Constancy of Elvira; and

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and in fine, when he took his leave; he promifed her to ufe his endeavours to deliver her out of this perplexity.

When Sonza was returned to his House, he felt a thousand different motions of Grief and Joy . He at first suffered himself to be lured with the hopes of possenting Engenia, which was the greatest of all happinesses to him; but making reflexion, that if he obtained her, it would be against her Will, he . found fomething fo culpable and fo base in those hopes, as he laid them by immediately. He fearch'd into the caule of that Proposition; he faw, that to Marry Eugenia would be to make himself her Tyrant; he forefaw, that the difobeying Don. Sebastian, would make all the Court believe he had fome Engagement with Elvira, and it would be to expose himself to all the sury and hatred, that a Jealous and Offended King can be capable of. But

But in short, the Count being ever a Compleat Wellbred-Man, chofe rather to be Unhappy than Criminal, and refolved to lofe rather the favour of his Prince, than to Tyrannize over his Mistrifs; he would however speak to her before all things. He went to her House the next day, where having found her alone, he asked her a moments Audience, without being interrupted, and told her with the most Submissive and Passionate Air Imaginable, I come to declare to you a secret, which I conceal from all the World : For above four years I have lov'd you, Madam, with the purest and most violent Paffion that ever was, I have in vain endeavoured to stifle this Flame; I went away from Lisbon; I depriv'd my self of seeing you; I used a thoufand Efforts every day; and all that I have been hitherto able to gain upon my felf, was, not to let any thing escape from this Passion that might displease

difplease you: No Madam, continued he respectfully, I could not yet have made a Confession of it to you if I were not constrained by the most pressing necessity that can be imagined. My Lord, reply'd Eugenia, very much surpriz'd at a Discourse whose end she did not foresee, if my Heart was not engag'd--- I know it, Interrupted Souza, Don Honry loves you, and you love him; by my fighs I never troubled a Commerce, that did not displease you; I have ever re-Spected your choice; I would die a thousand times rather than Traverse the Joys of, your Union. However, Madam, however, for reasons, I cannot tell you, the King would constrain you to Marry me. Ab Count! answered Eugenia all disordered, I cannot persuade my self, that the King would use violence upon any one. I do not believe, Madam, reply'd Souza, penetrated with grief, that you Juspett me capable of any Artifice, and what I am ready to do for you, well.

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well merits, that you had other sentiments: 'Tis the Kings Will, that we Marry one another: These Words set you a shivering, as they do me a trembling; not but that it would be the greatest happiness of my life, for I adore you. My Lord, interrupted Eugenia impatiently, these repetitions are useless, and I will believe all you would have me. Ah! Madam, reply'd Souza passionately, let me have at least the pleasure of telling you this time; I suffer so much, that I fancy it might very well be permitted me, and 'tis the only satisfaction I Jhall have in the misfortunes that are ready to oppress me. I vow to you, Madam, the Passion I have for you has not exacted the Order which the King has given me, more Powerful Motives have obliged him to re-Jolve of this Marriage, and our difobedience will draw upon us all his anger. And of what importance can this match be to the King, answered Eugenia? who begun to fuspect him guilty

(83) guilty of Artifice, No, Cruel Man, continued she in a Passion, tis you, who misuse the Royal Authority, for the dividing two Hearts whom you thought took pleasure in being united. How Bave I been deceived in the efferm I have had for you? How are fou changed? All your Friendship is only Artifice ; you have Seduced the King, and would feduce me: But this is not the securest course for you, and 'ly these means, you will draw upon your felf all my hatred. ' Eugenia spoke these Words with a great deal of Grief, and Anger, and accopanied them with fome Fears: What a Spectacle, and what a Discourse was this to poor Souza ? He was ready to renounce what he loved, to difobey the King, to be acculed of a Criminal Infidelity in regard of his Prince, to lofe his Reputation, his Fortune, and perhaps his Life, and all this in favour of a Rival and a Mistrils, who accused him of Imposture and Cruelty. He 11:25

was fo lively pierc'd with her reproaches and tears, that he could not forbear shedding some himself. And after having eyed Eugenia fome time, without being able to answer her. No, no, faid he to her, do not fear any thing from the King, nor my Artifices, Madam, I deferved a kinder Treatment, but you are refolved to compleat my misfortune, and deprive me of the pleasure of being pittied by you, which was the only one I durst aspire to. I do not pretend to force you from Don Henry; I never had even the least hopes you would change your sentiments in favour of me, and I would only have been a little more certain of my misfortune. Tes, Madam, continued he, with an extream Grief, I love you too much to make you unhappy : Our Marriage could not make you happy, wherefore I must Renounce it; and though this refusal perhaps will soft me my life, I would rather run to death, than lose your esteem, and looner

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sooner endeavonr your Happiness than my own Fortune: I do not defire you should come before the King, and joyn your disobedience to mine; I should be but a little better justified, and I shall expose my self alone to his Choller, as soon as you shall have have made me a litle more certain of your averfion. My Lord, anfwered Eugenia, in Confusion at what she had said, and what she had newly heard, so far from hating you, I have ever had a perfect friendship for you, I esteemed your Merit as soon as I knew you, but I was not acquainted with your Love before I was engaged, and I did not believe the Kings Orders would be fo fatal to us. Alas! they are only so to me, answered Souza, you will injoy in Peace what you love, and I am deprived of what I adore, and opprest with the hatred of my King, I Shall wait for death with impatience. Ah Count faid she to him in suspence, I would not have my happiness cost you so Dear,

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Dear, and if your Life be concerned, I will do all I can to fave you." 'Tis enough, Madam, said the Count to her, falling at her Feet, I am content, and I am going to think how to Satisfie you: No, my Lord; faid Eugenia stopping him, it is not just you should make me hap py by your unhappines; Duty and Friendship conspire against my Passion; I must obey, I must follow-your Example ; I have not fo much force, and so much firmness as you. But what Torments soever it may cost me, you may tell the King, that if your Life be concerned, 1 am ready to do all that is necessary to save you. " She could not speak these Words with. out an extream constraint and grief : The horrour she figured to her felf in loling Don Henry, put her into a Condition to have railed pity : And Souza, who faw all fort of grief painted in her Face, told her in reaffuring her, Madam, it is for me to conquer my felf, my love

love has ever been concealed in filence, and this feason is very improper to make it appear. Tou love Don Henry, he loves you; you have both conceived great hopes to enjoy your happinefs; you never loved me; I never had any hopes you would ; let me die, I shall be content provided the King believes me innocent, and you allow some Tears to my Missortunes. The Count went out having fpoken thefe Words, and did not wait for Eugenia's answer, who was in the Cruellst perplexity that ever was, admiring Sanza's Gnerofity, fearing the Kings Power, and infinitely concerned for her love. -?

Don Henry came to her Houfe, as the was still in these Reslexions, and asked her the reason of the fadness he faw in her Face. She made him a fincere recital of all the Count had newly faid to her; commending his Generosity and his Constancy: But as we ever fear to lose what we love, Don Henry could

could not affure himfelf of Souza's Refolution; he fancied there was never fuch an Honest Wellbred. Man, as could refift an ardent love. and fo favourable an occasion, he could not fuffer himfelf to be convinc'd by the ftrong reasons Eugenia brought to reassure his affection. He faid to her the most touching things imaginable upon his fears; he would have gone, and flung himfelf at the Kings Feet, and offered him his life inftead of his Mistrifs : But she let him know that it was to expose two Heads instead of one to the anger of Don Sebastian, and this Declaration would without doubt include him in the fame difgrace, there needed no more than this Declaration to stop Don Henry; they both agreed that they ought to content themselves with employing all the Friends they had at Court to ferve the Count de Souza, in the misfor-

tune that threatned him.

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Souza

Souza was to make his Court : the day following: The King did not fail to ask him, if he had executed those Orders: He answered with a profound respect, that he should be ever ready to obey his Highness; but he had acquired fo little Reputation, and had yet sofeebly ferved the State, that he could not refolve to Marry, and that fuch Engagements evermore took up the better part of the Cares, that are due to ones Prince. The King much displeased at this refusal, did no longer doubt, but he had an Intrigue with Elvira, and told him furiously, That a disobedient Subjest could not render him good Services, and bid appear no more in his presence. The Count went away opprest with forrow, and was no fooner at his Houle, than a Captain of the Guards came to Command him from the King to leave the Kingdom with the foonnest. He received this Order with all

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all the respect imaginable, and not reproaching himfelf with any Crime, nor imputing any thing to the King of his misfortune, and Sacrificing all to his love, he went out of the City fome moments after without murmering, and without going to any Friends Houfe for fear of being oblig'd to fee Elvira. The Count de Souza's Exile being spread a little time after through all the City, the best fort of People pitied him, and in the Grief that Elvira was in for his absence, she could not forbear having a fecret joy, being he had refused Eugenia, she fancied, (as it is ufual to flatter ones felf) that fhe might well be the Caufe of that refulal; and entertaing her felf with that thought, fhe refolved to employ all her Friends fecretly to solicite Souza's return, not daring to ask it her felf. This incident did help much to encourage the Confidence and Friendship she had for

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for the Count de Sanzay; she imagined, that in the offers of Services, and the promises he had made her, he contributed very much towards the hindring the Execution of this Match; she imparted to him all the Griefs that Souza's absence gave her; she even confessed to him one day, that the indifference the had before for the King was even changed into an averfion, fince this Exile. Sanzay laboured in Court with her, to cause Souza to be recalled : All the better fort of People at Court begged the fame of the King, but their Prayers were useles; Jealousie is not appealed like other troubles; and the King being ever inexorable. Elvira had coldneffes for him that they would have been capable of revenging Souza if he had known them, and if he had been a lefs good Subject.

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He was fome time deliberating into what Kingdom he fhould go into Banifhment, and for what Quarrel he fhould expose his Life.

The End of the First Part.

Don Sebaftian KING OF Portugal.

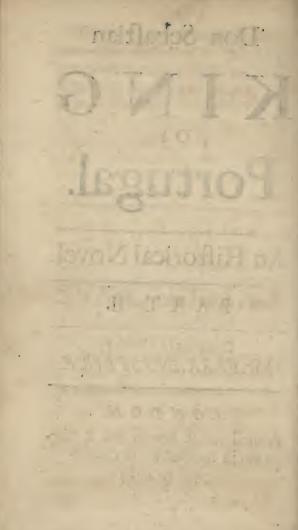
An Historical Novel.

PART II.

Done out of French by Mr. FERRAND SPENCE.

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Don Sebastian,

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PORTUGAL.

OF

Rance had at length, in a General Peace, lulled afleep the Rage and Fury of the Civil-Wars; all things were preparing in that Kingdom for the Marriage of Charles IX, with Elicabeth Daughter to the Emperour Maximilian II. Queen Margarite, who in the inteftine troubles of the most Cruel Wars, had ever carried along with her Divertifements and Pleasures; prepared to Celebrate

brate this Marriage by fuch Sports and Rejoycings as were worthy of the Princefs. But what Souza fought was quite different from Joy. And Pius V, had in his Politick Zeal obliged the King of Spain, and the Venetians to joyn with him, to make War against the Grand-Seignior, the Count de Souza finding an occasion of Signalizing the Zeal he had ever had for Religion, took the Road of Ceplialbnia, otherwise called the Isle of Zantes, where was the Randezvous of all the Christian Troops. He demanded Employ of Don 'John, Natural Son of the Emperour Charles V, who Commanded the Spanish Forces, and was Generalissimo. He mounted a Galley, tho Don John, knowing his Merit, and having Contracted a Friendship with him in Spain, would have given him a Confiderable Command. more The Ottoman Forces affembled in the Gulph of Lepanto: The Armies approach'd,

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approached, a profound Calm equally favoured both the Fleets: the Winds, and the Sea feemed to remain in suspence between so many. Combatants. At last the Engagement began; Souza's ardour made his Galley to fly every where, where he faw Danger and Glory. A hundred Illustrious Actions fignalized him in that Rencounter; he fank Ships, took Galleys, purfued to vigoroully Balhaw Berthai, that he was constrained to fly in a Pinace to Lepanto. This great Victory acquired an Immortal Glory to the Christians, and caused an Irreparable loss to the Infidels : A hundred and fourfcore Galleys were taken from 'em, fourscore and ten funk, fifteen thousand Christian, Slaves freed; thirtythousand Turks were there drowned, ten thousand taken Prifoners, and almost all their Chief Officers perished in that Battel. Tho the Count, of Sonza had no very

very confiderable Employ in that Battel, he was one of those who gained the most Honour, and all he sought was to die in that occasion. He was mortally troubled at the Advice he had received some days before, that Don Henry had Married Eugenia, and that Don Sebastian's displeasure still continued.

In the mean time, the grief and flight of Elvira became an infupportable rigour to the King. The Duke d'Avero was in despair, and could no ways remedy it. All those, who took a just interest in the Affairs of State, made use of that occasion for to force this love from the heart of Don Sebastian: Count Sanzay employ'd himself in it more cunningly than any other. The King combated on all fides, and extreamly vexed he should be so much in love with Elvira, used all manner of Efforts to overcome that Paffion: But he was too deeply engaged, and irritating

(99) tating himfelf against a Love he was not able to triumph over, reproaching himfelf, that he had not yet performed any thing Glorious, he refolved to absent himself from Elvira, and go feek in his Enemies Territories the means of fignalizing and curing himfelf. While he made these Reflexions, the report of Don Lewis and Violanta's Marriage became publick. Their Son called Don Antonio appeared openly at Court, and Don Lewis obtained the Priory of Crato for him. The King difapproved in himfelf the inequality of his Uncles Match, but feared to become culpable of as great a weakness. He caused all things necessary to be prepared for a speedy departure, he strongly en. deavoured to overcome that Paffion, and to begin the triumph of it, he granted the return of the Count de Souza upon the preffing folicitations of Don Lewis of Granada, who had ever been his Friend, and who F 2 fully

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fully justified him in his opinion. The Count de Sanzay believing this time was favourable for his Defign, began to make the Propofals of it to the King, and in the defire that this Prince had to make fome Voyage to cure him, he immediately proposed to him, the going into France, where he would find Feasts, Divertisements and Sights worthy of him: But the King fought for Glory, and not for Pleafures; his trouble was too great to shew himself in a Court filled with fo much joy. That Ambaffador represented to him, how the Kingdoms of France and Portugal had ever been in a strict Union; but the King his Master defired to continue it always, and to make it even more binding; how it was to be defired, that their Councils would conclude a Marriage betwixt the King of Portugal, and the Princels Marguerite the French Kings Sifter, who joyned to her High-Birth, a thousand (101)

thousand Beautiful Qualities, that rendred her worthy of the greatest Monarchs. Don Sebastian received this Proposition as an advantageous mark of efteem and friendship on the part of Charles IX. But his Mind and Heart were in too great a perplexity to come to a speedy determination in an Affair of that Importance. He told the Count de Sanzay, that there required time to confider of it; and he would propose it to his Council, and give him an answer within eight days: This Proposition was Debated in Council, but all the Members having particular Interests to hinder this Marriage, and the King himfelf having no great inclination to it, the Count of Sanzay made the advantages appear to no purpose, which the Crown of Portugal might receive from that Allyance. Cardinal Henry, and the Duke d'Avero always opposed it. The Pensioners the King F 3

King of Spain had in this Council difapproved it likewife, and the French Ambassadour was at length constrained to take his Audience of leave, and to return into France, without having fucceeded in that Affair, or made any progress upon the Heart of Leonora. The greateft Wits, and the greatest Gallants not being always the most fuccessful in Business and in Love. All these Propositions, and others that were made to the King to prevent theVoyage he was refolved to make into Africa, were not capable of diffwading him from it : And when he Communicated to his Council the defire he had to make War upon the Moors, Cardinal Henry feeing he could not raife Troops enough for that Expedition, Difputed with all his force the boldness of this Design, and the Duke d'Avero, who notwithstanding fo many Obstacles, had not abandoned his Ambitious Project, would by fpecious

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cious reafons hinder an abfence, that might quite deftroy a Paffion he had feen budding with delight.

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But the King was fixt in his refolutions, he was no longer willing to fee Elvira, he would fly her, and Court Glory, and for a pretext to this Defign, he reprefented to his Council, how Mulei Moluc, to whom the King of Spain had refused his Succours, had newly routed the Moors, with three thoufand Men only that the Grand-Signior had given him, and was ready to chace away his Nephew Mabumet from the Throne; that his Heart was as great, and his Forces more confiderable than Mo. luc's; that Enemics who destroy one another, were not difficult to be Vanquished; and in fine, that he might take advantage of the diforder the Civil-Wars had brought that Country into. They were forc'd to yield to the reasons, and to the ardour of Don Sebastian: F 4 · Orders

Orders were given for the fitting out four Galleys, and fome Ships; Troops were raifed, and the King went but with a small Force into Africa, whither the Duke d'Avero, the young Duke de Barcellos, Don Lewis, the Count of Souza, who was arrived fome days before, and all the other Lords followed him: . And Elvira, treated ill by her Father, neglected by her King, abandoned by her Lover, returned . into the Convent, the Duke d'A. vero had caufed her to come out of, and there gave her felf up . fo to grief, that a lingring Feaver took her, that was not judged dangerous at first, but in a short time made a confiderable change in her Perfon. Though the King had neither Forces nor Ships enough, to undertake a great War against the Moors, who were in their own Country, and had beaten an Army much more numerous, he did things that furpaffed all hopes and expectations (105)

expectations. He gave in all Places Testimonies of his Valour; he was in Person in the least Attacks : He went into the very Ports of the Enemies to burn their Ships : He Attacqued all that he found, without being daunted at the number of the Moors. Coming near Arfilla, he immediately refolv'd to Besiege it : That City is Situated upon the Sea fide; its Outworks and Inworks being Fortified with all things necessary for its defence; it had been taken formerly · by the Portuguez. The King had not. Troops'enough to undertake that Siege ! But the vexation he was in, when he confidered how the Moors had gained from him that Conquest, and when he made reflexion upon the Glory which would follow that enterprize, made him pass over all difficulties. he caused with a great deal of Expedition, to be prepared all things neceffary for the Execution of that attempt; he fur-F 5 priz'd (106)

priz'd the Garrison, entred the City by Scaling the Walls, and was in the midst of its Inhabitants with two hundred Men at most of his Attendants. The Arhlians fomewhat recovered from their first furprize, fold their Liberty very dear, and Defended themfelves veey vigoroufly. This Fight was Bloody; several were killed on both fides upon the fpot; and the King having at length made himfelf a passage thro all his Enemies, and got to the Castle of the City, which yielded without fighting, upon Condition all the Moorifb Women flould be left at Liberty, that had taken Refuge there, and no outrage should be done them; the King willingly granted them this Condition, and entred the Caftle, followed only by his Principal Officers. He went to fee the Ladies, who were retired thither, and offered fafe Conduct for what way foever they would take: One amongst

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amongst others by an Air of greatness and Majesty made him defirous to confider her more nearly. He found that the Charms of her Face were answerable to the Beauty of her Shape: She was brown, and her Features were fo fine, her Complexion fo delicate, and her Eyes to piercing, that Don Sebaftian was amazed : He forgot Elvira in that moment, and afterwards Comparing the Idea he had of her Beauty, with hers he faw, he found that African, a thousand times more Charming; he asked her Pardon for appearing with Arms in his Hands before her, and offered her all the Succours she should have occasion for. But she received his Compliments with fo haughty an Air, and retired with fo much Majefty, that Don Seba-Jian. inquired, who the was. They told him, that the was a Princess called Almeida, Sister of Mahumet; that this King having already (108) already loft two confiderable Battels againft *Moluc* his Uncle, had fent her to that City, where he believed her in more fafety than in the midft of his Kingdom, which

Moluc furioufly ravaged. He had no fooner learnt the Name and Quality of that African, than he remembred that the Cardinal his Uncle, had spoke to him of her formerly. He was vexed he had not fhew'd her more refpects: He asked to fee her, but she let him know by the Governour of that City, that the greatest mark of goodness he could give, was to confent to her retreat without fee-ing her, and the prayed him not to make use of the Rights of Victo. ry against her Liberty : The King made known to this Governour, that he impatiently longed to pay her the Devoirs he could not acquit himfelf of, before he knew her; but this Envoy told him fo plainly, that his Visit would be fo 11.7216

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so extream a violence to the Princefs, that this King confented at that instant to her departure, notwithstanding all the defire he had to see her again. She departed immediately, and retired towards her Brother. Don Sebastian could not lose the Idea of her Beauty; he thought of her night and day, and fometimes repented he had let her depart : if there had been no more required than Belieging of Places, and Taking of Cities for the having her again; he would have undertook the most difficult Sieges; but he could not learn to what Place the was retired. He feared he should displease her; if the pusht his Conquests farther, and his Council of War was not, willing to let him engage farther in an Engnies Country,

His Principal Officers remonstrated to him, how the Troops he had left, were not sufficient to keep and defend the Places he might Conquer, and if he went ron lat this

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this rate, he must employ all his Army in Garrifons. He was obliged to return to Lubon, Crowned with Honour, and full of the Idea of Almeida. The other Lovers put on their Chains again; and Souza not being able to fee without grief the happiness of Don Henry, and being evermore in fear of being difgraced at Court, retired to one of his Country Houles, where he became fo much in Love with solitude, that there was no less requisite than an Order from the King to make him leave it. Notice was given to the Duke d'Avero, that his Daughter was dangeroufly Sick in the Convent where she made her abode. He went to fee her, but did not find her in a Condition to be brought to Lisbon. She died four days after : Her Father was a long time in the deepest affection, havnig passionately loved her, and not quite lost all the hopes he had conceived from her Charms. The King was fenfibly 21111 AFIANA

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grieved at her Death; but as his Mind was posselfed with another *Idea*, his grief was not so violent as 'twould have been at another time.

