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## HINTS TO TRAVELLERS

IN

## P ORTUGAL,

in searcil of the beautiful and the grand.

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AN ITINERARY
of
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## HINTS TO TRAVELLERS

 IN
## PORTUGAL.

The design of this little work, as its titlo indicates, is to give to travellers, in search of the beautiful and the grand in Portugal, such hints as may assist them in ascertaining what are the most attractive parts of the country, and the easiest method of gaining aecess to them, and is by no means intended to interfere with, much less to supersede, the Hand Book for Travellers in Portugal, when such a work, the latest of its kind, shall appear, with tho higher object of directing the botanist, geologist, chemist, historian, and politician, as well as the geveral traveller, each in his separato vocation; yet in the mean time this brochure is presented to them, premising that they must be contented to find in it what it professes to offer them, viz., such assistance only as may speed them in their pursuit of what is most beautiful and most sublimo in that
land of beauty and grandeur, and yet a land unknown to the great number of travellers, who annually quit England for France, Germany, Switzorland, and Italy, and sarcely known to those who traverse the vast provinces of Spain, and who occasionally enter into Portugal, and rapidly run over some of its districts. Indeed it is but imperfectly known, even to forcigners who have sojourned years in its chicf towns and cities; for beyond their annual trip to the Douro, those of the north soldom tako long journeys into the Minho, to explore its most retired valleys, or to ascend its finest mountains; contenting themselves with going, it may be, to Vianna, Ponto do Lima, Braga, and Guimariens; and the simplo reason is, that the roads are so bad *, and the inns so wretched, oven in what is ludicrously called the "Estrada Real" (royal road), that nothing but the most enthusiastic love of the beautiful and the grand can enable any one to endure the fatigue, and to sustain the uncensing annoyances to which he is liable who wanders in the by-ways, and rides over the hills, and ascends the mountains of Portugal.

[^0]For these and other reasons, very few Englishmen have, as yet, visited the finest parts of that lovely country ; and fewer still have ascended the Outciro-Maior (the ehief mountain), or M. Gaviarra, the Gerez, and tho Estrella; henco the benuty and magnifieence of its different provinces have not yet been made known to, or have not been fully dwelt upon by, English travellers. Link, the German, did indeed visit and deseribe the almost surpassing beauty of the Gerez and the Estrella; but the Freneh version of his work was published forty-nine years ago, and is but little read at the present day.

From what has been stated, it will at onee be seen that this little work is intended to assist chiefly such persons as aro bent, at any and every cost, upon exploring the hills and valleys, the rivers, gorges, and mountains of Portugna, and of enjoying all that can gratify their feolings and purify their taste ; and in their rovings, far and wide, they will often be constrained to exclaim, in the language of the poet, -

[^1]Little of a descriptive character is given, either of the country, or of the towns included in the several routes, bnt the objects which are deemed most deserving of notice are specified : always remembering that men differ greatly in their estimate of what is beautiful and sublime; and further with the proviso, that if these objects be seen in the summer, under a burning san, instead of in the spring, or in the nutumn, when a " elouded majesty" invests everything, then mnny wanderers will find their expectations of delight to have been raised in vain; yet to those (including ladies) who can endure every persomal inconvenience, arising from the canses already referred to, and whose love of the exquisitely beautiful nothing can extinguish, there is more than enough to gratify their taste, and to spenk to their cyes and understanding in accents which language is powerless to convey; for there is in many parts of Portugal the union of the beautiful and the grand, in a very remarkable degree, fur more so than in Spain. Ono drawback, however, there is, arising from the paucity of lakes, and those only of a minor size; one of whieh, however, the Lagoa Escura, in the Estrella Mountains, should be visited, nt never so great an expense of time and trouble.