The Duke d'Avero feeing that Love had not been affiftant to his Ambition, was willing to fee if War would make it more fuccessful. He did all he could to enflame the Passion Don Sebastian had for Arms. The King had given him Orders to cause Forces to be raifed in all Parts; he zealoufly feconded his Defigns, how troubled and averfe soever Queen Katherine and Cardinal Henry feemed to be to them. The Duke was perpetually reprefenting to this Young King the Glorious Success he had in Africa, and the Conquests he had made with a little handful of Men. He affured him, that if he would return thither with a confiderable Army, he would render himself Master of all Tituan and Alarache in a little time. Don Sebaltian's

baftian's Courage needed not to be raifed, and never Man loved Arms fo much as he, but he could not refolve to make War upon Almeida's Countrey. She ftill returned into his Mind, with that Majeftick Air with which fhe had received him in Africa; he feared her Indignation more than that of the Mightieft Kings; and would gladly have followed his Warlike Ardour without renouncing the refpect he had for her.

While his Mind floated between thefe two Motions, the Governour he had put into Arfilla fent him word, that Moluc had vanquifhed his Nephew a third time, in a fet Battel, that with a handful of Men he led, he had defeated in that last Battel an Army of fixtythousand Horfe, and ten thousand Foot; that he had newly constrained Mahumet to fly the Kingdom, and itwas to be feared, that this Conquerour, after having drove away

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way his Nephew out of Africa, would recover the Places the Portugals had in that Country.

This piece of News infpired Don Sebastian with so much Courage and Emulation, that he confidered the Glory which Moluc had acquired, as a Jewel he had robbed him of, and which he was refolved to make him reftore; he impatiently longed to fignalize himself against him, and the occafion was but too foon offered, for the good of the State. Mabumet being drove out of his Country's, came sometime after with Almeida to take refuge in Portugal. The King learn't with an expressible Joy, that he should fuddenly have the happiness of feeing that Princess again, who had Charmed him, and who he had never feen but in that Inftant, and had fo often defired to fee fince that moment. He would immediately have made them a Magnificent Entry,

Entry, but that the King and Princess let him know, that Pomp and Triumph were not very fuitable to the deplorable condition they were then in. The King went to meet 'em with all his Court; he Embraced Mahumet a thousand times; he rendred profound respects to Almeida, and after the first Civilities were passed on both fides. Ton fee Sir, faid that Princess to him, I am come to Demand the Succours you offered me so obligingly in Arhilla. Have you not forgot that Goodness, continued she, in a Modest and Langui-Ring Air, or rather, do you ret member you have seen me? Never any first fight made so much impression upon a Heart, Madam, answered Don Sebastian passionately, as that rencounter did upon mine, and you have acquired abfolute Power over me from that moment. Don Sebastian continued this Conversation, till they were arrived at the

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the place that was prepared for their reception.

After that Mahumet had made known to the King, the Justice of his Cause; he represented to him, the Moors being divided, it would be casie for him to vanquish them; that if the Portugez's would but descend into Africa, tho with but mean Forces, they might render themfelves Masters of all the Kingdom he had newly been stript of; how the Enterprizes the King had already made, and the Glorious Succeffes he had had there terrified all those People; and when they should fee him, who was born their King, joyn'd to those who had already Vanquished 'em, they would come of their own accord, and range themfelves under their Power. Glory and Love incited Don Sebastian much more to that War, than all the reasons Mahumet could invent: His Valour had a long time disposed him to make fome

fome Enterprize in Africa, and Almeida's Beauty had rendered him too fenfible of her Misfortunes, to neglect the attempt of revenging her. The Council of Portugal oppofed his Defign with all its might; Almeida knew it; she went to the King, fhe Employ'd all her Charms; she lamented her Difgrace. A fenfibe Heart makes little resistance against the Tears of a Beautiful Person; he promised to Aid her, notwithstanding these Obstacles; she gave him some hopes of being beloved, and he caufed Troops to be raifed in all parts for the Execution of this Enterprize.

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How great a Comfort was this to Almeida, in her Misfortune! She faw her felf Adored by the moft accomplifhed King that was then in the World; fhe faw that her Beauty Triumphed over all Policy, and over all the Forces of *Ptug al*; fhe was perfuaded, that Don Sebaftian would Sacrifice all

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to her Revenge. Her Brother often told her, that she was Mistrifs of his Fate, and hoped, they should suddenly be Re-established upon the Throne: But that which still Augmented the pleasingness of these hopes, was, that she found Don Sebastian as Lovely as he was Amorous; and that the was yet more fensible of the Affection he had for her, than in the Cares he took in her Favour: She would have been forry that any other had rendred this Good Office to her Brother; and efteem and acknowledgment confpiring in her Heart in favour of Don Sebastian, gave Birth there to a Paffion little different from that the King felt for her. If he spoke to her pathonately, fhe heard him with delight; if he continually and eagerly fought her out, she never met him but with an extream joy. The most fatal Amour has ever in its beginning, a thoufand

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fand Pleafures to engage us; this at firft laid only Charms to view in the fight of those Lovers. All the Court was with Justice alarmed at it: Queen Katherine used all her Efforts to destroy it: Cardinal Henry opposed it with all his Power; but the King was absolute, these Obstacles the more enflamed him, and they were constrain'd to leave a free Course to his Passion.

Don Sebastian thought it convenient to take a Journey into Spain, to implore Succours of his Uncle, in Favour of Mabumet. He departed, after the Ambassadour he had in that Court had agreed with Philip, that Guadalouppe should be the Place of their Interview; and gave Order at his Departure, that the Moorifb King, and his Sifter, whom he left at Lisbon, should be Treated and Respected as himfelf. The King of Spain came to the Rendezvous, accompanied with

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with one of his Daughters, and all the Lords of his Court, and received Don Sebaftian with great Teftimonies of Joy and Affection: He endeavoured to diffuade him from fo dangerous an Enterprize: But danger does but the more enflame Great Souls. He then Prayed him not to go in Perfon to that War; but it was to no purpofe, being he would have expofed his life a thousand times for Almeida's fake.

Philip (at length being defirous to try if Pleafures would not have more Power than Reafons over the Mind of that young King) caufed Turnaments, Lifts of Combates to be made for to Divert him. He even caufed Catharina Michela, one of the Daughters he had by the Deceafed Queen Elizabeth his third Wife, and whom he had brought with him to Guadelouppe, to conceive fome hopes of the Crown of Portugal. And as Philip lip was then Married again to Anne of Austria his Niece, and Sister to Maximilian II; the Princess Gatharina Michela would have been glad to have freed her felf from the Power and ill humour of a Motherin-law; the was Ambitious; and the King of Portugal being handfome. fhe took care to engage him, and even engaged her felf a little: But Don Sebastian thinking of nothing but of Re-establishing Almeida's Brother upon the Throne, was not much moved with all these attempts, and would quickly have returned to that Charming African, if Philip had not staid him with the hopes of some Troops, which he promifed, and perhaps would have given him, had it not been for the Obstacles that were raised by the Princess Katherina, by earnestly defiring Ruy Gomes de Silva, at that time Favourite and Minister of the King of Spain, not to hasten the Suc-In cours.

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In the mean time, Don Sebastian, continually possessed with the thoughts of that War, and Almeida's Beauty, was not fensible of the Pleasures of that Pompous Court, nor the marks of kindness which the Princess daily gave him. Almeida writ a thousand kind engaging things to this King, which the more augmented his impatience. To little purpose it was Philip had told him, that the Duke of Alva had written to him; that this War was not reasonably to be undertaken with Portugal Troops a. lone; that besides them, it was requisite to have fifteen thousand Italians, Spaniards and Germans. It was to little purpose, he assured him, that he would give him five thousand Spaniards, as scon as his Affairs in Italy would give him leave. Nothing could flay Don Sebastian; and Philip, who fancied that the Princess's Beauty, and the defire of being in his Alliance, would .G · perhaps

perhaps be capable to perfuade him from this Defign; or at least, make him flay yet some time at his Court, offered him Catherina Michela in Marriage. Don Sebastian did not flye off fo much as he would have done, if he had not ftood in need of Philip. He made fome Court to that Princess, which put her in fome hopes; feemed to relish the Pleasures of that Court with lefs difquiet: Remained alfo there yet some time with little impatience, for the having the Succours so often promised.

The Court he made to Catherina Michela in these hopes, was quickly known to Almeida. All those who approached her, took delight in exaggerating things to her, which put her in despair; and as the divers Passions and Interests of particular Persons even adds something to the News that comes from afar off, the report ran in Portugal, that Don Sebastian was going to Marry (123)

Marry Catherina Michela. A Perfon who loves and fears is but too credulous; Almeida Figured to her felf a thousand things far more stinging than all the malice of her Enemies could have Invented upon that Subject : How vainly did I flatter my felf with the Power of my Charms, faid the fometimes, how weak are they, and how am I deceived? The Prince/s Catherina has more than I have; the is in Prosperity and Glory, I l' under Misfor-tune and Shame! Her Father is a Prudent and Fortunate King, whom the greatest Princes would be proud to be Alied to, and I have but one Brother, whose disgrace is capable of dispersing the most Zealous Friends. These and such other like expressions did so trouble her, that she was fometime without writing to Don Sebastian : This King reproached her with her filence; but as the was prepossed with his infidelity, fhe gave fo ill an Interpretati-

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on to all that came from him, as fhe fancied he only made her these reproaches, for the having a pretext to quit her, and made no anfwer to his Letters.

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The King not being able to fupport any longer the trouble he was in at Almeida's filence, and feeing the propositions and delays of the King of Spain were only vain amusements to retain him, he refolved at length to return to Portugal, and defired Philip to fend him with the foonelt all the Troops he could. He found Almeida in fo great a grief, that he could not see it without being much concerned. He made her his Complaints; fhe made him, her Reproaches, and both of them being undeceived of their fuspition, were more charmed than ever, with one another.

The King of Spain let Don Sebaftian know, how the Sedition of the Rebels encreased daily in Flan-

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(125)ders, how he was afraid that Province would get from under his Power; how he was oblig'd to fend a great many Troops thither, and this diforder hindred him from fending the Succours he had promifed him. All these Obstacles did not at all cool the Ardour of Don Sebastian. And Philip being acquainted he had still the fame Defign, he sent the Duke of Medina Cæli to him, who was one of the most Eloquent and Understanding Politicians of Spain, to reprefent to him, that the Rebellion in Flanders augmented from day to day, which putting the King his Mafter in great fears, he found himfelf obliged to conclude a Truce with the Turks, in which he would cause him to be comprehended, it he thought good; and that being in-Conference about that Treaty, he could not fend Troops into Africa against Moluc, for as much as a part of that Country was Tribu-Gz

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tary to the Port, and Moluc was a Friend and Confederate of the Grand Seignior's. Don Sebastian answered that Ambassadour, that he was very much furpriz'd, that Philip had made a Truce of three years with the Turks; that in thinking to avoid their Incursions into Italy, he gave 'em time to Fortifie themselves in Africa, and fill it with Forces, which would carry into the Heart of Spain, after that Truce, a more Cruel War than that he feared. He added, that he did not think it convenient to be Comprehended in this Treaty; that 'twas requisite for their Common Interest to leave him the Liberty of affifting the Spaniards against the Irruptions. of the Africans, and thus the King of Spain would assure himself of Italy by his Truce, and of Africa by the War that the Portuguezes were going to make there. The Duke of Medina Cali returned into Spain, but

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but little fatisfied with his Embasie. Queen Katherine, who had Governed the State with great Prudence, died at that time. All the World fancied that the trouble Don Sebalian's Designs gave her, occasioned her Death. And the King having put his Army in a Posture of marching, the Count de Souza went out of his folitude to accompany the King in that War.

Don Sebastian followed by all his Nobility, his Guards, and a great number of Voluntiers went to the Cathedral Church of Lisbon, where having with great Ceremony caused the Standard to be Bleffed, which he would carry into Africa, he put it into the hands of Christopher de Tavora, and as all . the Court fancied he was going to. return to his Palace, he went to to the Port; and having met with Almeida, who was taking the Air with her Brother in a Chariot, coming up, he told them : That all G 3

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was preparing to revenge them, and in a little time be would re-establish them upon the Throne of their Fa. thers. So many Olflacles, answered Almeids, have hitherto. opposed your good Intentions, Sir, that I shall not promise my self any Succours from your Highness till you are Em. barqued. Well, Madam, we must then Embark, reply'd the King in a Transport, I accuse, as well as you, my Love of too much flownels, and you shall not see me defer any longer : He mounted his Galley, after having faid these Words, Mahumet and his Sifter accompanied him, and he Commanded the Duke de Avero to caufe all his Forces to Embark. During the eight days he was Employ'd in putting them on Board, the King never went alhore. He himself caused the Seamen to labour : He examined the Built of all the Ships; he Vifited the Equipages, to see if there was nothing wanting to his Fleet;

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and shewing Almeida the Ardour of the Passion he had for her, by the care he took to Revenge her: This Princels answered to many Kindneffes with as much Love as the delicacy of her Sex would allow of. As the King never went from his Ships, and all the Lords remained there with him, the Ladies came there to fee 'em; and Don Sebastian, who seemed to have Established his Empire upon the Waters, had round about him a Floating Court, that amidst the hurry of Embarking, would however have been very agreeable, if the trouble of parting had not traversed the Pleasures which those would have relifhed there, whom Love had united : Violanta quitted Don Lewis with all the grief that a real affection can be capable of in fuch an occasion. The Passion the Duke de Barcellos had for War, shared his Heart with the Love he had for Leonor.1; and as the gave her G 5

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her self up entirely to her Inclination, the was much more troubled than her Lover at their parting. The Duke d'Avero's Ambition finding an opportunity to fatisfie it felf in that War, made him quit Lisbon with joy : But what Power foever Glory had over Don Henry, he had all the pains imaginable to Renounce the Pleasures he enjoy'd with Eugenia. Souza found fome Comfort in thinking, that notwithstanding the Bonds of Marriage, in a fhort time his Rival would be no more happy than himfelf. The Duke of Braganza, who was arrived . at Lisbon to accompany the King in his Voyage, and had still a great deal of Vigour, and a ftrong Paffion for War, was very glad that this Occasion was offered for the instructing his Son by his Example, and by the Advices he might give him, according to the Diverfity of Occurrences. And at length the King departed full of joy, and of (131)

of hopes, with the Flower of the Nobility and People of Portugal, and was accompanied by Adrias de Sylva Bishop of Porto, and Emanuel de Mensis Bishop of Conimbre. The whole Fleet made Sail with a fair Wind; but as the Kings Galley took its turn to go out of the Port, it struck with so much Violence against a Flemish Ship, that its fides were broke to pieces, and a Seaman of that Galley was . kill'd at the fame time in his Boat, by a Canon Shot, that the City had Fired upon the Kings departure. These two accidents made the most Zealous Portugals tremble, and feemed to be an ill prefage to that Enterprize; even Almeida appeared alarmed at it, she conjured the King to put off the Voyage till a more favourable season : She told him feveral times, that the would rather choose to Renounce the Crown, and pass the rest of her days in all the misfortunes

tunes and obscurities possible, than to expose his life to Dangers, the fole *Idea* whereof made her tremble; but the more kindness and alarms she made appear to *Don Sebastian*, the more eager was he upon this Voyage, and all the Fleet arrived quickly at *Cadiz*, where the Duke of *Medina* regaled the King with great Splendour and Magnificence, and made all the Court during eight days reliss all the Pleasures that Island could furnish.

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The King caufed all poffible Sail to be made towards Africa; this Fleet in a few days, came between Tangier and Arfilles. There he caufed his Army to Difembark, and after having made Almeida obferve the Place where he had feen her the first time, and having faid to her the most tender things imaginable upon that point; he himfelf appointed the Quartering of his Troops. With an exact care he fought

(133) sought the most advantageous Poits; lie Encamped one part upon the Sea Shore, and in the most Commodious Places. His Army was composed of thirteen thousand Foot, filteen hundred Horfe, or thereabouts, and thirteen pieces of Artillery. He went every Night with an indefatigable Ardour to-Visit all the Quarters: He entertained the bravest; he excited the most languishing, flattered some, made promises to others, and being fometimes willing to awaken their Courage by a tender pity, he shewed them Mahumet, and his Sister, cruelly driven out of their Dominions, and promised 'em all great Recompenses on his and that Princesses part. Mahumet on his fide addressing himself to all the Africans he found in his way, endeavoured to engage them in his Party. Some yielded to these follicitations. Almeida drew the Hearts of all those who faw her; fome

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fome Officers even Charmed with her Beauty, and moved with her Brothers Misfortune, came and offered themfelves to ferve them. Don Sebastian and Mahumet having proved their fincerity, received them with joy.

Moluc well knowing that Don Sebastian was Ambitious and Formidable, would have Treated a Peace with him, and have given him all the Chams the Portugals pretended to have Conquered, for the making good to him the Charges of that War, and for those People to Cultivate in all Peace and Safety they could have in their own Country. This Proposition made Mahamet tremble, fancying, that fo advantageous an Offer would make the King abandon a Party, that could not be very ufeful to him: But Almeida promiling her felf all fhe defired from her Charms, and the Love of Don Sebastian, reassured her Brother, and

and did not at all doubt, but that the Ardour which the King of Portugal had to Serve her, would make him refuse more advantageous Offers. He himself came prefently after to affure him of the fame, and made answer to Moluc, that the greatest Charges of the War being already made, he would not hearken to any Proposition of Peace, till Moluc flould give him Alarache, Tituan, and the Cape de Agero, which were three places of Extream importance to the Moors. and of great advantage to the Portuquezes. Moluc enraged at this demand, and feeing how small were the Forces which the King of Portugal was at the Head of, answered him haughtily : That .when Morocco should be Besieged, he would think of that Proposition, and he fansied he should have time enough to think of it, and it would not be necessary to make or hear such a Discourfe. Moreover, that the Kingdom (136)

dom of Fez was not fo eafy to be Conquered; that he had got it only by main Force, and by winning three Battels; that he would defend it in the fame manner, and that it was thus it was to be Attacqued.

Don Sebastian in the mean time feemed to be enflamed afresh by the Eyes of Almeida. He could have wished, that all his Forces had had the fame Heart, and the fame Eyes as he had, for the Confecrating their Lives as Generoufly to that Princefs, as he was going to Sacrifice his. Moluc being a very prudent Man, and knowing that a Battel oftentimes decides the Fate of a State, and is not to be undertaken without all possible furcties, or in the greatest extremity, offered him ten Miles of Land round each Fortress he had in Africa, if he would confent to retire; but he was refolved to fight, he only breathed Victory, and all other things feemed to him unwor-

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thy of his Valour and Love. He caufed his Army to be Fortified on one fide, with high Ramparts of Earth, and with Waggons; and the Sea and the City ferved him for Trenches on the other fides. The Moors, who Border upon the Maritime Cities, were fo alarm'd by this Army, that they fled into the Mountains: The Cities of Tituan, Alarache, and fome others, were all defert. Moluc, without being aftonished at this disorder, and equally divided between Prudence and Vallour, did all his Experience could teach him for his defence : And though he was feized with a very violent Fever, he departed from Sale, where he had given a Rendezvouz to fome Troops. His Natural Brother, who was Governour of Fez, and whom he had given the Command of the Cavalrey of that Province, joyned him near Alcazar, with twenty thoufand Horfe, and five or fix thouland Melus

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Foot.

Moluc extreamly weakned by his Sickness, was constrained to put himself in a Litter to Visit the Quarters of his Troops, and to fee what condition his Cavalry was in. He caused himself co be carryed through all his Army, and fearing among his Troops he should meet with feveral Partizans of Mahumet, and judging, that ill-intentioned Souldiers would be more dangerous in the day of Battel in his Party, than amongst his Enemics, he declared before all his Army, that he would permit all those who had more inclination for Mahumet than for him, to retire to his Enemies And befides this Declaration, being willing to make known to all the World, that he despised the Enemies Forces fo much, as to fend 'em Succours, without being in any fear, and thinking fit to upbraid the Honour, of the Malecontents, and favour a Depart he could not hinder, he chole

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chofe all those whose fidelity was suspected by him, of whom he made a flying Camp of three thoufand Horfe; he placed at their Head Mulei-Cheique, a famous Captain of that Nation, who having been infinitely in love with Almeida, gave reason to fear that he was for her Interests, and Commanded him to go view the Christian Army, to keep it ever in play by frequent Courses, and continually to Skirmish the Enemies. Though Mukei-Cheique had still a great Passion for Almeida, and could ardently have wished to ferve her, this Artifice produced a quite contrary effect to what was expected; and this Generous Captain, confidering this Order of Moluc as an effect of the extream confidence he had in him, would not belie an Opinion that was advantageous to him, and rather renouncing his Love than his Duty, he did all that the feverest Honour and

and greatest Courage could demand on that occasion. All the others, animated with fo brave an Example, joyfully followed the Vallour of so Generous a Leader, and as he had an extream defire to fee Almeida, his Love and Vallour carrying him farther than his Forces ought to have led him, he did things that furprized and alarmed , the Portugals. Heknew the Quarter where Almeida was; he used a thousand efforts to break through 'em, that he might go lay his Arms at her Feet, and made Don Sebalion and Mahumet so much afraid of lofing her, that they caufed her to be fecurely conducted into one of their Galleys, that was the properest to fave her in cafe of need.

The King feeing that the Enemies Skirmishes caufed a dread in his Troops, and having no longer any that might retain him in the City, went out to be fooner ready to oppose the Affaults that were made

made upon his Men. The day after, two thousand Horse, Commanded by Mulei-Cheicque advancing in good order towards the Christians, and the King having learnt how his Rival was at their Head, went to meet them only with fix hundred Men. But what happy Successes does not the presence of a King produce amongst his Troops? Don Schaftian, at the Head of this handful of Men, Attacked the two thousand Moors, cut them to pieces, and purfued the Runaways with fo much violence, that he found himfelf above ten miles from his Army, accompanied only by Edward of Menezes his Marshal de Camp, and without having near him any Troops that might relieve him from this danger. Molac was fenfibly vexed when he learnt this deseat; but did not judge it convenient to go out of Alcazar, being he expected there fome Forces that were to come from the Sca-

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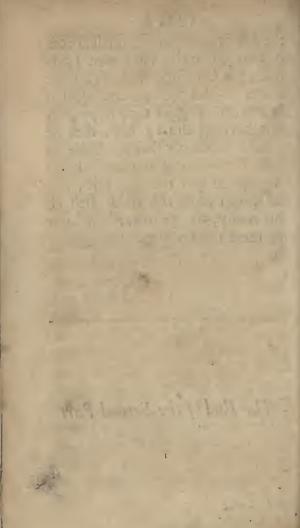
Sea-coasts, from the Cities of Tituan and Mechines, and was defirous too, that the Enemies would come and attack him upon the main Land, which they feemed willing to do, to the end he might engage 'em very far into the Country, and afterwards cut off their Correspondence with the Sea; and he was refolved to go find them out at length, when this reinforcement was come, that he might fall upon their Rear, and reduce them into a preffing necessity of all manner of Ammunition, withoutgiving Battel but with extream advantage, and at the last push.

The King refolved to attack the Enemies upon the main Land, as *Moluc* defired it; he prepared all things towards a Battel, he Commanded the *Count de Souza*, whom he had made Admiral, and whofe Prudence he had tryed, to attend him at *Alarache*, with his Fleet, and advance his Conquest upon the

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the Sea as much as the fmall Forces he had left in that Fleet would permit; he Confided Almeida to the Cares of this Count, and quitted her with lefs grief than hopes, after having affured her, that he would fuddainly bring Molue to her Feet. He Commanded his Troops to quit the Sea fide, and at length took the Field with all his Army, to go towards Alcazar to meet the Enemies.

The End of the Second Part.



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Don Sebastian,

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O foon as Moluc had notice of the Christians March, he was overjoy'd to see them engaged on the main Land; and though he was extreamly ill, and perceived that he could not live but a very few days, he gave order for all that was necessary, with an admirable Courage and Prudence. He regulated his Camp, caufed himself to be carried in a Chair from Rank to Rank through all his Army, for the animating his Troops to fight; and feeing his B

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Forces were ever diminishing, and the Enemies approached, he fent for Mulei Hamet, his Natural Brother, who was still young, and of little Experience, and told him : I know the great Art of War demands a thousand high Qualifies, which you have not yet, and which you will likewife find difficult to acquire; however I place you now at the Head of above forty thousand men, and make you General of all the African Cavalry: But I Command you at the same time to vanquish or die. So long as I shall have one moment of life left me, I will not let youwant an Example; and if you do any -thing unbecoming the rank I place you in, I shall employ the little Grength I have left to strangle you with my own Hands: And for the rest, Brother, I order you, if I die, before the Success of this Battel, to conceal my death with great care from all the World, and to put in my Litter any one of our men, who shall molt

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(3)most resemble me; to the end, that feigning to give Orders, and acting my part, the Enemies may not take advantage of the Consternation that such an accident usually brings into an Army. Having ended these Words, he embraced Hamet, and caused him to be owned by all his Forces. After which he went out of Alcazar, and retired into the Plain, for to draw on the Enemies. He was perfuaded, that having better Officers, more Troops, and better Disciplined, than the Portugals, he ought not to fear the Islue of a Battel : But prudent as he was, he was loth to commit his Crown to the uncertainty of a fight, knowing that we ought not to expose our felves to the Fortune of War, till after all the efforts of Prudence have not been able to produce any advantage; he let the Énemies March, without going to meet 'em, and fancied, that by still permitting them to advance into his B 2 Territories,

Territories, he had nothing more to do than to cut off their passage, to fee them afterwards perifh by Famine, without cofting him fo much as one Man. He was not able however to bring this Defign to perfection, as well because his illness reduced him to extremity, as by reafon he was informed the fame day in the Evening, that the Enemies were very near, and the two Camps might fee one another, if the obscurity of the night had not hindered it. He sent as soon as it was day, his Master of the Horfe, at the Head of two or three hundred Men to observe the Countenance of the Enemies, and it happened, that some Battalians of the Portugal Army, that had passed a little River, repassed it in that moment, by order from the King, who judged it more convenient to be left between the two Armies. These Troops which Filed off, made the Morish party believe, that the fight

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fight of them, put the Christians to flight; and they carried with all diligence this News to Moluc. The Barbarians animated by this flight, cried out aloud, that they ought to purfue them, and they might cut them to pieces: But Moluc, ever wife, and ever prudent, appeafed this too pert Ardor, and faid he demanded no more than their retreat, and if they fled, he should vanquish according to his defires, without his Army running any danger, or lofing one drop of Blood.

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While the *Moors* were deliberating upon this Affair, *Don Sebafti*an caufed his Council to Aflemble, to know of his Chief Officers, if he fhould give Battel that fame day. The most part of them feeing *Moluc* had three times more Forces than the King of *Portugal*, were unwilling to run the rifque of a Battel: Eut the King fancying, that as at the Head of fix hundred

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Men, he had put to flight two thousand of the Enemies, a Christian would ever beat five or fix Moors, went boldly out of his Camp, ranged his Troops in Battel array, and divided them into three Battalions: The first was Composed of Strangers, who had their Officers at the Head of them, and of five hundred Portuguez Voluntiers, Commanded by Don Henry; the fecond and third were Composed of Portugal Troops: The Cavalry was at the two Wings in the form of a Triangle. The Duke d'Avero Commanded the Right, where Mahumet was Ranged with the Troops that followed him, the Kings Standard was at the left with the Duke de Barcellos, and the Baggage was betwixt the Infantry and the Cavalry.

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Though Moluc felt the pangs of Death, he had still the fame Valour, and the fame Conduct; he ranged ranged his Army in Battel, with as much prefence of Mind, as if he had been in perfect health. He had forty thousand Horse, eight thousand Foot, and thirty four pieces of Artillery .: -He'kept to himfelf, the charge of Generalistimo, and placed his Brother at the Head of the Cavalry. He caufed immediately all his Infantry to March in the form of a Halfmoon, at the two points of which he placed two Bodies of Cavalry, each of ten thousand Horse; the rest ofithe Horsemen were divided into fittle Squadrons, and followed in equal diftance, being ordered to March still on, and surround the Portugal Army for the Engaging it on all fides. When it was in prefence, it appeared fo Weak to Moluc, that he thought himself fure of the Victory, and thought of nothing but rendring it Compleat: He would have made a Speech to his Souldiers, but his B 4

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extream

extream weaknefs would not permit him to fay four words. He caufed himfelf to be put again into his Litter, and placed himfelf in the middle of his Troops, that he might be able to give Orders on all fides, and fee all that the two Armies fhould do.

Don Sebastian seeing, the Enemies make fome Motion to ad? vance, fent one of his Querries to Almeida, for the assuring her that the Battel was going to begin, that he would lofe his life therein or re-establish her in her States and after having given fome mos ments to the most tender reflections a Lover was ever capable of, he fet all his thoughts to the Execution of that Enterpize. Molac on his fide caufed his Cavalry to March and extend in fuch order, that being within a Canon-shot of the Portuguez's, the two points of that Half-moon came and joyned behind the King's Arrier-Guard, and that

that great Circle, filling by little and little, became still more thick as it approached the Portugals, infomuch as the Christian Army was environed on all parts by the Moorifb Cavalry, and took from the most faint-hearted all means of running away. The Portuguez's were daunted at the doleful aspect of this danger, their fears were redoubled at the noise of the Fire of the Moors Artillery, which making frequent shots, by degrees broke the Files of the Christians, and made great breaches in their Squadrons. Don Sebastian as ready as the Enemics shot, went to every rank to fill it, and also causing his Cannon to fire upon the Moors, he : gave 'em Bullet for Bullet, diforder and fear for fear .: But the Moors being fronger in Artillery than the Christians, did much 3 more Execution, and the Portugez's were fo terrified, that the King; gaves the Signal of the Battel, to > flop ? B 5

ftop this diforder. The Moors made a vigorous attacque upon the Vangard; the Christians opposed them Courageously. Don Henry at the Head of his Voluntiers, made all bend under his blows that opposed his paffage, and relieved fuch of the Portugez's as were most pressed, so that notwithstanding the numbers of the Moors, which were greater than the Portugals, those Barbarians could hardly keep for fome time things in Equality: But the King, who impatient to fee the Victory to long in fuspence, would conftrain it to declare in his favour, quitted the left Wing, where there was not yet any danger, to run to the Vanguard, where the Encmies fell on with the greatest fury. He advanced at the Head of his Troops : The Kings ardour made him be every where, he Sa. crified a thousand lives to the Beauty he had Confectated his to.

Victory

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Victory durst not remain longer doubtful at the coming up of Don Sebastian; the Moors not being able to support the Valour of the Christians, animated with the Example of their General, gave ground at the first Shock, and notwithstanding the endeavours and threatnings of their Leaders, who used their utmost endeavours to make them fland to it, and put inceffantly new Men in. the places of those who fell : These Barbarians were broken three feveral times, and put to flight, to the loss of all their Colours.

The Duke *d'Avero*, who Commanded the Right Wing, charged) the *Moors* Cavalry that came to Attacque him, and his heart greedy of Glory, made him fly to the greateft dangers, and triumph in all places. His Squadron in the form of **a**. Triangle was fo clofe, and Attacqued fo vigoroufly the Enemies. Cavalry, that he confirmined it to retreate (F2.]

retreat in disorder. Mahumet, who had likewife ranged himfelf in in this Body, Attacqued, Fought, and Purfued his Enemies like a desperate King, who chose rather to lofe his life than his Crown. The Duke d'Avero fought with a great deal of Valour, and the defire of Conquering carried him very far amongst the Barbarians. A. Body of Horse coming up to Succour them, he judged it convenient not to suffer himself to be environed by those Squadrons, and to retire in good order with his advantage, hoping these Troops. would divide themselves in pursuing him, and he might return tothe Charge with yet more vigour and fuccels than before. Where-. upon he turned back upon those who purfued him; but he found. them all fo firm, and fo well united, that his Squadron being weakned with its loss and wounds, could no. longer Lear the Enemies Affaults,

but

but were conftrained to retire in hafte, and not finding a fafe place in the Army, they caft themfelves amongft the Cavalry and Infantry with fo much diforder, that it put those Troops into a Confusion; which the Africans made great advantage of.

On the other fide the Body of the Army, where the Kings Standard and the Duke de Barcellos were placed, made a horrible flaughter of the Moors, purfued them to their Canon; and those Barbarians finding the King every where, fancied that all the Army was composed of Hero's, or that this Hero alone composed all the Army. . The Duke of Barcellos accompanied the King in all places, and did a hundred things worthy of his Birth and great Courage: The Moors terrified and flying, took. refuge even in the Quarters where Moluc was, who falling into an. extream fury at this diforder, and being

being refolved to repair it or die, he role from his Litter, without confidering that he was half dead, and caufed himfelf to be fet on Horfeback with a great deal of pain, refolved to flay the flight of his Men by his Example, or to put them to Death humfelf. Those who were about him, used all their endeavours to retain him, and even feized the Reins of his Horles Bridle; but his Courage making him forget his weakness, the Crowd of the Runnaways and Fugitives ftill augmenting, and the King at the Head of his Men coming pretty near that Quarter, he put his hand to his Sword to disperse those who stopped him, and this Effort quite confuming his Strength and Forces, he fainted away, and fell into the Arms of his Men, and died fome moments after, putting his Finger between his Lips, whether it was for vexation that his Men run away, or to make them remember they

were

were to conceal his Death. And the Prudence of this Barbarous King fo well compafied his Defigns in the laft moment of his Life, that dying it felf could not ravifh from him Victory; and he appeared brave and prudent even in the Arms of Death.

However the Renegado's, who were about Moluc, concealed his Death with a great deal of care, infomuch as the Army of the Barbarians weakned by this accident. was fo far from flying, after having been vigoroufly repulfed, it recovered Forces out of its own frame. The Moors Rallied with fresh Troops, and returned to the Charge with more Valour than before. The Vanguard, where Don Sebastian made his Courage be admired, gave ground at its turn, and though the Christians, who were in that Body, had killed above two thousand of the Moors, there came again fresh ones in so great multitudes, multitudes, that they were forced at length to yield to the numbers in that place; and all the Chriftians who remained there, having used all their Arms against the Enemies, and being at length come to Ponyards, lost their lives, appea ring to be rather weary with Killing, than Conquered. All the Brave Voluntiers that Don Henry led there, being dead, this General was encompassed by the Moors of Andalousia, and fell at length under their numbers and their fury. The King received there a Musquet shot in his Right-Shoulder; but not ceasing to Act for this wound, tho dangerous, and feeing his Vanguard was defeated without recovery, he run to the Left-Wing where the Duke d'Avero, after having rallied feveral times his Men, changed Horfes, and Succoured those whom the Enemies pressed the most, was at length killed by a Musquet shot. As he was the

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Soul of that Body, his fall put the Portuguez's to a rout : Mahumet endeavoured in vain to retain them, by his Example and his Voice. They no longer knew any Body, but the Conquerours, they fell upon their Knees to the Moors, instead of standing up in their own defence. The King running to this diforder, and being acquainted with the Dukes death, who was dear to him, revenged it upon all those he met with he fought amongst the Souldiers, and engaged himfelf amongst the Moors; he anima. ted the Christians with few Words and a great many Examples, and cast admiration, fear and surprize amongst his Enemies by his Valour. He had three Horfes killed under him without being daunted, and though he was already wounded, he did not ccase to Attacque, Strike and Relieve; but he could not vanquish the fury and number of his Enemies, nor communicate his

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his Courage to his Troops. At length hazard confpiring with the Moors against the Portugals, Fire feized the Christians Ammunition for the Compleating their Defeat, and put fo great diforder in all their Army, that Horfes, Souldiers, Waggons, Ammunitions, Arms, Tents, Pavillions, and all the reft of the Baggages being confufedly heaped one upon another; (fome' were stifled, others burnt, and others cut to pieces by the Enemies. The young Duke de Barcellos being fallen from his Horferin that Confusion, was taken Priloner; al most all the Chief Officers were killed, or put out of condition to fight by creason of their dounds : The Portugals, who in their flight would have taken the way of Arfilla, were all killed or drowned, being deceived by the River of Mucafen, which ebbing and flowing as the Ocean does, whole Wa: ters it receives, was almost dry when

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when the Army passed it on their march thither, but the Tide being high at their return, the Christians did not know the places where they had all forded it. The Defeat was fo General; that of thirteen or fourteen thousand Men the Portugal Army was composed of, there hardly escaped an hundred from that Battel. In the mean while, the lefs fearful and most zealous, seeing this General Rout, they fought the King on all sides : ButChristopher de Tavora, who carried his Standard, having been killed, they could not find him, and deceived by a Colours that very much refembled it, which Edward de Menezes had, they followed it instead of the other, fancying that Don Sebastian had ranged himfelf near it. Thus the King remaining alone among his Enemies, was notwithstanding his Valour opprest with numbers, and his Forces not being capable of feconding

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his

his Courage, he was confirmined to yield to the fury of the *Moors*. All the Christians, who returned from this Battel did affirm, that he had received only one wound in his Shoulder, which was not Mortal; that he fell not among the dead, and that they had feen the Enemies take him Prifoner.

In the mean time this Battel became famous for the loss of three Kings. Moluc died there in performing all that a. Wife Conquerour is capable of in fuch an Exigence. Mahumet seeing the Portuguezes routed, and willing to avoid the Cruelty of his Enemies, who would not have failed to have Sacrificed him to the repole of the State, endeavouring to escape, was drowned in the River of Mucafen. Don Sebastian was lost there, and fo many rare Qualities that were observed in him, made his Subjects and all those who knew him, extreamly regret his loss, and left

a great Example to all young Princes, who keep not their Courage within the bounds of Prudence, which ought to preferve Kings for the advantage of their State, and the affection of their People.