To see to the greatest advantage the abounding beauties of Portugal, requires two things-the going at the right time; and in the right spirit, which neither bad ronds nor worse than bad aceommoda. tion can disturb; aud the right time in whieh to go is April, ere tho spring showers are ended (though in Portugal they are more than showers), and while the clouds givo their shadows to tho valleys, or their graceful drapery to the hills, or while, settling darkly upon the monntains, they leave the imagination in full play, to faney an unlimited grandeur in the Gerez or the Outeiro-Maior. Then it is that the wind, coming from the west, raises like a curtain the elouds whieh for a time have rested upon the hills and-the mountains, and the wanderer is enabled to behold the blended benuties of light and shade, of hill and vale, of rivers, sen, and mountains, and to the utmost extent of vision to inhalo the beauty and the grandeur stamped on the mass of oljjects which so suddenly and so unexpeetedly have burst upou him; and his rapture will not be diminished if at that moment there should steal over his senses the echo of some deeplytoned chnreh or eonvent bell; or if the fading notes of some anthem, chanted by the distant villagers, should fall upon his ear; or if perehnnee at even
tide he should ramble nll alone, musing in silence on the sad vicissitudes to which that country has been exposed, and, as the shadows are lengthening, shonld witness the gorgeous splendour of the heaveus in that pure atmosphere, he then might find in himself a power greater than ever to appreciate the pathos of him who sang-
"The elonds that gather round the setting sun
Do tako n sober colouring from an eye
That hath kept watel ou man's mortality."
The spring is also the season when the traveller can best calculate on witnessing a thunder-storm in the mountains, thau which nothing can be more sublime, especially if the Atlantic should be visible. One of these storms (nfter a long drought) was witnessed near Penafiel, by the graceful writer (unhappily now no more) of "Portugal and Gallicin," whose work is ocensioually quoted for its admirnble delinentions of seenery; and that storm he thus forcibly describes:-" The sky resembled a great sea of ink; deep black masses overhung our heads, gradually sinking lower and lower, and a fluint moaning wind alone interrupted the heavy repose that had settled upon the face of the earth; at length the stom burst, not ushered in by any light showers, nor even by nny warning drops, but descending at once, and vertically, in shects of
water." On another oceasion, a storm was witnessed near the Marāo, which for a time was so grand as to cause to rush into the traveller's mind the description of Moses, of the "thunders and the lightnings and a thick cloud upon the mount," which accompanied the giving of the Law on Sinai. At one time there came up light flecey elonds, chasing each other through the valleys and gorges of the mountains, and then others, as black as they possibly could be, hung.upon the mountains themselves, the wind soon carrying them all away, to loc succeeded by other dark and flecey clouds, the rays of the sun piereing through the lightest of them, and giving the richest effect to the inclined plains of the Douro, while peals of thunder were reverberated at the samo time in unspeakable grandeur in another direction.

It is also in spring, more than at any other season, that the rivulets become torrents, and that the rivers swell so as to rise to an almost incredible height, overflowing their banks, and carrying everything before them in sad desolation. In the Gerez, the water accumnlates so quickly in a storm, as to produce a very benutiful waterfall in two hours; and the river Zezere, at the Ponte de Cabril, in the rainy season rises not less than 200 feet. This
river, not to name the Douro and the Tagus, would ropay any one his trouble and inconvenience in going to Portugal. But, in truth, any man of good conrage and of fine tnste might go in tho autumn after the rain, travel during its lovely months, when the "sear and yellow leaf" is rife, and continno to roam about, in all the fine days of winter, when tho country has a charming beauty, increased by the striking brilliancy of the stars, and by the moon, whose " silvery brightness is never so scen in England." He would then have to rest, for a few weeks of heary rain, which constitute the only winter (Inverno) of Portugal, and could afterwards continne his wanderings till June; and thus ho might go over the same ground in different seasons, and under every variety of circumstance, and bo enabled to muke his orn comparisons, and to confirm or correct his first impressions. 'lo him, therefore, who shall thus go forth, bent on enjoying all that is onjoyable, both by day and by night, in the mountains or in the vales, when the tempest is howling, or when everything is radiant with light nad heat-to him who shall thus go forth -this book is offered, and if he take it in his hand simply to assist him by the wayside, and not expecting that it always will be, nor insisting that
it always should be, correct in its estimate of the actual beauty of given places, or in its admeasurement of distances, but as affording an approximation to accuracy, he will probably at the conclusiou of his many wanderings be glad that his steps were by it directed to the all but matchless scenery of that physical Paradise; and the word "vale," greeting him in its perusal, will have a signifiennt meaning, as he muses on all around him, sauntering by the way, or ambling on his pony, and holding meet couverse with prince or peasant, as may befall him, being well assured that a few words, in civil mien, will pave the way for much that is grateful to his feelings, and for much that may speed him in his path; opening his haud freely, under the influence of that spirit which makes him recogmise a brother in every one, even of never so low degree; being well assured that if one-tenth of his expenditure fall to the poor on the wayside, it will bring the best part of the enjoyment of his wanderings, and of the retrospect of those wanderings, when he shall be returned to the home of his own endeared land. And men of taste, and men of every pursuit, may well wander in that country, in which is every combination of material beauty. But apart from all the gratification, which the man
of taste will derive from the exquisite scenery of Portugal, a moral advantage will be his, when, by the force of the surpassing loveliness of all around him, he slatl diseover in himself a sense which ministers to even higher than mental enjoyments, and to which the whisperings of the trees bring musie, and to whose ontward ear the sounds which float in the air come with inspirations of the morally grand and benutiful, and transport his thonglits from this wido wasto of human misery to the far-off regions of purity, where is heard not only "the voice of many waters," but " of harpers harping with their harps:" hence, though in his many wanderings there bo cadences which may make him weep, yet they will soon be followed by calm and tranquillizing thoughts, and by hopes of the future, when, in whatever surrounds lim of benaty or of magnifieence, he shall perceive in it an emanation of the glory of Him who saw everything that He had made, and "behold it was very good."