While Don Sebastian was giving the Bloody Battel, which occasioned his own ruine, the destruction of his Kingdom, and the death of fo many famous Warriers, the Count de Souza Signalized himfelf as much as the few Men that were in his Ships could make him capable of doing. He made oftentimes Descents upon the Land with his Troops; burnt the Burroughs and Villages he met with in his way, put to flight all those who Guarded the Coast; Besieged the City of Allarache. and battered it fo Vigoroufly, that the greatest part of the Moors abandoned it, and had only left in it a weak Garrison. Almeida being nearer the Naval Army, than the

the other Forces, learnt Souza's Conquests with an incredible joy, and fancied, that Don Sebastian fought with no lefs advantage against Moluc. She flattered her felf with the hopes of feeing her Brother within a little time again upon the Throne, and her Lover covered with Glory: But these thoughts did not last long, Souza quickly received the News of the Kings Defeat, and the rout of all his Army; he instantly acquainted Almeida therewith, and told her, it was neceffary of thinking to secure themselves. What a fad piece of News was this to that Princels! Ihe remained as motionlefs, and loft the use of her Senses at this Discourse. After which she made reflexion upon the Valour of Don Sebastian, upon the ardour he had made appear to revenge her; and not being able to figure to her felf, that he was to be Conquered, having fo much Courage and

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and fo much Love, fhe fent for him, who had brought the fad Tydings to Souza, who confirmed what Souza had told her. He related to her all had paft in that Battel; and when fhe faw this misfortune was no longer to be doubted of, and that fhe had loft her Brother and her Lover, fhe fell into

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fuch a despair, as gave reason to fear it would cost her her life.

She had ever loved Mahumet very tenderly, and often fhed Tears for his death, but when she remembred his Interest had caused the ruine of Don Sebastian, she murmured against that Brother. and imputed to him all the misfortunes of this King. It is I alone, alas, faid she a moment after, who am the cause of Don Sebastians ruine; had it not been for the Love of me, he would not have succoured my Brother, nor lost his life. It is I that drew him out of the Heart of his Dominions, to Sacrifice him to

my Ambition, and the Cruelties of Moluc: He was adored by his Peo. ple, contined she, beloved by his Allies, feared by his Enemies. Never any Prince gave Such hopes of a happy Reign as he did. He was ardent' in Glory, fearless in Dangers, indefatigable in labour, and all these fine Qualities have only helped to ad. vance the misfortunes I have plung'd him into. How fatal was the Conquest of Arfilla to him, it was there I faw him Victorioully Charming; he faw me, and loved me; I fancied that Victory would ever have attended him, he did not think, I was to be so fatal to him; into what an abyss of mischiefs has this interview precipitated us? While Almeida made all these Reflexions, the Count de Souza, fenfibly concerned at the Kings lofs, was thinking with a great deal of prudence and care of the means of repairing, or at least, hindring its fatal Confequences; he raised the Siege of Alarache, to go

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go Rescue the Portugals that were beaten; he reassured the Governours of those places Portugal had in Africa; he augmented the Garrifons with all the Troops he could put into, the City; he gave out, that Don Sebastian was not dead, and the Christians assured he was only taken Prisoner. He promiled the Colonels and Officers, who had escaped this Defeat, that the Kings Ranfom should be fhortly Treated for, and that he would recompence at his return the fidelity of those, who should have rendred him fervice during his absence. He run over all the Coasts as far as Tangier, to gather up the Remnants of the Portugal Army, which that Defeat had dispersed. He was acquainted by those, who had escaped from the Battel, that above three thousand Christians were killed upon the place, that above six thousand Portuguezes were taken Prifoners, and above C fout

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four thousand wounded; that all the Foreign Officers had loft their lives; that entire Families of People of Quality were extinguished there, that the Bissons of Porto and Coimbra, were likewise dead, that Don Lewis was killed, that the Dukes de Braganza and d'Awero had loss their lives; that the Duke de Barcellos, and Anthony Son of Don Lewis were Prisoners, and that Don Henry was dead.

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Souza having fill a ftrong Pafion for Eugenia, and having never been able to forbear looking upon Don Henry's happiness but with Envy, was overjoy'd at first, when he heard his Rival was dead, but his Reafon correcting immediately the first motions of his Passion, he deplored Don Henry's misfortune. He was extreamly concerned at the grief this piece of News would cause in Eugenia, and was more fenfible of the lofs the State had by this accident, than of the particular

particular advantage his death might be of to him in the fequel. But he could not forbear entertaining-fome hopes, and fancied that it ever Eugenia, could be capable of a fecond engagement, all he had done for her, would move her to fome acknowledgement; in the impatience he was to fee her again, he fuddenly Embarqued all the Portugals, who had escaped from the Battel; he thought of fecuring Almeida, and stillre specting her the King had loved, and, had committed to his care, he asked her what place the would chufe for her retreat, that he might Conduct her to it, even to the hazard of his life. ING REAL DISTORT

Almeida without Brother, King, Lover, Relations, Friends and Succours; odious to all the Nations, who had interessed themfelves in that Quarrel, knew not to what place to carry her misfortunes. Of all the Train she had brought into C 2 Portuga

Fortugal, the liad only left a Vene-tian Maid, who came into her Service a little before Makumet was drove out of his Dominions. This young Perfon had been taken at Sea by Hie Moor The Pirates fome time laster that Almerdy was 'returded from Spain ; Alterwas given to that Princess, because the had a thousand fine Quilities, that diflinguished her from other Slaves, and her Relations-had not yet been able to Ranfome her, by reason of the troubles that were in that Kingdom, which caufed Almeida to wander into several places. The Princels had taken an affection for her, and treated her with a great deal of kindnefs.' This Slave feeing her in fo great a perplexity, told her, that in acknowledgment of the favours she had received, 'fhe offered her a Retreat at Venice, that the Bailo of that Republick was her Relation, and the was fure, if the would become a Chriftian.

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Christian; as she had promifed Don Sebaltian the would, her Family would willingly grant, her a Refuge that would not be altogethes unworthy, of her. 11 Almeida willingly accepted the proffer, Souza cauled her to be conducted to Venice, and then, made Sail towards Lisbon 101

Wards Lisbon on The whole Kingdom was in an extream Consternation. The People knew not if Don Sebastian was dead or alive : All the World lamented his misfortunes, and no body knew his fate. Those who were well intentioned, maintained he was stilbalive, and a Prisoner in Africa.: The Seditious faid, that though that were true, they could not reprieve him from Captivity, because War had drained the Revenues, and they could not find Money enough in the Kingdom for his Ranfome. Others caufed a report to run, how he was dead : The People would have a King;

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the best Politicians, and those that were most honest, doubted of all, and faid nothing. There was nothing feen but Relations, which feemed all to confirm the News of the Kings Death. J-Spain had feveral places upon the Confines of Africa, that bordered Portugal: Those who were Governours of them' ftopped all the Pacquets that were fent into Portugal. There were daily feen new Lifts of the dead; the whole Kingdom was in Mourning; each City in Tears; all Families tegretted the loss of a Father, a Hsuband, a Son, or a Brother; oftentimes one alone deplored all these Persons' together; and the Council was at length constrained to appeale the Murmurs of the People, to cause Cardinal Henry to come out of the Abby of Calcobaffa, to which place he was retired, and to proclaim him Governour General of the Kingdom, in the absence of Don Sebastian his Successour to the Crown. Eugenia

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Eugenia using all her endeavours " to have certain News of her Husband, was affured after feveral very exact enquiries, that he had loft his life in that Battel. The grief fhe was in surpassed that of all other Widows; her Affliction was not confounded in the Publick Defola-" tion; she made it be distinguished by its excels. Souza was no fooner arrived, than he would render the Devoirs that Decency exacts on fuch occasions: He was told she was returned into a Religious House, where she admitted of no Vi. fits : He had promised to himself fo much pleasure in seeing Eugenia again, and disengaged from Don Henry, that he could not without an extream trouble, find himfelf : disappointed of that happiness. The Abbels of that Convent was his Aunt: He went to beg fhe would obtain of Eugenia, that he might fee her for a moment; but this Widow prescribed her self too fevere Rules to C 4'

to confent to that interview, which fhe fancied would injure the fidelity fhe owed the Memory of her Husband, and fhe ftill fo firmly oppofed the measures that Souza took to discourse her, that he was afraid, he should be wanting in the respect he owed her, if he still endeavoured to procure himself that fatisfaction.

While all Portugal was in Tears, Africa echoed with shouts of joy for fo great a Victory. Hamet, Molucs Brother, was proclaimed King: He made an Entry into Fez, he brought thither in triumph Mahumets Body, with a great number of Prifoners. After which he bethought himfelf to acquire the favour of the King of Spain. He had means in his hands, that were sure to obtain it : Several Spaniards were among his Prisoners; he was Master of Don Sebastian, whose fate no Body knew. Philip flood in need of him: Thefe two Kings fent

fent Ambassadours to one another. The King of Spain gave to the Value of a hundred thousand. Ducates in Jewels to the King of Fez; who likewife reftored to Philip, without any Ransome, all the Spamards that had been taken Prifoners iu that War. The report of Don Sebastian's death was renewed every where. New Circumstances of it were made Publick: It was faid, that he had not been met withal amongst the Prisoners, and that having fought for him amongst the dead, a naked Man had been found, whole Body refembled his, and was known to be fo by some Portugal Prisoners. Hamet delivered this Corps into the Spanish Governours hands of Ceuta .. He likewise restored to Philip the Duke of Barcellos without Ranfome; and the Council thought fit at length to proclaim at Lisbon, that Don Sebastian was dead, and to perform the Publick Ceremo-mes.

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nies, that those People are used to practise on such occasions, for the appealing the murmurs and the diferders, that were caused by the Doubtful Fate of that unhappy King.

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Cardinal Henry was Crowned King of Fortugal. At first great hopes were conceived from his age and his probity; but befides that the Virtues of one Condition are oftentimes Vices in another, the change of our Fortune almost always changes the disposition of our Mind. Henry became Haughty, Revengeful and Jealous. Few of the late Kings Courtiers kept in favour under this new Reign. He Perfecuted all those who had fhared in the pleasures of Don Sebastian; he revenged himself on all, who had not fhewn him respect enough, and had only applyed themselves to the Kings Person. The Dutchefs of Braganza was the only one of the Antient Court, whole

whose Credit was augmented under Henry. He had for hera great inclination; her Complaifance, her Eagerneffes, and the Affectionate Air she made appear to those she had a mind to pleafe, had engaged Henry. She came to Lisbon uponthe first report of the loss of the Battel, to know News of her Son; and Husband; the deplored the loss of the one's Liberty, and the Life of the other; and King Henry used all his endeavours to divert her Grief. Violanta was not beloved by this Cardinal, but ashe had measures to keep with her, by reason of the Pretentions of Don Anthony her Son, he did not thew her any hatred : She wasgone into Mourning for the Death. of Don Lewis; the better part of: the Court had been to Condole. with her upon her loss. Henry had not seen her, because he hade not confented to Don Lewis his. Marrying her, for fear of being ? constrainedi

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constrained to acknowledge Don Lewis for the Legitimate Successionr of the Crown. The Count de Souza was more in Favour than he had ever been: Henry knew his Prudence, esteemed his Merit, and often followed his Counfels in the Government of the State: Don Lewis had ever shared in the pleafures of Don Sebastian, and had ever applied himself only to the Person of that King. The hatred that Henry bore him for that reason, did not die with him; he was refolved to make his Widow fenfible of the effects of it: He brought Suits at Law against her, that were capable of ruining her, and maintained that the better part of her Husbands Eflate had been alienated from the Crown, and ought to be reunited to it. Eugenia had plunged her felf into fuch an affliction, that the neither thought of State nor of Life, and believed she ought not to manage any of those. things,

things, after having loft what she loved. Her Relations were not favourites enough at Court to undertake her detence. Souza Employed all his Credit to preferve to her the Estate they would have deprived her of, and did it with Succefs. Henry Sacrificed his Refentment to the Prayers of this Count, and took pity of Eugenia. But as the Count de Souza durst not hazard feeing her, fince the had fent him Word, that he would difoblige her, if he seemed to have that Defign; he contented himfelf with defiring one of that Widows Relations to acquaint her on the part of Henry, that he reftored to her all her Estate, without declaring to this Relation, that Henry had only granted this Act of Grace to Eugenia upon his folicitation; but the noise thereof was already spread. through all the City; which Eugenia was informed of at the fame time, they acquainted her with this

this News; fhe appeared as little fensible of the Services of Souza, as the kindnesses of Henry, fo full was her Soul of Grief, and fo unconcerned was she for things of this World.

The King of Spain having had Advice, that Don Sebastian's death had been Proclaimed in Portugal, and Cardinal Henry made King, refolved to joyn the powerful Motives of Religion and Justice to the secret Practices he entertained in all parts, for the maintaining the Pretensions he had upon that Crown. Conscience in Spain is an Actress, that has ever a Principal Part in all things, and had the greatest share in this Intrigue. Philip caused the most Learned and Famous Casuists to be Consulted, and Civil Layers of his Kingdom, and they unanimoully declared, that Don Sebastian being dead, he might Seize on the Kindom of Portugal to the prejudice of Henry : hut

But whether Philip having other Wars to maintain, feared that the Portuguezes would by force of Arms defend the Crown, they had newly placed upon Henry's head, or was afraid this War would give those People new remembrances of Don Sebastian, whom without any difficulty they had believed to be dead, because they faw a Prince of their Country Succeed him, and of whofe death they should not fo eafily perfuade themfelves, if a stranger should Seize on the Throne; the King of Spain found the ways of Artifice, more fure than those of open Force, and thought it convenient to let Henry Reign, for the little time he had to live, rather than difgust those People by too much Precipitation.

As foon as the Duke of Barcellos was got out of Hamets Prifons, he passed the Straits to go into Portugal, and promised himself to fatisfie

fatisfie in a little time, the tender impatience of Leonora, who had fo long fighed for his return. But Philip, fearing this Duke might occasion new obstacles to the Spaniards Pretensions, by reason of the Right the Quality of the Dutchess of Braganza's Heir gave him to that Crown, refolved to retard as much as he could his Arrival. He employ'd all manner of Artifices to hinder the Duke from going to Lisbon: And as he knew that he was to pass by Saint Lucar, he fent Orders to the Duke of Medina Sidonia, who was Governour of that place, to detain him in that City as long as was possible for him. Some New Diversion was daily invented to cause him to stay, and he ever found fomething New and Magnificent to invite a delay. Several Pretexts had already been found out to stop him, when the Duke not being able to refift any longer

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longer Leonora's impatience, who defired him inceffantly by tender and prefling Letters to return to Lisbon, refolved at length to depart from Saint Lucar, and made known with much firmness to the Duke of Medina Sidonia, that he was refolved to depart the next day. This Governour still endeavoured to perfuade him; but feeing the Duke was obstinate to be gone, he caused all his Equipage to be feized on with abfolute Authority, and told the Duke of Barcellos as gently as was possible forhim, that being Governour of that. place for the King of Spain, he could not suffer him to go away without Order from his Master; that he would write to him about . it the next day, and that as foon as he received an answer, all the ways should be open to him. The Dake furprized at this procedure, gave notice thereof to the Dutchefs his Mother. She complained of that

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that Violence to *Henry*: He affured her, he would folicite her Sons Liberty with all the ardour he was capable of, and received this occasion of obliging the Dutchefs, with fo much joy, and fo much eagerness, that she no longer doubted, that what she had fuspected of him was real.

This Dutchels had already remarqued how the other Virtue the Cardinal had ever made profession of, suffered it self to be insenfibly feduced by Pleafures, which attend a Crown. She was extreamly Complaifant to him; she feemed young; was still Beautiful, and having a Design upon the Crown of Portugal, the was willing to procure Henry's fuffrage, ' and used all her endeavours to infinuate her felf into that Kings Favour. Old Men as well as Children are ufually won by those who flatter them: Cardinal Henry took great delight in the Complaisances

plaisances of that Dutchess, and fancying that Sixty feven Years, with a long Practice of all Virtues, were a sure Preservative against Love, he let his Eyes continually enjoy the Pleafures of feeing that Dutchess, and abandoned himself. entirely to the Charms that feduced him, without forefeeing what it would come to. A Heatt that never loved, is as much a Novice at Sixty years old, as in the tenderest youth; and the frequent. Conversations of a Beautiful Person, have the Art of taming the most Savage Virtue ; that of Henry became susceptible by little and little: The Dutchess perceived his Love sooner than he himself, she faw it bud with joy, and applauded her felf in fecret for that Conquest, that might be of fuch advantage to her Defigns. As foon as the King knew, that the inclination he had for the Dutchess, was love attended with all its disquiets, he

he was extreamly concerned; he would have called his reason to his Rescue; but love had drove it away; 'twas too far off to underhand him, or to return, and all he could do against that, Passion, was to shut it up in his Heart, to conceal it with care from the Eyes of all the Court, and to declare nothing of it to her who cauled it. He had the pleasure of secing the Dutchess, and she was, ever Complaisant. She seemed to know nothing of his Paffion, , but, what he was willing to acquaint her: with. He infenfibly explained to her all he was fenfible of after this manner. And as the kindnefs of Old Men is not fo furious as ordi-. nary love, and that 'tis rathen a fweet folly than a strong Passion, the violence he used upon himself, did not put him in too much pain, and he enjoy'd with tranquility enough, the Pleafure of being near what one loves.

Souza's

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Souza's Paffion was not fo Calm, what respect soever he had for Eu. genia's Orders, it was not without an extream constraint, that he obeyed them: He ardently defired to fee her; could not forbear making frequent Visits to his Aunt. and the other Friends he had in that Convent; took delight in being under the fame Roof with his Mistris: They talked of her often to him, and the violence he used upon himself to conceal his love from all the World, did not hinder him from taking a great deal of Pleasure in those Converfations : He had a Sifter whom he tenderly loved: She defired him one day to accompany her to her Aunts, whom fhe had a mind to Visit, which he confented to with joy. When they came to the Convent, they were told, that the Abbels was in a Parlour with Eugenia, who could not refuse seeing one of her Relations, who was lately

lately arrived at Lisbons' Souza was full of joy at the News, and was going haftily into the Parlour; but the lear of displeasing her he loved immediately with-held him, and made him think fometime upon that Defign He let'the Abbels know, that her Niece asked to fee her; and as there was no mention made of Souza, Eugenia stayed without thinking he was to come with his Sifter; he perceived the was vexed and surprized to see him : The grief of having difplea fed Euzenia, and the Lustre of her Beauty, which feemed to be augmented fince her Widowhood, cau fed fo much trouble in that Lover, that Eugenia could not forbear having fome pity, though at the first fight of him, the refolved to withdraw: The diforder, love, respect, and repentance that the Count made appear in his Eyes, and the remembrance of all he had done for her, staid her for some moments,

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moments, and after having thought upon what was her Devoir in that Rencounter, she judged it more convenient to remain, than make it believed by her retreat, that she took a particular care to avoid Souza. The Conversation was general; the Count durst not speak of his Passion otherwise than by tender looks, which a respectful fear fometimes curbed, and which Eugenia's feverity often refused to understand. This Interview perplexing her, fhe quickly found a pretext to withdraw: The Abbefs being called away by fome Duties of her profession, retired prefently aster: This Visit was somewhat short, and Souza parted from thence more charmed with Eugenia than he had ever been.

This Widow was afterwards fomething concerned the had flaid in a Compauy where Souza was prefent, and reproaching her felf fometimes for having feen a Man, who

who had loved her in her Husbands life time. The Abbels having already observed, that her Nephew had a great Passion for Eugenia, discoursed her often about Souza, and fometimes told her, that Young and Beautiful as she was fhe could not remain long a Widow, that the Affairs of her Family would oblige her to Marry again fome one, whose Credit and Prudence might fupport her Intereft, that the faw in the Count de Souza all that could render her happy, and that if fhe found fhe . had the least inclination for him, fhe ought to confent to their Marriage. But Eugenia possessed with the Memory of her Husband, could not fuffer any other Idea. The Nicenels of her Virtue fancied it Criminal to give Ear to fuch propositions: She repulsed them with all the firmnels that the Civility fhe owed the Abbefs, and · the efteem she had for the Count de

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de Souza could permit her, and made them fo well know, that fuch Difcourfes were not pleafing to her, as they ceafed to be importunate.

The Pleasure Cardinal Henry enjoy'd with the Dutchess of Braganza did not last long. Anthony, who was then in Africa, and had cunningly concealed his Quality from all the Moors, found the means of escaping, and returned to Lisbon, but was but coldly received by King Henry. All the Court immediately asked him News of Don Sebastian; but as he had been amongst the Common Prisoners, was one of the first that that had freed himfelf from Slavery, and the Fate of this King had ever been kept very secret in Africa, he could fay nothing particular thereof. He faw the Dutchefs, fhe charmed him, and he fancied she might be useful to him in regard of the Pretensions he had to the

the Crown: He thought, if she joyned the right she had to that Kingdom to his, they fhould carry it from all others. He paid refpects to the Dutchess, which met with a favourable reception; fhe confider'd his Pretensions in the fame Defign as he had done hers. Great Intrigues were formed between them; and though she kept great measures with Henry, he conceived fo ftrong a Jealousie of that Union, that he made his Complaint to the Dutchefs, and fell in a rage against Anthony. The one without difowning his Passion, promised the King to Renounce it in his Favour, and the other denied she had any Correspondence with that Prince.

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Every thing Alarmed this Jealous King: Anthony durft not be in any place where the Dutchels went; and as forbidding to fee one another, does furnish those who have any disposition to love, with the occasion of making fecret assignations

nations which ever advances the aims of a Passion: Anthony who could not see the Dutchess in Publick, faw her in Private; he defired fecret Rendezvouzes of her, which fhe was not able to refuse him. They had mutual Interests that concerned the State; Policie ferved Love in that occasion, as Love serves Policie in others. The Dutchess aimed at a Crown: Anthony employ'd all his cares to make himfelf King. He was very much beloved by the People, he gained the Suffrages of the Principal Inhabitants of the City, who went to defire Henry to name a Successionr to the Throne, and to confider in that Nomination the Rights of An. thony and the Voice of the People, who declared themselves in his favour. This Harangue frighted Henry; he had conceived a mortal hatred to his Nephew, fince he had fancied him his Rival. He refolved to deprive him at one D -2 Caft

Cast of the Kingdom, and of the Dutchefs, by Marrying that Princefs. He coloured this Defign with the necessity of giving a Successiour to the Throne, for the preventing those Wars the pretenders to that Crown, threatned the State withal. He Communicated this Defign to the Dutchess of Braganza : He flattered her Ambition; fhe consented to it, notwithstanding the inclination fhe had for Anthony. This pretext did lure the fimple; but there were two great obstacles to this Marriage. Henry was a Priest, and fixty years old. Kings never want able Men, who remove the Scruples and Difficulties that are contrary to their Defigns. The Physicans told him, he was capable of getting Successions. Some Casuists assured him, that he might eafily obtain a Dispensation from the Pope for a Match fo necessary to the State; and Edward of Castel Bianco was nominated Ambaffadour to

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to his Holinefs, for the obtaining that Difpensation.

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The King of Spain having Advice thereof, was very much alarmed. His Partizans talked publickly, that Henry was incapable of Marriage, and he could never have any Children, but fuch as were imposed upon him. Philip caused the Pope to be defired he would not grant that Dispensation, and sent to Lisbon a certain Jacobin, called Ferrand du Castilio, a very fubril Divine and Cunning Monk, who by the free and good Reception the Fathers of his Order had at Court, infinuated himself cunningly into Henry's Favour, without making known to any one fo-. ever, that he came from the Court of Spain, and without acquainting any body with the occasion of his Journey; he laboured under the Cloak of his Monkiship Habbit, and under the appearence of Piety, to effect and bring to pass the Designs of DZ 2/501-

of Philip. He coloured all his Practices with a great Zeal for the Church; and devoutly reprefented to Henry, that his Marrying would utterly deftroy the Catholick Religion; that the Herefies which then Reigned, would be more Spirited by that Action ; that: the Hereticks, who pretend that Marriage is not incompatible with the Service of our Altars; would cite him amongst all Christian People, as an Example that would autherife their belief, and would Scan dalife the Rymanifes, tand that origin would be much better to lofe all the Kingdoms of the World, than to make the least breach in the Ca-

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But what care foever the Press tenders to the Crown of Portugal had taken fince the Defeat in Africa, to perfuade the People that Don Sebastian was dead, they had not been able to establish that belife fo well amongst them, but there always always ran fome report in that Kingdom, how this King was still alive. They learnt from time to time, some News of his Captivity: One of the Principal Inhabitants of the Isles of Tercera, who had accompanied that unfortunate Prince in his Voyage, and had escaped out of the Moors Prifons, had to well perfuaded it to the People of those Islands, that they ever made mention of Don Sebastian, as of a King who was living, in the Publick Prayers. He went to Lisbon himself to warrant this News, and to affure it to all the Court; but Cardinal Henry would give no Credit to it, and fancied this rumour was only a New Artifice for the putting by his Marriage. This Man was treated as an Imposture; his Person was secured without any noife, and fecretly difpatched into the other World : Almeida being still at Venice, heard all these rumours, and as she dcfired D 4

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fired with more Paision than any other, that they were real, she gave easier, Credit to them than any Body else, and by Letters defired those Friends she had less at *Lisbon*, to Contrive some means of Delivering Don Sebastian. But all that came from that African Princess was odious to the Portuguezes, and this News was so ill entertained at Court, that the most disinteressed Politicians stifled it in its Birth.

Anthony was yet more alarmed at Henrys Projects, than the King of Spain was, he redoubled his Efforts to become King of Portugal, and to render himfelf worthy of the Dutchefs of Braganza. He continually endeavoured to acquire new Partizans; he fent to Solicite the Magistrates of all the Cities; lie made known to the People, that it was for them to choose a King, because the Salick Law being received in that Kingdom, the Crown (57)

Crown wanting Heirs Males in a direct Line, the Election belonged to them, and that John I, one of their Kings, on fuch another occafion, had been chosen by the People. He supported the Malecontents, flattered the Bold, and feduced the Weak : But his Love was yet more troublefome than his Ambition; he loved the Dutchefs as much as the Throne, and was no more fure of the Possession of the one than of the Love of the other. When he had learnt that fhe confented to the Match which Henry Projected, he went to her privately, and told her, after having entertained her with the Progretses he made upon the Peoples Minds: Heaven is my Witness, Madam, that I less esteem the Conquest of a Kingdom than that of your Heart, and if I did not believe that the Throne would one day advance size up to you, I. Should never think of raising my self up to it; I know you D 5 are. (58)

are worthy of a Crown, I also know, you cannot fail of it; but I know not whether you had not rather choofeto receive it from the Hands of Henry than from mine; and if preferring a certain Possession before doubtful Hopes, you are not more inclined to that King, as old and decrepit as he is, than to a young Prince, who loves you to adoration: But Madam, without particularizing the difficulties that oppose the Match you have confented to-Sir, interupted the Dutchess, those would be useless, I know all that is contrary to this Union on the Kings part, and am willing to acquaint you with all those that opposes it on mine; I do not find that Henry is lovely; you have all that is requisite to please, I would prefer you with delight before that King, and in fine, I should love you, if I believed my Heart; but Prince, better regulated Motions are to be Confulred for our Union, Love must be filent, and Reason onght alone to Ipeak,

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Speak when we aim at a Crown: My endeavours are to reign, and the I am not vain enough to abandon my felf to that fancy, I am so ambitious as not to neglect any thing that may place me upon the Throne. Ah! Madam, answered Anthony after a Passionate manner, when we are sensible of Love, Ambition has not that Power over our Actions, and for my part, I call Heaven to Witness, I hardly ever dream of Reigning, but I think incessantly of you. That is not the. way to please me, reply'd the, the Affairs of the Kingdom are much more pressing than those of our Love. When you have employ'd your thoughts. with advantage upon the Ibrone, you will have time to think agreeably. of me: Procure, Sir, your self a Crown, and leave the Care to me of making you be beloved : If I am not as sensible as you, I am at least more fincere, and am willing to avow to. you, that with a Crown you would please me more than the King; but that:

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that the King will please me more than you as long as you are not Crow. ned. As to the rest, if you believe these Sentiments too severe for your love, think that't is not to be very indifferent to hear you in private and without anger, and to declare my felf in favonr of your uncertain Cabals and doubtful hopes, against the fincere and fure Offers which the King makes me of his Crown. But, Madam, answered Anthony, you have continual favours for Henry. This is all I can do for you Prince, reply'd she, I will not openly fall out with the King, (nor would you Counsel me to do so) I have neither Forces nor Friends to offer you, we have both of us some Pretensions to the Crown, I am willing to joyn mine to yours: Endeavour on your fide, while I shall Alt on mine, and be persuaded, that if I could be Mistriss of the Kingdom, without Sharing it with Henry, I would share it with yeu.

Thefe

Thefe laft Wards filled Anthony full of joy: He made a thoufand Paflionate acknowledgments to the Dutchefs, they both agreed at parting to ufe their Efforts for the procuring Father Ferrand to be of their Cabal: Anthony perceiving, that oppofing as he did Henry's Marriage, he would not be contrary to their Union, and the Dutchefs, believing, that being Anthonies Friend, as he had declared himfelf he was, he would fometimes facilitate their interview.

This Good Father, who did not fo much fear the Marriage of the Dutchefs with Anthony, as with Henry, confented to favour the Paffion of thofe two Lovers. After having exacted from them an authentick Declaration of the purity of their intentions, believing he fhould ever have means and time enough to deftroy the tender Commerce he thought fit to entertain, if it fhould once happen to be (62)

be contrary to his Mafters Defigns, this Religious acquitted himfelf worthily of that Commission Anthony not thinking Father Ferrand to be a Pensioner of Spain, and daily receiving a thousand good Offices from him, declared to him part of his Projects, which the zealous Father, immediately gave notice to of Philip. He was very diligent, and rendred himself necessary to the Dutches, infomuch as the only concealed to him her most fecret Defigns.

An occalion that offered of lerving her, augmented the Confidence she had in him. The King of Spain was in no haste to answer the Letters that Henry had writ to him concerning the Liberty of the Duke of Barcellos. He was still detained at St. Lucars; the Dutchess his Mother was extreamly vexed, the People murmured, and the Jacobin seeing that this Detension might have ill Confequences. quences, wrote fecretly to Philip. and at the fame time promifed the Dutchefs, that the Duke of Medina, whose particular Friend he said he was, would doubtless give Liberty to her Son, upon his defire: And indeed the Duke of Barcellos went presently after from St. Lucars. 'Twas given out, that the Duke of Medina out of too much precaution had detained him without any Order from Court. Father Ferrand feemed to be principal Agent in that Affair. The Dutchefs was full of acknowledgment. and the King of Spain by very obliging Letters, defired this young Duke to pass into Spain, and come and divert himfelf at that Court, pretending to be very defirous of feeing him. But the Duke of Barcellos distrusted the Spaniards Carress, and thought not fitting to undertake that Journey. The Dutchess his Mother not being willing, he should engage himself further with

Leonora,

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Leonora, fent him word, that it, was as unfafe for him to be at Lisbon, as at St. Lucar, ordered him to retire to Villa Vifola, where he would be Mafter, and have nothing to fear. What Inftances foever Leonora had made to this Duke, he was forced to obey; War, Ambition, Abfence and Pleafures had almost effaced her out of his Heart; and times and the cares of his Fortune, quite difengaged him from that Passion which had never been very violent.

After Eugenia had passed fome Months in the Monastry she was retired into, the Counsels of her Relations, the Prayers of her Friends, and the necessity of her Affairs obliged her to return to Lishon. All the Court Ladies made her their Visits. The Dutchess of Braganza, was of this number; she made her some obliging reproaches upon the difficulties there was to see her, where she Was

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was in that Convent. You would hardly confent to see your Relations, faid that Dutchefs to her fmiling, and of all the Men in the World, the Count of Souza had only the. happiness of Discoursing you there. Tho Eugenia had nothing to reproach her felf for that interview, fhe was however out of Countenance and Confused at this Difcourfe; she was afraid, they would fuspect her of having some intrigue with a Man who had loved her fo long a time, and defended her felf as well as fhe could from this Reproach. But the Dutchess having observed her Diforder and Blushing, fancyed there was some intelligence betwixt those two Perfons. Lewis of Granada who former ly justified Souza, acquainted the King, that he was in love with Eugenia: The Dutchefs had been told it, and as Gallant Women are ever glad to make it believed, that the most fevere are ingaged in some Intrigue

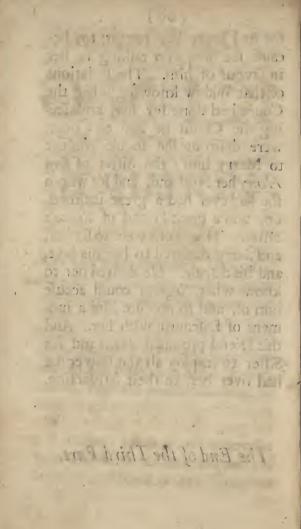
Intrigue of Galantry, this Dutchefs continued malicioufly that Railery, and reported every where, that *Eugenia* had a long time had a kindnefs for *Souza*.

This Widow was extreamly Jealous of her Honour; she was extreamly vexed at Souza for having brought upon her that Difgrace, tho she very well knew it was not his fault. She refolved never to fee him more, and let him know every time he came to Visit her, that she was indisposed, and could not. fee any Body. Souza knew not by what Crime he had merited all these Cruelties: He was fure, he had never failed in his Refpect to Eugenia, and had ever Sacrificed all things to her : he perceived, that the could not be ignorant of what he had done for her, and knew too well the feverity of her Virtue, to dare to undertake to write to her. She had left off feeing the Abbess of the Convent fhe

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the had made her retreat to, because she was ever talking to her in favour of him. The Relations of that Widow knowing what the Count had done for her, and feeing the Credit he had at Court, were desirous she should consent to Marry him; the Sifter of Don Henry her Husband, and for whom fhe had ever had a great inclination, was a great Friend of Souza's Sifter. They both went to fee her, and Souza declared to her his love, and his defpair. He defired her to know what Eugenia could accuse him of, and to procure him a moment of Difcourse with her. And this Friend promised Souza and his Sister to employ all the Power she had over her, to their fatisfaction.

The End of the Third Part.



Don Sebaftian KING OF Portugal.

An Hiftorical Novel.

PART IV.

Done out of French by Mr. FERRAND SPENCE.

LONDON,

Printed for R. Bentley and S. Magnes, in Russel-street in Coventgarden, 1683.



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THE

Don Sebaftian,

IN

PORTUGAL.

OF

In the mean time, the Pope made no great hafte to grant Henry the Difpenfation that his Ambaffadour demanded of him. The Cabals of Spain were ftronger than the Solicitations of Caftel Bianco. The People grew impatient, and feared the Wars, which the Pretenders to the Crown threatned Portugal with after the Death of Henry. Anthony in all places excited the murmurs; he had gained

gained the Peoples Favour, and the fuffrages of the Court. Philip had notice of all that passed : He ordered Father Ferrand to feek out the means of ftopping his Progress; which the Father had Infallible ones to do, and refolved to procure his being Banished from Lisbon. Henry was but too much disposed to hate him; the Cabals he raised every where, and the love he had for the Dutchefs, were fuch Crimes, in respect of that King, as could not fail of drawing down his vengeance; but Father Ferrand was not willing to be the Informer, this was too contrary to the good and devout Character he affected; he would not involve the Dutchess in this Affair, he had particular Confiderations for her: The Friendship and Confidence of those two Lovers were necessary to him; wherefore he fo behaved himfelf as to keep them both his Friends. Leonora was vexed at the

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the Dutchess, being she had hindred her Son from coming to Lisbon, and fancied, that fhe alone was the caufe of this change: The peeks that Love caufes between perfons of that Sex, become irreconcileable averfions. Father Ferrand had some acquaintance with Leonora, from the time he folicited the Liberty of the Duke of Barcellos : She had made feveral Vifits to this good Father, to learn News of her Lover, and he had difcovered the hatred fhe had for the Dutchefs, when he acquainted her, that the Duke of Barcellos had Order to go to Villa Visola.

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Chance had put into the Jacolins hands a Letter that Anthony wrote to the Dutchefs, in which he let her know, that he had learnt, that his Holiness would fpin out the business of the Dispenfation folong a time, that Henry should be dead before an answer would be given to it; that she was E

coo good to fuffer the perfecutions of fo useless an Amour, as was that of the Old Cardinal, and too Cruel if she did not declare her self in favour of a Prince, who would infallibly put the Crown upon her head. This Letter faid enough against the Duke, and too little against the Dutchess, to accuse her of a Formal Intrigue. There needed no more than to shew it the King. Father Ferrand fliewed it Leonora, as if he had found it by chance. She defired the Father to give her that Letter: He obstinately denied it, till he had made her promise, she would never declare from whom she had it; and after having given it her, he defired her not to make any noise with it, but to flew it the King with as much caution and moderation as was possible, if the good of the State obliged her foto do. As foon as fhe had this Letter, she bethought her felf of the means to shew it to Henry,

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Henry, and made choice of Phæbus Monis, who was Vereador of Lisbon, and had great access to the King, and was entirely devoted to Leo. nora, having been one of Christopher de Tavora her Fathers Officers. She fent for him, and told him, that it was important for the good of the State, and for his particular Interefts, that the King were acquainted with a Letter, which was come to her Hands: And after having shew'd it him, she begged him to let Henry fee it, and told him, that she found it in the Jacobin's Church, which was the very place where the Dutchefs had let it fall. Monis executed this Commillion very punctually. The King faw that Letter, and was in an extream fury against Anthony: He Banished him from Court, and sent him to his Priory of Crato. But notwithstanding all the measures the King took to hinder the Interviews of these two Lovers, Antho-

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ny did not fail to take his leave of the Dutchefs, through the industry of the Jacolin; they took measures to write to one another, and it was this good Father, who received and convey'd the Letters from and to either party, he was their dearest Confident, and best Friend. They fancied they could not choose a more faithful Correfpondent in their Commerce; they imagined, that they would fooner open the Pacquets of all the Court, than those that were addressed to the Religious, who have ever had in Spain and Portugal, particular Priviledges and Prerogatives

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Eugenia's Sifter-in-law, often Difcourfed her about Count de Souza as fhe had promifed him to do, and defired her with fo much earneftnefs to permit the Count to come and fee her, that notwithftanding the repugnance her Scruples gave her to that Vifit, fhe confented to it, yet upon Condition, that it fhould (77)

should be in presence of that mutual Friend; the immediately fent Word to the Count de Souza to come to Eugenia's: How great was the joy of this Lover, who had fighed to long a time for this happiness! He run thither with eagernels, but how great was the trouble, when after having Saluted that Beautiful Widow, he faw more feverity in her looks than she had ever fhown him; he likewise fancied he faw there fome anger, and was extreamly furpriz'd, when Eugenia's Sifter being willing to withdraw a little to give them the Liberty of entertaining one another, fhe staying her, told her, Is it to abandon me, Sister, that you have engaged me to this Interview? And the violence I did to my felf for your sake, does it not deserve you should be as good as your Word to me? I am very unhappy, Madam, answered the Count full of grief and respect, that the fight of me is so great a con-E 3 Araint

straint to you : The love I have fo long had for you, the endeavours I have used, and the care I have taken to conceal it even from your Eyes, ought not they to have appealed your Anger? Tou have not fo well concealed your Passion, said Eugenia, but that all the Court has known it, it has even fince some few days caused reports to run, that are injurious to my Reputation; and notwithstanding all the prefing Solicitations of my Sister, I should not at present have confented to see you, if I had not had the Defign of begging you to stifle that Pallion, and to avoid carefully for the future the occasions of seeing me, far from seeking them as you do? Ab! Madam, cried the Count, could you put me to a more cruel Torture? Have you forgotten my past respects ? Do you complain of my present Carriage ? And do you think tis in my power to forbear loving you in the future? My Lord, reply'd she, I remember with an extream

tream acknowledgment, all you have done for nie; I should even see at pre-Sent your affection without displeasure, and should with joy persuade my self, that you would ever love me: But I love my Honour, and will follow my Devoir. If I approved your Passion, it would be believed, that I suffered it in my Husbands Life time. It has been already but too much talked of, and I will not give ground for those Calumnies. I loved Don Henry, and he loved me; I deplore his death; I thought ever to cherish his Memory, and never elfewhere engage a Heart that I have given him. Does not Death break all manner of Engagements, Madam, reply'd Sour za? Don Henry's Ashes, do they exall any fidelity from you? You have ever lived after such a manner, that the most bespattering Persons could not Suspect your Conducts : All the World does but too well know, what an excess of kindness you had for Don Henry. 'Tis well enough known, E4 what

what a veneration I have ever had for you; and if you would render me happy, those Reproaches which you are fo much afraid of, and which have only been the light suspicion of a Malicious Person, would be disipated by our Union. The Count endeavoured by these reasons and all others his Wit and Pallion could inspire him with, to render Engenia more favourable to his Paffion, and lefs fenfible of the Memory of Don Henry; but the aufterity of her Virtue made her inflexible : And her Sifter-in-law, who knew the Credit, Paffion and Defert of Souza, had all the trouble imaginable to obtain from her Sifter, that the Count might fee her fometimes; and Eugenia would not confent to it, till he had promifed he would see her but seldom, not fpeak to her of love, nor make any Propositions of Marriage as long as her Mourning lasted. Souza obey-

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ed her, he faw her very rarely; and faid not a Word to her of his Paffion. But Love knows how to make it felf understood without the help of Words, and Discourses the fulleft of kindness are not those that are the most perfuasive : Tho his Vifits were very regular, his Affiduities, his Cares, and all his Actions spoke in favour of a Passion, that his Mouth durst not Explain. Eugenia, who had refused to understand the ordinary Language of Love, hearkned to these Interpreters, without being difpleafed, and was very glad that the feverity of her Devoir was deceived by these little Artifices, and that the Carriage of fo respectful a Lover stifled all manner of reproaches.