But lenving such high considerations as these, there are inducements of $a$ commoner nature to attract the traveller to Portugal, whatever be his taste or his peeuliar pursuit, for there is no domnin in creation which is not abundantly there to be found. To the naturalist, and to the lover of rurnl
sports (if taking away life can ever be called sport), there is much to interest him in that country, as it abounds in game of nearly every kind: the redlegged partridge, snipe, woodcock, teal, wild duck, hare, and rabbit, are very plentiful; the stork is also to be met with, and the bustard. The hoopoe has been caught at St. Mamede; a glimpse can oceasionally be had of the engle, soaring in high air: of singing birds littlo need be said, for their beauteous notes are a constant charm to the wayfaring man, and, though some travellers may never have seen nor heard the nightingale! (as they nowhere met with partridges!), yet either their sight or their hearing must have been at fault, as no one cau go to Cintra, or into the Minho, in spring, without hearing that " most musical," though not most "melancholy bird" pouring forth its melodious notes, equally by day and by night, in every brake and in every bush.

Another source of gratifieation the traveller in Portugal is, the never-ending beauty and grandeur of some of its rivers, hemmed in occasionally by gigantic mountains, especially the Upper Douro, and the Zezere, which for a while meanders at the base of the Estrella Mountains, and afterwards falls into the Tagus, noar एentef. The rivulets abound Pucnhete
in trout; in the Cavado, Lima, and Minho, fine salmon are caught; in the Douro there is a fine flat fish, the sâvil, which is taken in great abundance, as also the lamprey, and in its upper district the sturgeon is oceasionnlly "noosed." In different parts of Portugal the wild bonr is yot to bo found; and in the Gerez, the huntsman, or rather the caçador, sometimes kills the wild gont, described by Link as being of a very peculinr species. The roebuck, the wild cat, and a good store of foxes may also be found in the Gerez; and the whole country would be overrun by wolves, were it not that the mountaineers nre summoned by the ehareh bell to eongregate, and pursue every lobo so soon as his arrival is discovered; henee, by these montarins, the enttle cscape the ravages of those vorncions beasts.

But it would bo endless to dwell upous the many beautiful objeets whieh minister to the gratification of him who rambles up and down in cvery seeluded valo, and whiles awny his time on the deelivities of its interminable hills, and whose oyes and heart are equally influenced by the graceful in every form : one additional thing, however, must be mentioned, as perfecting the benuty nud loveliness of the land; it is, the wouderful maricty of tiuts with
which the trees, nud plants, and flowers everywhere embellish the path of the traveller in Portugal. In addition to the oak, chestnut, pine, clm, and ash of our own country, there is the cork tree, the olive, the azereiro, walnut, and mulberry, growing most lnxuriantly, and giving an inconceivable charm, when seen (as in the descent to the Cavado, on the road to the Gerez Caldas) in unison with the orange, lemon, citron, fig, peach, apricot, almond, and arbutus; not to say anything of the Camellia japonica, of every kind and of great size in the north (some being 25 fect ligh, with branches covering a circuit of 50 feet ), or of the rine, with its festoons hanging from trees in the hedge-rows, and, occasionally, on the sides of the "Estrada Real." The neacin, mimosa, judas, tulip, and magnolia of many kinds, almost greet the visitor of the many quintas, in one of which, in Oporto, is to be seen a Magnolia grandiflora, the branches of which cover a spaco of ground of 150 fect in circumference, the trunk being 12 feet in circumference at 3 feet from the ground; and also a tulip tree, whoso trunk alreudy is 11 feet 10 inches in eircumference at 3 feet from its root. The olive yards of Portugal are also of considerable exteut, having in them ocensionally trees of great magnitude. 'Two of these olive yards,
near Torres Noras, have in them an olive tree, the trumk of each measuring 20 feet in circumference at 3 feet from the ground; and one of them (the Rainha das Oliveiras) being 80 feet in height. To scientific travellers, Link's "Travels in Portugal" are recommended, for he deseribed what he saw: and if he did this sometimes with the glow of enthusiasm, it was naturally produced by the countless benuties which he suw in overy direction, whether ho roamed by the bonks of the Lima, or traversed the valleys of the Minho; or when gazing from some mountain on the broad Atlantic, and hearing its terrific roar in a tempest. Not, indeed, that Link is always correct, he not having taried suffieiently long in the country to review the crroneous opinions to which every one is liable, be le never so careful in endeavouring to arrive at truth. The volume of Count de Hoffmansegg, edited by Link, and with whom he for a time travelled, is alsoworthy of attention, as ho went over parts of Portugal little trodden by ancient or modern travellers. Of the Minho he thus writes:-"D'après In description que nous ont domnée des nuteurs anciens et modernes de la belle Valléo de Tempé, ello doit ressembler ì uno de ces délicicuses vallées du Minbo."