Henry's Love being fomething reaffured by the removal of Anthony, he employ'd himfelf entirely to the Pretensions that the Dutchefs had to the Throne, against E 5 the

the Cabals of all afpiring Candidates to that Crown: He made known to the Deputies of the States, that he would favour that Dutchefs in all that should be possible; he Solicited the Clergy for her; he Prayed the Nobility; Flattered the Commons; promifed fome, threatned others, and at length made fo many Cabals for the Dutchefs, that part of the States declared themselves already in Favour of her Pretensions. The King of Spain caused forty thousand Men to March to the Frontiers of Portugal, to joyn Force to the Reafons and Artifices he had already employ'd. And that nothing might be neglected, he fent two Perfons of great knowledge to Lisbon, in the Quality of Ambaffadours, that they might make known the Right of his Pretenfions to the King and the States of Portugal, with Order however not to make any Act, by which they fhould

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fhould acknowledge the Jurifdiction of *Henry*. All thefe Agents made no progrefs with him in their Negotiation: His heart had preingaged his Mind in favour of the Dutchefs; they in vain made Prefents and Promifes to Perfens of Quality, and to the People for procuring their Suffrages: The Voice of a King how. feeble focver, has more power than the ftrongeft Cabals, and what is most difficult to other Men, is ever easie to Lovers.

None but the *Jacobin* was capapable of warding the blow that threatned the Pretenfions of the King of Spain. The Dutchefs put that entire Confidence in him, as that fhe gave him the Letters fhe wrote to Anthony, for the Conveying them to him: And as the one day told this Good. Father, fhe would fend him one the next morning for that Prince, he acquainted Leonora with it the fame day, that fhe might caufe that Letter to be taken from the Man, who

who used to bring them him. Leonora feeking all occasions of injuring the Dutchess, went to find out Monis, and told him, that the knew an infallible means of augmenting his Credit with Henry, by rendring him a Signal Service; that he needed only to Way-lay one of the Dutchess of Braganza's Servants, and take from him by force or consent a Letter he was to carry the next morning to the Jacobin; and that if he let the King fee it, it would procure him a Recompence above his hopes. Monis was one of those Ambitious Men, who defiring to advance themfelves at Court, employ'd all manner of means to get into Favour. He accepted the proposition with joy, and found it no difficult task to get that Letter out of the Mans hands, when he spoke to him in the Kings Name. It was very kind, and made appear Correspondence enough with Anthony, to reduce

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reduce the King into utter despair. This Letter made a great noise at Court: Father Ferrand faw that the Sequels of it could not be fafe for him. And as People of that Profession are ever ready to change place, without much noife and Equipage, he departed the fame day to return into Spain: And all those who were acquainted with this precipitated departure, fancied the King not taking in good part the Advices that this Good Father gave him upon his Marriage, had Commanded him to retire.

Henry being become desperate with what he had learnt of the Dutches, went to her House in the violence of his Transport, and told her all that Choller can inspire a Jealous Husband with. She endeavourd at first to perfuade him, that her Enemies had forg'd that Letter for the preventing the Effect of his kindnesses. She would then, not being able to deny her

own Hand Writing, make Henry believe, that she had been put upon by surprize to write that Letter, and had been perswaded it was neceffary to her Interests. But the King not relithing any of her Excufes, and still loading her with reproaches, she told him very haughtily, that he could not complain of her with Justice, that not having made him any promife, he had no right to ask her any thing; and that if she had had any Complaifance for him, he ought to be obliged to her for it, and not pretend it was an engagement in her. He would have reprefented to her, all the Cares he had taken to cause her to be preferred before the other Pretenders to the Crown; he vow'd to her the Ardour of his Passion, and the Design he had taken of Marrying her; but she would not suffer him to talk long upon that Subject. I know you would Marry me, answer'd she him very firmly, I likewife difposed my self to give you my Hand; but you also know if love had begun that Union on your side, Policy endeavoured to Compleat it on mine. and you have too much Understanding and Experience to believe that a Blind Love made me seek for this Marriage : If I have any Inclination for Anthony, I have yet much more for my Grandeur and my Devoir: If you would have made me Queen, I ____ would have Married you, and never have seen him. If he could have Crowned me, I would have given him my Hand, and never listned to your highs: I have considered, that the. thoughts of my Grandeur requires I should manage both; I thought I might without deceiving you, and without doing my self an injury, have some Complaisance for your Highness, and I fancied, my Devoir' would permit me to have some inclination for a Prince, who shewed a great deal of love for me. Iour thoughts deceived you, answered Henry haughtily,

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haughtily, the Bastard of a Prince, is but a meer Gentleman, Madam, and it it is to want Discretion and Respect, to place Anthony in your Heart under that Quality in parallel with me. I never make Comparison, reply'd the Dutchess to him, nettled at this Discourse, Anthony bath his Merit, you have yours, and I know how to do Justice to both. Mine shall not be so favourable to that Rebel, as yours, answered the King, going away in a rage, and time will make appear, bow much you are mistaken in your Projects.

Cardinal Henry retir'd in the crueleft vexation he had ever been; he shut himfelf up for two hours in his Clofet, without fuffering any body to fee him: How unhappy am I, faid he, that I have not been able to defend my heart against the Dutchess of Braganza? Her pretended Affection only aimed at seducing me, and my Age and Experience have not been been able to defend me against her Artifices; I fancied she had some inclination for me; and I knew not, that she was only sensible to Ambition, and that a Man of my years, was not likely to enflame any Woman with love : Why had I the Capricious Design of Marrying? What is become of the severe Virtue I ever made profession of? I formerly served for an example to all the Kingdom, and am at present the Subject of its Laughter: How fatal is my Throne to me! it costs me my Repose, Innocence and Liberty. What Crimes have not Ambition and Love made me already Commit ? I have deprived some of their Estates, Banished others ; I persecute my Nephew with Cruelty; I frustrate the Rights of all those who pretend to the Crown, and all this in favour of an ungrateful Woman, who despises me, and Sacrifices me to a Rival. I must abandone that Perfidious Woman, see her no more, and recall into my heart the (90)

the Virtue that I have Banished thence: Alas! it rendred me happy and peaceable, and I am at prejent the most unfortunate of all Men. It was by these and such other like Reflexions, that Henry endeavoured to Exhale his Grief, and Cure his Love; he ceased seeing the Dutchefs, and no longer favoured her Pretensions. He resolved to give to the Right of the King of Spain the Suffrages and Cares he had done to the Pretensions of the Dutchefs of Braganza. He proposed to the States, to Name Philip for his Successour; but as the Portuguezes have ever been Enemies to the Government of Spain, that Proposition was not kindly received, and the King of Spain continued to fend Forces upon the Frontiers of Portugal. These Warlike Preparations alarmed all the Neighbouring Princes: The Pope being willing to take advantage of that occasion, to become Arbitrator

of the Christian Princes, caused his Mediation to be offered to Philip for the pacifying mutters, and reconciling those differences. But the King of Spain, who would appear as Submiffive to the Pope as he was Fixed to his Interefts, did not refuse his Offers, he made his acknowledgmentstotheNuncio; he likewife accepted them in General terms; he was too much a Politician openly to refuse that Mediation; but not being willing to give New Examples to Christian Princes of acknowledging the Apostolick See for the Judge of Kingdoms, he fpun things out to length, without giving any Politive answer to his Holinesses Nuncio; and when he could no longer excuse making Reply, he told him, that the Justice of his Pretensions were fo well grounded, and fo manifest, that there was no occasion for a Mediator in that Affair; that Hen. ry was too well intentioned towards

wards him, and the States of Porrugal did fufficiently acknowledge his Right: However, that if any Change happened in Affairs, and it grew neceffary to choofe an Arbitratour of that Difference, he would not fail to have recourfe to the Holy Father, as to the Refuge and Judge of all true Chriftians, and to make use in that occasion of his Holiness Zeal.

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During all these Negotiations, Henry whom Age and Truobles had very much weakned, fell Sick, and died about four days after, almost in the Arms of the Dutchess of Braganza, who was reconciled to him, but had however employ'd all her Address in vain to persuade him to make her Succeed in the Kingdom of Portugal by his Will. They had not yet had time to think of the Funerals of this Cardinal, when four Deputies from the Isles of Terceras, came to Court to Inform that Don Sebastian was newly

newly Landed in their Island, and was lodged in the Convent of the Cordeliers : That he was Royally Served, and that those Religious had borrowed the most precious Moveables they could find in that Country, and a great quantity of Plate for his ufe. Thefe News excited New Troubles amongst the People, and new Alarms in the Minds of the Pretenders. Souza was sent into those Islands with two Deputies from the Governours of Lisbon, to verifie all thefe things; and the Count had the joy before his departure, to learn from the Mouth of Eugenia her self, that he should find her lefs fevere at his return, and she would permit him to propose their Marriage to her Relations. He departed with these hopes, his Voyage was not long; he learnt as foon as he was arriv'd at the Isles of Terceras, that Don Sebastian was gone from thence incognito

incognito the Night before; that he would not fuffer any one to attend him, nor make known to what place he defigned to go. The Envoys who were with Souza, asked those Religious, who had entertained the King, if they had heard no talk of Don Henry? They affured them, that he was killed in Battel. The Envoys returned to Lisbon, after having to no purpole made exact enquiry after the King: They affured Eugenia and all her Relations of Don Henry's death : That Widow was out of Mourning: Her Relations and her Friends knowing the Merit and Birth of Souza, prefied her with fo much carneftnefs to conclude that Match, that she suffered her felf to be vanquished by the Counts Constancy, and the defires of all his acquaintance. This Marriage was accomplished with great fatisfaction on both parts. And nothing had been comparable to the Count of Souza's happiness, if its continuance had been equal to its Charms. Anthony

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Anthony made still new efforts to mount the Throne, and to Marry the Dutchess, and his love enflamed his Ambition. He was Elected for the Defendour of the Publick , Liberty in fome Cities ; he caused himself to be Proclaimed King in others, and having drawn together fome few Troops, he Marched towards Lisbon, where they would have refused to let him in. But the Dutchels of Braganza and her Friends, augmenting the diforder that the approach of those Forces caused in the City, Anthony entred it without much refistance, and caufed himfelf to be Proclaimed King by main Force. The Duke of Alva, who Commanded the King of Spains Forces, being entred Portugal, seized all the Cities he met with in his paffage : The Pope hearing of the Conffernation the Portuguezes were reduced to, set Cardinal Alexander Riano as his Legate to Philip. This King

King having notice thereof, concluded, that befides the great authority which the Title of Peacemaker of Christendom would bring to the Apostolick See, the Pope would make a Vassal of him who should be Crowned by his Arbitrage. He refolved to take Possession of the Kingdom of Portugal, before the Popes Legate could arrive in Spain: He fent to the Duke of Alva to advance his Conquests with all possible Expedition: Gave Order, that in all places in his Dominions, through which the Legate was to pais, they fhould detain him there as long as they could, he pretended to be Sick, and fent word to the Legate, when near Badageos, that his indifposition had delayed the Entry he ought to make him, and he defired him to wait fome time longer. The Lcgate defired his leave to come to him incognito, which he could not deny,

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deny; but he hand fomely declined the Popes Mediation, and told his Legate, that Affairs were too far advanced by Arms, that very few Cities remained for him to Conquer in Portugal, and all Kings would repute as weakness the regard he should have for his Holinefs. After this Civil refusal the Legate would have had his Audience of leave to have gone into Portugal, in pursuance of his Orders from the Holy See : But Philip, fearing that Anthony and the Dutchefs of Braganza, whom the Pope feemed to favour, might draw some advantage from the Legates prefence, would not confent to his departure before he had made his Entry in Form.

In these Publick Calamities, no body was happy but the Count *de* Souza; and yet it may be said, that the Zeal he had for the State hindred him from relishing perfectly the delights of his Marriage. He

was not born for the Pleafures of Love, and as he was one day talking amoroully with Eugenia, he was told that a Merchant who .came from Africa, asked to ipeak with him; Souza troubled at this News, without knowing any reafon; all Eugenia's Blood was frozen, without being able to tell why, and the Merchant being brought in told Eugenia, that he had lately feen Don Henry: She fainted away at that Name. Souza, in an extream Surprize, answered the Merchant, that what he Said was falfe, that 'Don Henry was killed in the Battel of Don Sebastian, and that all the News they had received from Africa, had but too well confirmed his death. All the World believed it, my Lord, answered the Merchant, because Don Henry was not seen amongst the other Captives, and Hamet for important and secret Designs, caused Perfons of the greatest Consideration, who

who had been taken in that War, to be drawn out from amongst the Common Prisoners, and concealed apart in unknown Places. The Africans set on foot the rumours of their Deaths among the Portugal Prifo. ners: Don Henry was of this number, and as these secret Prisoners bave at prefent something more Liberty, he found the means of seeing me the day before my departure, and defired me to go find out Eugenia at Lisbon, and defire her from him, to use her endeavours to free him out of so long a Captivity. Sou-.za asked the Merchant why Don Henry did not write: The Merchant answered, because be manted the means of doing it, and was only able to fay to him four Words. The Count not knowing what Credit to give to the Words of this Merchant, feeing on the one fide great appearance of Truth, and withing on the other that it were all Falfe, found an expedient to get out of F 2 that

that uncertainty; and after having taken care to recover Eugenia out of her Swoon, and given Order to her Maids to get her to Bed ; he led that Merchant into a Gallery of his House, where Don Henry's Picture hung amongst several other Pieces which that Gallery was Adorned with. I shall not believe you, said Souza to him, except you discover amongst these Pieces. the Pourtraict of Don Henry, whom you Say, you lately Spoke to: The Merchant would have at first exempted himfelf from that Tryal, and told Souza, that the Troubles, . Don Henry had Suffered in his Captivity, might have so changed him, that he did not resemble what he was farmerly: However having cast his Eyes upon his Picture, he knew him again immediately, and cryed: Ah ! my Lord, there's Don Henry's Portraict, and his misfortunes have not changed his Features.

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These words quite ruined Souza; he had till that moment queftioned his unhappines; Lut when he faw this Merchant knew that Portraict to be Don Henry's Picture, he had no hopes left him. He was penetrated with all the grief that a Lover can be fenfible of, when his beloved Object is forced from him, and he deprived of the delights of a perfect Love: Eugenia's Beauties, and the Pleasures he had enjoy'd with her came crowding into his Mind. The Idea of fo many Charms raifing the value of the happiness he had posselled, made him know the greatness of ... the loss he was going to have, and made his grief excellively ftinging. . This Blow, and those first Reflexions rendred him at first motionless; then walking apace fome moments in that Gallery, he told the Merchant, after being fomething recovered from his disorder, That he salv a great many : Difficulties

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(102) Difficulties in what he now informed him of, that he would (end into Africa

him of, that he would send into Africa to know the Truth of that Affair, and defired him on his fide to make use of the Correspondence be had in that Country for the procuring more certain proofs of Don Henry's being still alive. The Merchant promifed to use his utmost endeavours to procure those Informations; and Souza returned to Eugenia, whom they had put to Bed, and who did not remember the News that had fo much furprized her, and occafioned fo long a Swoon. What ailes you, My Lord, faid the to him. feeing him oppreffed with grief, must my fainting needs make you (o very Sad? or has some accident hap. pened to you, that we have reason to deplore? Ab! Madam, answered Souza, overcome with Grief, and letting himfelf fall into a Chair that was near him, bave you forgotten Don Henry-No, no, I remember it very well, he is still alive,

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alive, and you are my Husband Eugenia could not refift the anguish that this Reflexion opprest her with; the fell again into a Swoon; Souza was not in a condition to relieve her, and her Women had all the pains imaginable to recover her out of it. Madam, said he to her, when the had recovered the ule of her Senfes, and he had fent all those out who were in the Chamber, you must not abandon your self to Grief; perhaps this News is not true, the Merchant who brought it us, could give no proofs of it, and you know that a thousand such falle reports ran abroad of all those who perished in that Battel. No, no, reply'd fhe, Don Henry is living, he is living, he is my Husband, and I am Married to you. Her tears and her fighs hindred her for fome moments, and repeating from time to time, Don Henry is living, and I am Married again; Don Henry is living and you are my Husband; fhe -F4

the abandoned her felf to fuch a Despair as deprived her of her reafon. She thought it Criminal to look upon Souza; she durst not pronounce his Name; she could not think without horrour of the Engagements they had made. How unhappy am I, or rather, how guilty, my Lord, Spare me the Confusion of seeing yon, faid the to Souza, begon from hence, never see me more, I can no longer suffer your Presence. She had hardly finished these Words, than that fhe would have recalled them : What flie was to Souza, what he had done for her, returned into her thoughts, and fearing fhe had failed in the respect she owed to good a Husband, flie would have repared that fault by fome kindness, but the remembrance of Don Henry reproached her immediately with that tender motion, as if it had been the greatest of Crimes. Tes, Madam, I must leave you, faid Souza to her, being fome. thing

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thing recovered from his amazement, the delights of love are no part of my fate. It is not the will of Heaven that I find my happiness here below; I should have believed it perfect might I have been beloved by you, and the my grief be never so great, I must renounce it for ever. Do but form to your felf all the horrours that this separation gives me, Madam ? My Lord, I feell their violence as much as you do, answered Eugenia, who could not forbear melting into tears. Tour love is very different from mine, reply'd he, and I have occasion for more Constancy than you; regulate yours according to mine; let us both endeavour to free Don Henry, who is no lefs to be pitied than we: He will comfort you for the loss of me, and nothing can comfort me for yours.

While Eugenia and Souza deplored their particular misfortunes, the Portuguezes lamented the Publick diffretles. The Spanish Army was F 5 all all about Lisbon: Anthony was fled under a Disguised habit, and the Dutchefs of Braganza was retired to Villa Bohen. Philip went to her thither in Perfon; he promifed her great advantages for her Son, if the would retire to Villa Vifola, and recall fome Forces she had furnished Anthony withal. That Dutchefs having loft all hopes of Reigning, and fearing to be involved in Anthonies Ruine, and yet not being willing to abandon that Prince quite to his misfortunes, retired to Vifela, upon condition of leaving her Forces with Anthony, who fled into France, after having made fome useless Efforts against Philip, who fhortly after entred Lisbon, was faluted King of Portugal; and they stilled with great care, the News which the Inhabitants of the Terceras spread abroad of Don. Sebastian's being alive.

The Spaniards were in a peaceablepoffession of the Kingdom of *Rortugal*:

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Portugal: Almeiddled a private and folitary life at Venice, and would not hearken to the vows of any Lover fince she had lost Don Sebastian: She often deplored the misfortunes fhe was the caufe of, and as fhe was one day all alone in her Chamber, thinking of the feveral accidents of her life, she was told, that a Portugal Gentleman asked to speak with her. She caused him to come in; but how great was hersurprize at the fight of that Portugueze? she gave a great shrick, and retired in a fright. How Princefs, faid the Portugal to her, . does Don Sebastian · makezyons afraid & Ab Heavens, is it you, fidid the, turning languishinghyit, towards that Suranger, is it your Shade that comes to comfort me, or renew my Griefs? I am no Shade my Princefs, interupted he, and I come once more to offer you a Life, which you shall ever be Mistress of. Almeida ha-. ving recovered the use of her Senles. (108)

ses, told the Maids that came to help her, that fhe would be alone; and when they were withdrawn, May, I assure my felf, faid the trembling, that I see Don Sebastian once again, and his Death that I so much bewailed, and the News of which has for so long a time been spread through all the World, should it not be real? No, reply'd she immediately, Don Sebastian died in my Quarrel, Europe and Africa knew it, I am but too certain it is so, and I cannot give tears enough to his death : Impostor; leave me to deplore what you cannot restore me. No, my Princess, anfwered he, cafting himfelf at her Knees, and killing her Hand a thousand times, that she had not the . force to take away; I am no Impostor, I am that Don Sebastian; who am come to dry up the Tears you honour his loss with, and who redemands the affection that your have promised him. If you do not know again my Shape, my Voice, and the.

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the Features of my Face; at least remember my Love, 'tis not at all changed, and you have too many testimonies to be mistaken. Ab! Pardon, reply'd Almeida, after having well examined him, I know you again by that Love that was Jo fatal to you: How many Tears have I fled. for your loss, Sir, and how often have I wished to die? But tell me for Heavens Jake, by what miracle you could fave your Life and your Liberty, from the fury of the Moors. Recover from your fright, my Princefs, faid the King to her, and when you shall have taken some repose, I will relate to you all that has happened to me, fince I left you in charge with Souza. My fright is vanished, Sir, reply'd ihe, and offering him a Chair, and I impatiently long to know your adventures. Since you will not put off this recital till a more Convenient time, said Don Sebastian to her, and taking a Seat, I will give you an account of the misfortunes that happened to me fince my absence from you.

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'You have learnt without ' doubt, how bafely all those, who were ranged under my Standard, 'to fight on the day of Battel, a-'bandoned me, when Fire was fet on our Amunition : I found my felf alone in the midft of the Moors, who attacqued me on all fides : I fought a long time against a great number, and I refolved rather to lofe my life, than be ta-'ken Prisoner; but the Wound I · had received in my Right-fhoulder, being unbound in the heat of the Fight, the Blood I loft thro 'that Wound, fo weakned my 'Arm, that I could no longer lift it up to defend my felf : I fought with my Left Arm, till that wearied with fo many Efforts, I fellalmost without life, amongst "the Bodies of the Enemies I had Slain. Some Troopers of the · Regiment_

(I.I I)

"Regiment of Mulei Magdelec, a Prince of the Blood Royal of Me-'rocco, having feen me fall, fur-'rounded me, to ftrip me of my 'Cloaths; and as the first, who ap-' proached me, was in my reach, I 'run my Sword through his Bo-'dy, and made him fall dead by 'me : The others irritated at their 'Companions death, would not 'have left me long alive, if they 'had not found it more advanta-'geous to make me their Prifo-'ner, than deprive me of life. 'They drew me from that place 'into a little Wood near Tamista; ' that violence, and the fatigues I 'had fuffered, making me faint a-'way, they could not recover me 'in a long time. I had laid afide -' in the danger I ran, the marks that might have difcovered my Quality. But my Armour made 'those People judge I was a considerable Person; some of them fell to Difputing with their Com-'panions

' panions the gain they might pre-'tend to from this Prize; others ' pretended to have the better share 'in it, because they had first laid 'handson me; and not being able ' to agree about their shares, several of them refolved to kill me, when ' Abdeliza, Magdelec's Sifter, who being informed, that her Brother ' was dead, whom the tenderly lo-'ved, came all in tears at the Head of thirty Troopers, in the place 'where we were, and demanded of the Men that held me, whom ' she faw to be of her Brothers Re-'giment, what was become of 'him : They assured her, that he 'had not been fo much as wounded, and his Lieutenant being ' killed by a Musquet Bullet, and falling down at his Feet, it was 'believed, that it had been Magde-'lec, who had been killed by that ' fhot. Abdeliza cast her Eyes upon 'me, the state I was in, railed her ' pity

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'pity, and after having learnt by 'fome other particulars, that her Brother was living, fhe asked 'those Troopers who I was, if I ' was still alive, and why they milused, with so much Crnelty, a 'Man who could not defend himfelf. ' They told her, to animate her to, 'my ruine, that I had kill'd above 'twenty of their Companions; 'that I was only in a Swoon : But 'this Difcourfe, far from infpiring. 'her with any hatred to me, as, 'those Barbarians had promised 'themfelves, she had an admirati-'on and an efteem for my Cou-'rage, and Commanded them to. 'treat me more gently. She Exa-. 'mined me more ftrictly: Kings ' ever wear certain Characters up-'on their Faces, that make them 'distinguished from other Men: ' fhe knew I was no Common Per-'fon, and the pity fhe took of my 'Fate, being joyned to the efteem. 'fhe had already conceived for me.

me, gave birth in her Heart to fome tender Motions, that intereffed her in my misfortunes. She perceived that I loft all my Blood, and Commanded they fhould bind up my wounds, and I received help, by her Order, even from those who would have deprived me of life.

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When I recovered out of my 'Swoon, I was furpriz'd to meet with so charitable hands, which "were zealous to give me ease, inftead of Enemies, who before would have destroyed me; but 'my surprize became much greater, when I faw in the midst of ' all those People, a Woman who set ' them at work, and who appeared, 'by her Habit and Air, to be a 'Person of a high Rank. Magde-'lec happened to come into the 'fame place, as I was attentive to all these things. He had been 'told the disquiets and ardour with which his Sifter fought for ^chim.

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'him. Brother, faid she, after ha-'ving Embraced him, and shewn 'him the joy she had for his re-' turn, Brother, the state this wretch 'is in, has raifed my Compassion: I ' beg you would grant me this Prifo-'ner, and I will take care to reward your Men for that loss. 'Magdelec was called away by o-'ther Cares, he did not flay to 'look upon me, and gave me ' to his Sifter, who caused me to be 'carried to her Palace, and had a 'particular care of me during all 'the time I was constrained to 'keep my Bed. I got up as foon 'as I found I had a little Strength, 'I caused my self to be led to Ab-'deliza's Appartment, and made ' her a thousand acknowledgments for her Favours. She answered 'me very obligingly, and told 'me, that the Noble and Great 'Air she had observed in my Per-' fon, had obliged her to Succour 'me; that she had conceived a 'great

great effcem for me at first, and did not doubt, but in the fe-'quel, I would answer as I ought, fo many good Sentiments. She ' fpoke these words with a great 'deal of goodness, but with a certain Air of Haughtiness, that 'made me know she knew not who I was: I answered her with 'all possible Submission, to keep 'her in her Errour. She would 'know who I was; I told her, that 'I was a Volunteer of an Illustrious "Extraction, and I acted my part fo 'well, notwithstanding all the Queftions the asked me upon that point, that fhe did not at all 'fuspect I was the King of Portu-· gal.

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'I quickly perceived, that the cares fhe took in my Favour, furpaffed ordinary kindneffes, fhe did not long conceal from me her Sentiments. She believed her felf to be of that Rank and Merit, as I fhould look upon her Paifion as 'as an honour : She made me a ' fincere Confession of it, and pro-'mised me a Considerable Fortune 'if I was not ungrateful to her 'kindnesses. Pardon, dear Prin. ' cefs, Jaid Don Sebastian to Almei-'da, if I feem'd to have fome 'kindness for her : The state I was 'in reduced 'to, and the defire I 'had of feeing you again, obliged ' me to that fiction: My Complaifances abused her; I did out of ' policy, all that I could have done 'out of Love. Ab! how afraid am I, Sir, interrupted Almeida, you loved that Princefs? I know her, the is young, the is tender, the kasWit; and though of the Colonr of the Negroes, her Face is not without Beauties. Don Sebastian vowed he had never loved her, and cord'd her suspicions. 'What kind... us foever, pursued he, that Abdaliza 'had for me, my Prion was not ' the less rigorous : That Princess ' did not believe that the had chained '

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ed me fo fail as that fhe might reby upon the affurance of the Fetters fhe had given me, and the more Paffion fhe had for me; the more afraid fhe was to lofe me; and I was observed and kept fo ftrift, that I could not give any notice of my Captivity.

'In the mean time I learnt that the Portuguezes fought for me e-'very where, that they had asked ' leave of Hamet to fearch amongft the dead and wounded, to fee 'if they could find me. Hamet 'likewise fearing fome surprize 'on my part, and being defi-'rous to be fully informed of my fate, made strict inquiries thro fall the Army. Some reported I was Drowned in the River of " here as I fled away; but " had seen me fight, and could ' not persuade himself, I could be ' capable of running. Some of 'cm 'again faid, that I must needs be 'unknown amongst the Common · Priloners;

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'Prisoners; and others affured, 'that they had feen fome Troop-' ers seife me, and they must needs " have taken away my life. Abde-' liza was at the King of Morocco's 'when these accounts were given: 'Thefe last words filled her full of fear and joy; fhe could have with-'ed her Prisoner was a King; but ' she feared he should be taken from 'her under that Title. She had of-' ten commended at Court, the Wit 'and Gracefulness of her Prisoner; ' which fometimes made them railly 'heria and Hamet turning towards 'her : Do not you detain the King ' of Fortugal in your Chains, Ma-' dam, faid he to her fmiling, and ' is it not to that Quality you have 'given to high an efteem? Abdeli. 'za blushed at this Discourse, and ' her Confusion confirmed the King 'in that Opinion. He was afraid 'I should escape him, and told that ' Princess, taking her by the hand : 'Let us go see that Illustrious Captive,

'tive Madam, whom your efteem 'renders worthy of a Throne, if he be not already a King. Ha-'met came to Abdeliza's Palace, 'I was brought before him, judge "what a Confusion it was to fuch a 'heart as mine: I had never till ' then been sensible of the shame of 'my Captivity; I had only ap-'peared before a Womin, who 'loved me, and knew me not; but 'when I faw Hamet, and that he 'knew me, Rage and Defpair feiz-'ed my Soul; and I spoke to him 'with fo much Haughtinefs, that 'he immediately Commanded, I " fhould be loaded with Irons, and be dragged to the Tower of the 'Old Castle. 'Twas in vain that "Abdeliza cast her self at his Feet, 'and flied tears; I was forced a-' way from that Place, and put into that Tower, where no Body ' durst approach within a hundred ' Paces.

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· Hamet

"Hamet judged that the rumour which had been spread a-'broad of-my death, might be of 'advantage to his Defigns, fo that - he would not undeceive the Peo-'ple: And as he was followed but ' by very few Courtiers when he went to Abdeliza's, he fancied he ' might cafily hinder what paffed 'there from being known. He "forbade all those who 'attended " him, to Ipeak of my being alive, ' upon pain of Death, and likewife ' flattered that Princels to oblige 'her to keep filence. However when a Month was near passed 'Ince the day of my Imprilon-'meat, the had leave to fee me. 'She came thither accompanied on-Ty by one of her Women, and ' told me, after 'having drawn me 'alide, How little sensible are you of my kindness, Sir, and how "Cruel are you to your felf, to have to obstinately concealed from me your Quality ? You G 'fhould

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fhould have been perhaps at prefent in Peace in your own Territories, and you are inftead of that in cares and in troubles. I have ever been very fenfible of your 'Favours, Madam, Said I, and I • was defirour to fee their Effects continue, but was afraid that a 'Confession of what I was might 'have interrupted their Course: 'Pardon that fear, Madam, 'tis the 'fole Motion of my heart, that you were not Mistress of, and you see I endure a very severe Penance for it. She affured 'me, fhe would think of the means to deliver me : I prayed her to make it known in Portugal that I was alive; without daring to speak of you for fear of difpleafing her: But these Advices " were too contrary to her and Hamet's Designs, to employ her self for the making them known : She feared I should escape her, if I was delivered by any other than 'her

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her felf. She came to fee me as often as they would give her leave, and ever gave me fome new hopes of recovering my Liberty.

" Magdelec perceived the love his 'Sifter had for me; he fpoke to her of it, and she did not deny it; 'as he tenderly loved her, and as that Pallion was not unbecoming 'her, he endeavoured to fecond 'her Designs. He told Hamet, ' when he had learnt the Conquests 'the King of Spain made in my 'Territories, that he ought to op-'pose that growth of Power : That ' there was a great kindness be-'tween Abdeliza and me; that this 'Business might be of advantage to his State, and that if they 'could make me confent to Marry ' that Princefs, the Moorifh King ' would be fure of me by this Match, ' and might make use of my Right and Power against Spain, and place ' me at the Head of fome Troops for ' the G 2 LABS T T

"the flopping his Projects. Ha-" met feemed to relith thefe reasons ; " but he had fecret Engagements ' wirh Spain , that hindered him "from acting openly: Then Mag-" dalec, who ardently defired to 'place his Sifter upon a Throne, told her that the King Confented to their Projects; that he would grant me both Liberty and For-'ces, if I would Marry her, and that the needed only to make me those Propositions. She came to ' fee me, and founded me upon the " point. The Love I had for you, and the Faith I had promifed you, " my Princess, pursued be, addressing ' himfelf to Almeida, were too 'powerful over my Mind to approve of fuch like Propositions: 'My Captivity and the Complaifances I owed Abdeliza, did like wife hinder me from denying them roughly; and not thinking fit either to reject or receive 'em, 'I told her that a Match made in : Chains

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'Chains would become neither her 'nor me, and the Confequences 'of it could not be promising; ' that she ought to be so well per-'fuaded of my acknowledgment, 'as to believe I should never for-'get her, though I were at Liber-'ty; and that if she could procure 'me that advantage, and my return 'into my Dominions, she should 'be absolute Mistress of my King-'dom. She fometimes let her felf 'be moved with these weak rea-' fon; but Suspicion and Jealousie 'feizing her on a fuddain, fhe re-'proached me as ungrateful and perfidious; that I had never loved 'her, and that the tenderest Motions 'of my heart were for her who 'had caufed me fo many misfor-'tunes: Goperish then, Cruel Man, ' faid fhe, at parting, in the flavery 'you refule to be delivered out of. ' Almeida fighed at those words, and ' could no tforbear fhedding trars at 'at that reflexion. Cease to bewaile G.3; 'misfortunes,. ⁶ misfortunes, for which I am but ⁶ too well rewarded, Madam, *faid* ⁹ Don Sebastian, *feeing her Tearstric*-⁶ kle down her Face, and let the fince-⁶ rity of my Relation procure me ⁶ Pardon for the trouble my indif-⁶ cretion has newly given you.

'Her vexation encreafed the rigours of my Prison, continued 'Don Sebastian; the more she 'was enraged, the worle was I 'Treated : I was opprest with a 'thousand different troubles; I ' suffered all the ills of the feverest ' Imprisonment ; I had all the trou-'ble and concern that a King who ' loves his People can be capable of, ' when he has caufed the ruine of 'his State. But what lay more heavy upon my heart than all this, ' was the grief of being absent from 'you, and not to know what was become of you. I fometimes had ' a Defign of giving fome hopes to "Abdeliza, that the rigours of my 'Prifon might be abated, and oblige

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lige her to endeavour the pro-'curing my Liberty. But what 'Refolution soever I had 'taken, I 'could not constrain my felf to 'make her any promife, contrary ' to the fidelity I had vow'd to you, 'and all my endeavours did only ferve to make her the more re-"mark how constrained and forced" 'all my kindnesses to her was. 'Tho the refusals I had made of "-Marrying Abdeliza had ever been 'coloured with fome reafon; and attended with kindneffes; they however brought her into despair. She vow'd every time she left me, ' fhe would never fee me more, and yet still seturned. Sometimes she would make me the bittereft Reproaches, and in an inftant after load me with Carefles; I' fome-' times flattered my felf with be-'lieving, that in the different Moti-'ons which agitated her, had the been absolute Mistress of my Fate,. " the would have fet me at Liberty, G 4.

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'ty, notwithstanding her vexation and my refufals; which I was fure of one day, when after having "made me the highest Reproaches as her Cuftom was, the told me with the most passionate Air imaginable, Well Cruel Man, be insenseble of my Passion, since you are willing; but do not hinder me at least from lowing you, and do not oppose my endeavours. Dost thou love thy Prison better than thy Throne? Cannot you make some attempts to second my defires? Thy Kingdom and my Kindnesses are not they worth thy diffembling for: Some moments; pretend to love me, promise to Marry me; deceive me, I consent to it, provided thou deliverest thy self lout of Slavery, sand flattereft but my Er? rour. "I own I was moved at this Discourse, and her so tender-'ly defiring to be deceived would ' have bindred me, though I could have been capable of abiling her. No; Princefs, faid I to her, the ' pains

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'pains you take in my favour, 'and the Tenderness you have for 'me, ought to be otherwise Recompensed than by Fiction. I ' cannot confent to deceive any 'Body, and lefs you than any one 'foever: I have for you all the ' tendereft acknowledgment that a 'heart can be capable of; I have 'no repugnance for the Match 'you propose to me; but I am 'born free, and I have feen my 'felf a King; I cannot fuffer to 'be confirmined; and your forcing 'me to love, is enough to make ' me hate, fet me at Liberty and ' promise your self all things from 'my Acknowledgments. Well, Sir, 'answered she, I must endeavour 'to fatisfie you; I must Solicite ' your freedom, tho you flie from 'me, and make me pals the reft of my Days in the affliction of not 'feeing you. Having faid thefe ' words, the left me, and gave me reason to believe she would do 'all that was pollible, to procure 'me-G 5

me my Liberty, without exacting any of the Conditions file had proposed to me. She came to 'tell me fome days after, that fhe 'had made very preffing Solicita-tions for my Libery; that the 'King had at length confented to "my enlargment; and that he had, only asked eight days to take measures in that Alfair; that this time being expired, I fhould be no longer in fo strict a Prifon, ' and I might then write, and speak, 'and do all that was necessary for the procuring my Ranfom. You 'fhall be free as you defired, faid fhe to me fighing, and you may 'leave me and forget me too, if ' you will, without fearing my reproaches or my prefence, which 'I have fo often wearied you with-'al. This News gave me all the 'joy I was capable of in my mis-'fortunes: I kissed Abdeliza's hands "a thousand times, and assured her "I should never forget her Favours: However, the told me 'languish-

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'languishingly, you will abandon and quit me with all the joy a heart can be capable of. 'You' already feell the Motions 'of it, and cannot deny them. 'You never was so kind, nor F 'more Charm'd, and Transported with the delight of it; and yet, 'alas! you never gave me fo many 'marks of your aversion. I easily 'perceived, I had feem'd too much pleas'd. I was forry, and uled, ' my endeavours to' perfuade lier,. ' that this joy had no other Ob-'ject than Liberty, and I was 'at first so transported with those 'hopes, that I was not able to ' confider the Confequences. I re-, 'affured her as well as I could. I', ' wiped of the Tears which trickled from her Eyes. I defired her to fend Letters into Portugal in my ' name, being they would neither, give me leave to write, or fuffer 'me to have either Paper or Pens, ' which she promised me to do, and ' did indeed write thither: But I' 'have:

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' have been fince informed, that all ' the Letters were Intercepted, and 'no Passage was given to any News of me into my Dominions. "You may judge with what impatience I waited till the term was expired, when my Slavery was. to end, and what a delight it was to me to fancy, I should return to you. But the eight days were ' not yet at an end when the Prineefs came to me, and told me with a great deal of Grief, that her Brother enraged at my Refu-' fals, had difluaded the King from fending me back ; that he had gi-' ven him to understand, that I had " rendred my felf unworthy of that Favour, by defpiling to Alie my " my self to his Blood; and that as · long as he detain'd me in his Prifons, I should ferve for an Ho. " flage to him against the Enterpri-'zes of the King of Spain, and against the Rifings of the Portu-'gals. These Reasons, said she to 'me, have been too hard for my Prayers

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' Prayers, and the King has Com-'manded me to tell you for the laft 'time, that our Marriage was the 'only means that could reftore you ' to your Liberty. Well, Madam, 'if there are no other means to 'become free, answered I her hafily, I must resolve to die in Sla-'very. That is too much, reply'd ' she to me in a Transport, your 'obstinacy proceeds even to out-'rage; do you think that what I ' fay is only an Artifice of my Paffion? Can you be ignorant of 'what I have done for you, Cruel 'Man as you are? If I had not 'lov'd you more than my felf, 'would I have Solicited your en-'largement ? Who oblig'd me to do 'that violence to my felf? I Re-'proached her with the little love the had for me; that fhe fhould 'never make me confent to our 'Union by that constraint; that ' fhe onght to be well enough acquainted with the Delicacy of my Virtae

• Virtue in that point ; and that in • fine, if I did not recover my Li-• berty by her means, I fhould e-• ver believe, fhe alone detained me • in Prifon, and this thought would • quickly caufe my Death. In • fhort, I fo moved and perfuaded • her, that fhe affured me at part-• ing, fhe would lofe her life, but • fhe would procure my Liberty, • and when the faw me again, it • fhould be to bring me News of • my Delivery.