To the botanist, chemist, and geologist, Portugal affords ample means for investigntion and careful analysis.

In the opinion of M. Humboldt the different plants exeeed 3200 in number, of which M. Link and Count Hoffmansegg collected not less than 2104, many of which aro quite unique in their character.

Tho number of thermal and mineral waters eannot be less than 200, the nature, temperature, and position of 57 of them being described by Balbi (pp. 130, 131, vol. i.), according to different nuthors; but all of whiel might well employ the time of the more modern chemist, iu making a strict annlysis of their elements. They are elassified by Dr. Tavares as "Enux simplement chaudes.

Eaux minérales gazcuses.
Enux minérales salines.
Eaux sulfurcuses.
Enux ferrugineuses ou mortinles."
The water of the Caldas do Gerez is snid to be "grzeuse, but of $n$ nature different from that of the other waters known iu Portugal or elsewhere."

The mountains in Portugal are all but interminable, and to the geologist present much to invite his attention. The lighest in Portugnl (with their ad-
measurements above the level of the sen, according to Balbi, are-

The Outeiro-Maior or Gaviarra 7400 ft . in height.
Estrella . . . . . . . . 7200 ,
Montezinho (nortlı of Bragnuça) 7000 ,
Gerez . . . . . . . . 4800 ,"
Mǎão . . . . . . . . 4400 ,
Monchique . . . . . . . 3830 ,,
Louzāa . . . . . . . . 2300 "
Junto . . . . . . . . 2180 ",
But the Outeiro-Maior is, by other scientifie persons, calculated to be 7881 feet, and the Estrella 7524 feet, above the level of the sea; whilst the Gerez can be scarcely less than 6000 feet above the same level.

The above-named mountains, together with a vast many others, whose altitudes are given by Balbi (pp. 73-75, vol. i.), are well worth exploring, und there is not one of them which cannot be ascended in the autumn, as the snow by that time no longer rests upon their summits.

There is little doubt that Portugal is "rich in mincrals of every lind;" few, however, are the mines which are worked at the present time, though there is one which, on many accounts, deserves notice, viz., the lead-mine of Braçal, not far from the

Vou
Vonga, and in a very wild and romantic dell, nbout four leagues enst of Oliveira d'Azemeis. This mine is in the possession of a German gentleman of great enterprise, and who, were it only on account of the vast number of persons whom he constantly enploys, merits far more encouragement than the Government has yet deemed it right to afford to him in his very arduous undertakings.
In Portugal there is much to awaken the attention of the politieinn; but in the present state of parties, the traveller may well eschew polities, in a country in whiel he will probably sojourn but a few months, unless he should thiink, as but too often happens, that his opinions would be valunble inversely ns were his menns of forming them correctly.

To the "economist," the elaborate work of Balbi is reeommended, whieh work is entitled "Essai stntistique sur le Royaume de Portugal," Paris, 1822. It contains an amount of information which will in vain be looked for elsewhere; though that information may be sometimes too minute, yet the lover of statistics will find it to be a valuable book, and the more so as Balbi, in composing it, received every assistance from tho then oxisting Government.
A very useful publiention was printed, in 2 vols.

8vo, nt Rio de Janciro, in 1850, by