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And indeed I was near fifteen days without feeing her, and was aftonifhed, that one Evening very late fhe came into my Chamber, accompanied with the Keeper of the Tower I was in, and bid me foftly be ready the next morning very early, and follow with Confidence the Perfon, who fhould fhew me her Cyphers. I. durftnot return her thanks for fear of being heard by the Keeper, fhe withdrew, and I paffed the Night

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'in fuch an uncertainty, that it was as tirefome as my troubles, 'not being able to perfuade my felf, that Abdeliza would favour 'my Escape. As soon as the day began to appear a Renegado entred 'my Chamber, and took off my 'Irons, telling me, You are free, 'Sir, if you will but follow me. 'I promifed to Reward Nobly this good Office, and followed him. We went down into the 'Ditch of the Castle by Ladders and Ropes which were prepared for that purpose, and passing under ' the Port-Cullis, we entred into a 'little Sandy Sink, that the Sea ' fills when the Tyde comes in, but 'it having been two hours Ebb, it had left dry. This Sink brought 'us in less than a quarter of an hour ' to agreat Road, where we found 'a Man waiting for us with two 'Horfes. I mounted one, and my 'Guide another. We came in less "than two hours upon the Seafhore,

" fhore, where I found with a great deal of Grief and amazement, Ab-' deliza in a Christian Habit, gi-'ving order for the fitting of a Ship, the had prepared for us. Well, Sir, faid the accofting me, "will you believe that I constrain 'you at prefent, and will you have as much averfion for Abdeli-'za in a Christian Habit, as in the Drefs of an African? Madam, I 'am fo Confused, as I cannot make 'you an answer, reply'd I, let us ' think of getting from this Shore, "and we will fee afterwards what "is to be done.

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'I had hardly finithed thefe 'Words, than Magdalec appeared 'upon the Sea fhore at the Head 'of Sixty Troopers. Abdeliza cal-'led out to hoift up Soils; but the 'Ship was ftill at Anchor, and 'not one of the Seamen durft offer 'to weigh it. Hearing Magdalec's 'Voice they went in their Boat 'to bring him him on Board. 'Some

(137) 'Some of them Seized Abdeliza, 'who would have caft her felf in-' to the Sea. Others fell upon me, ' without knowing me, and I was 'hurried back to Prison, without 'knowing what was become of ' that unfortunate Princefs. What ' fad Reflexions was I loaded withal 'in that Place! The hopes I had 'of being fuddenly at Liberty enhanced the afflictions of my Pri-' fon: I fancied, that after fo dangerous an attempt, I should never have again the opportunity' to escape. They kept me ever in 'fight: I no longer faw Abdeliza; 'no one Comforted me in my 'misfortunes, and I had no hopes' left of getting out. I fometimes feared, that the Crueltie of Ha-' met might caufe that Princefs to 'to be put to Death; I repented ' my having fo little Complaifance for her, I reproached my felf in-'ceffantly for being the caufe of her mifortune : All these thoughts 'put

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put me into mortal Agonies, and yet it was not these that were the most sensible, when I consider'd on the horrour of being separated from my Dear Almeida, when I ' thought of your Charms, when I 'made Reflexion on the Delights 'we enjoy'd at the beginning of 'our Love, when I figured to my ' felf the mortal disquiets you would be in, hearing no Tydings of me; when I confidered, that I could onot learn any thing of you, and 'that you were perhaps dead of Grief, Despair seized my Soul, and made me lofe my Reafon,

'However, as in the greateft' misfortunes there ever remains fome glimple of hopes, which feems only to fupport us for the prolonging our fufferings; I remembred the kindneffes of Abdeliza, the power fhe had over her Brother, the Credit he had at the Court of Morocco, and told my felf, that while fhe was living, I ought

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'ought not despair of my fafety. 'I one day ventured to ask my 'Keeper, what was become of that 'Princefs: She is dead, faid he to 'me furlily, and you'll undergo 'the fame Fate very fuddenly. ' Death will never afright me, an-'fwered I, if it only aims at me. 'But I should be extreamly griev'd 'if I had been the caufe of her Ru-'ine. Then you are never to be 'Comforted, reply'd he, fhe died ' for the Love of you. I Conjured 'this Keeper by all that I fancied 'had the most power over him, to 'make me a faithful recital of all had happened to Abdeliza. I 'could learn nothing, but what he 'had already told me, and he 'would no longer hear me, nor ' speak to me. I had an extream 'regret for her lofs; I had all the 'Grief I could have been sensible of for her Death, if I had really lov'd 'her: Pity, Acknowledgment, my 'own Intereft, and my Remorfes ' met

"met all in my Mind to torment me, and never was Grief equal to that I groaned under in my Prifon after this Information. About the fame time I was told, that Magdelec fuppofing I had Seduced his 'Sifter; and justly irritated against 'her Enterprize would punish me by a very rigorous fort of Death. 'I prepared my felf for all, that the ' Crueltie of those Barbarians could " make me fuffer, and Death feemed to me, the mildest punishment ' that could happen to me. And in truth, I have been fince acquaint-'ed, that Magdelec employ'd all ' the Credit he had with the King, 'to put me to Death, and Hamet had even confented to Sign the Bill; but that his Counfel had not judged it for his Interest to take away my life, and the posture "which the Affairs of Portugal and 'Spain were in, they fancied I ' fhould not be unufeful to the King

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of Morocco.

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'I had been neer a Year in this ' defpair, when they came and told 'me, that I had leave to return into Portugal: The King of Spain ' had made confiderable preparati-'ons for War; his Conquests in my 'Kingdom were very Successful and 'Great; there ran a Rumour every where, that he would carry the 'War into Africa; they likewife 'believed in that Country, that he 'had a Defign of Befieging Alara-" che and Tangier. Hamet alarmed 'at the News, repented he had 'helped to perfuade the World I 'was dead. His Counfel refolv'd 'to let me at Liberty, to the intent, that my Perfon might re-'duce the Portugals to their Dury, 'and interrupt the Course of the Spaniar ls Victories. I was not fenfible of the joy that my delivery 'ought to give me; my hopes had been to often croft, and had been 'fo often turned into Despair, that I durst not trust them. I faw ' wito ut

' without Emotion my Prifon Doors 'opened; I followed my Leader without speaking; but seeing he 'led me to a Tower, of almost as 'difficult an access as that I had been Imprifoned in, I asked my Guide in a rage, if they only changed my Prison, and if they 'believed an alteration of fufferings would be a Comfort to me; he bid me follow him, without informing me whither I went; and when I was entred a Chamber " neat enbugh for a Prison, he left ' me alone, and returning, fhut all the Doors. I had hardly been there a Quarter of an Hour, but I faw Abdeliza come out of a Neighbouring Chamber, leaning 'upon one of her Slaves, and was fo changed and fo dejected, that 'I fancied I rather faw her Ghoft 'than her Person. What! an Enchantment! cried I at the fight of her, and cafting my felf at her Feet, Princess is it possible that I see you

you again? I am Comforted for all my misfortunes, seeing you are still alive, the I had been told the contrary, and can delare to you how sensible I am of all you have done for me. Sir, faid the to me, raifing me, and embracing me tenderly, T ' could have withed to have freed 'you out of Captivity even at the 'Expence of my life, I have fuffered my Prifon with patience, when I confidered the occasion of fit, and I have been more fenfible fof the rigours of yours than of all 'I have endured in mine. I Pardon my Brother, continued fhe, bathing my Face with her Tears, 'all that his anger could make me fuffer, fince he has granted me the happiness of feeing you once 'again. Go, begone, Sir, I will not retard your Joy nor your Liberty, you have been too long in our Prifons, and I ask you Par-' don for all the Cruelties you have fuffered there; Pardon them for 'my

'my loves fake; 'tis violence e-- ' nough to renounce the happiness of fecing you, for you to make 'it that Sacrifice. Begone, Sir, ' faid she to me, Embracing me, my 'Confinement is not fo strict, but that I have given Orders for all , which is necellary for your depar-· ture : You will find at your going from hence a Slave, who will · Conduct you to a Ship I have cauled to be prepared for you, cand will furnish you with all eyou have occasion for in the . Voyage. This Slave is faithful to me, give him leave to follow you every where, that he may fend me Tydings of you, and put you in Mind of me, if you should forget me. Adieu, Sir, I dm , loath to detain you any longer in Prifon; the pleasure I thave had cofts you very dear. Adieu, , repeated the feveral times, ilieding a torrent of Tears; live hap. , py, and remember me. Affer 'having

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having faid thefe Words fhe quitted me, leaning upon the Maid that attended her; I faw her fall into a Swoon a moment after upthe Cufhions of her Chamber, that were neareft to the Door: I would have run to have helpt her, but my Guide forc'd me from thence, and told me he had orders not to fuffer me any longer in that place.

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'Having much more pity of the 'Condition I left that poor Prin-' cels in, than joy for having recovered my Liberty, I enquired ' fecretly at the Port, as foon as I 'was arrived there, of the Place 'you were retreated to: No one could tell me any thing certain, 'and fome Marriners acquainted 'me, they had feen you in the Isles of Terceras. I Embarqued in the Veffel the Slave Abdeliza had given me had brought me to: We arrived at Angra, where the ru-"mour H

imour of my return being arriv'd fooner than my felf, I perceived 'a far off, being flill at Sea, that all the People were at the Port to see us Disembarque. I did not think it convenient to make known my arrival to all that Po-' pulace, who are more Inconstant 'and Seditious in that Country ' than in any other place. I went 'into the long Boat, after having 'told the Captain of the Ship, that 'he should go a-shore with all his 'Equipage at an Island farther of, ' and not divulge my arrival; and 'I went in the Night to a Convent ' the Cordeliers have in that Island. 'I remained there eight days, caufing fearch to be made for you in 'all the Neighbouring Islands; but " Abdeliza's Slave venturing to go out, was of a suddain environed 'by a Crowd of People, who 'asking him where I was, taking 'him for King Mahumet, and reproaching him that he was the ' caufe

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'caufe of all the Wars, they affaffi-' nated him Cruelly in that place. 'This Sedition made me know, 'there was no faicty for me in 'those Ports; and hearing you were not there, I went from thence as unknown as I came 'thither. I Embarqued again in 'my Ship, and having at length 'learnt with a great deal of pain 'and care, that-you were at Ve-'nice, preferring the pleasure of 'feeing you, before the Care of ' my re-establishment, and longing with impatience to know what fhare I had in your heart, I come 'to render you all my love, and 'affure you, that I shall only en-'deavour to get again upon the ' Throne for the placing you there ' with me. Almeida transported with joy, to fee the Constancy and return of Don Sebastian, had all those Complaifances for him, that a tender and an acknowledging heart can be capable of. They H 2 Deliberated

Deliberated together about returning into his Kingdom, of making Cabals in *Portugal*, and procuring Troops for the re-entring it. He refolved to give notice of his return to the Ministers of his Kingdom, whom he had found the most Zealous, and fent into feveral places to demand Succours of the. Princes who had been his Friends.

Don Henry was released out of Slavery by the Cares of Eugenia and Seuza in that time. Upon his return he learnt that Eugenia was Married again; and when he was arrived at Lisbon, not daring to enter his own Houle, nor ask to fee his Wife, he went to lodge at one of his Friends, who acquainted him with all the particulars that could Justifie her, and give him fome Confolation in this misfortune. She came to him as foon as the had learnt where he was; cast her felf at his Feet, and watered

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tered them with Floods of Tears. She told him all that her Affection and Innocence could Suggest in her Vindication. He was moved; but her delicacy could not rely upon all these reasons: She prayed him with all the earnestness imaginable, to permit her to pass the rest of her time in a Convent; and he could not refuse her so just a demand, not with standing all the kindneffes he had for her. The Count of Souza, who, fince the News of Don Henry's being alive, had paffed his days in the greatest Grief imaginable, and had abstained from feeing Eugenia fince that time, difgusted with the World, and having no tie that could retain him, refolved to put himfelf into the Order of S. Dominick, and was shut up the reft of his days in the Convent of Benefiges, half a League from Lisbon, where he died in the Sweets of a Holy Life, as the Gravest Authors do affure, who have H₃ Written

written the History of Portugal.

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What Care foever Don Sebastian had taken to conceal his return, the rumour ran quickly at Venice, that a Stranger was arrived there, who had the Name and Refemblance of Don Sebastian. Even some Portugals, who were in that City having Examined his Shape, his Face, and his Voice, knew him for their King. The News of which being come to the Ears of the Republick, and the Venetians fearing a Quarrel with the Spaniards, thought themselves oblig'd to seize Don Sebastian, and give notice to the Court of Spain of all that passed amongst them upon that account. The Spaniards affured the Republick, that this Don Sebastian was an Impostour, and defired he might be proceeded against as fuch, Commillioners were deputed before whom he maintained with firmness, that he was Don Sebastian; that he had been detained till then in the Prilons

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fons of Africa; and that he came to recover the Crown that was' due to him by his Birth. The Portuguezes, who were in that City maintained his affeverations: Almeida ascertained he had told her things that only Don Sebastian¹ could know. He shewed upon his Body very particular Marks that Nature had Imprinted there, and which he was observ'd to have when he was King of Portugal. He appealed to his Judges, the Venetians of great Confideration, who had been Ambassadours for the Republick in his Kingdom, and told them the most fecret Affairs they had particularly treated of at that time with him. In fine, he fo well represented all the Proofs, and all the Circumstances that might make him known to be the King, that Don Sebastians Judges could not do. any thing more than Banish him from Venice. Almeida would have: followed him, to help him to fup-. H 4 port . port his misfortunes; but he caufed her to flay in that City, till he fhould have fettled his Affairs. He made towards *Tufcany*, where he thought to meet with fome Friends, and fome favourable Witneffes who had been at the Battel.

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The Great Duke of Tuscany promiled to furnish him with some Troops. The Dutchefs of Parma was his Coulin; he went to implore her Succours: She received him with all the Joy and all the Kindness that a Good Relation can be capable of; but she could neither grant him Forces ner Money : All the Favour she could do him, was to give him an Equipage becoming his Quality. He thought convenient to fend to the Cortes or States of Portugal, to give them notice of the flate he was in, and where he was. The Dutchefs furnished him with People of great Experience in those kind of Negotiations. They went and acquainted the States of Portugal

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Portugal with the Fate of their King. This Deputation cauled great joy and furprize through all the Kingdom. They fent to Don Sebastian, fix of the Principal Men of their Affemblies. They faw him; the respect which the Majefty of Kings occasions, feized them at first fight: Don Henry and Phæbus Monis were of the Number of these Envoy's, they could not mistake him, and Embracing his Knees, they conjured him to deliver them from the oppression of the Spaniards. The others for fear of being mistaken by too much refemblance, asked the King feveral Questions, which no one but Don Sebastian could reply to. They were likewise surpriz'd to see fo much prefence of Mind, and fo much Memory in his Answers. These Envoys returned into Portugal, and reported, that it was the real Don Sebastian they had spoke to. The Partizans of Spain, whom all the Kingdom was full of, accufed thefe

these Envoys of Imposture, and mantained that they had fuffered themselves to be Suborned by an Impostour. Others demanded that Don Sebastian should come in Perfon himself to the Assembly of the States General, to be Examined there in all the Forms. He was ready to depart to be present there, but the Dutchess of Parma, and fome of his Priends, who were about him, hindred him, telling him, that the States were only Compofed of People Pentioners to the Spaniards, that the true Portugals were no longer Masters there, and that there was no fafety for him.

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As Don Sebastian was preparing to enter Spain at the head of some Forces, the Spaniards caused him to be Seized, to prevent his doing so, he was carried to Naples, and notwithstanding the Publick Ignominies they made him suffer, he always made appear the greatness of his Soul, and never bely'd his Character (155)

racter in the least. They drew up his Process a-new, they would have put him to death in the Forms; but notwithstanding all that the worst of Envy was capable of inventing against him, the injustice of his Judges durst not attempt the life of fo great a King, and Condemned him to the Gallies for to appeale in some manner the rage of his Enemies. Almeida entred the Prifon just after the Sentence had been read to him. What a Defolation for her and for him! The Grief of those two Lovers is not to be expressed. But that Princess more lively refenting that Don Sebastian had all those outrages done to him, died in his Arms of Grief and Regret, for having reduced fo Great a King into so deplorable a Condition. He was Shaved and carried to the Gallies. The most Tragical Historians durst never offer to our Eyes, such a spectacle, as to see Chain'd, in the midst of a hundred - Malefactors

Malefactors of the Scum of the People, d Formidable and Powerful King, whole Mind and Body were enriched with a thousand Beautiful Qualities, and to whom no other Crime can be imputed than his misfortunes.

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In the mean time the Portuguezes being impatient of the Spanish Yoke, and ever beltowing fome fighs to the memory of Don Sebastian, leagued together, and openly demanded their King, but it was in vain; one rarely confents to reftore a Crown, and Policy abhors that effcminate Virtue. The Spaniards foreseeing the ill Consequences of these Cabals and Leagues, and fearing that Don Sc bastian, whom they ever took for an Impostour, might be still capable, notwithstanding the deplorable Condition he was reduced to, to deprive them of the Crown of Portugal, refolved to make fure of his Perfon. They took him from the Gallies, they caufed him to be carried fectetly into Spain, and Imprifoned him in the Caltle of Saint Lucar, where 'tis reported, this deplorable King was Poisoned in a short time after, and with so Tragical an End did Crown a Life that had been filled with fo many Misfortunes

FINIS.











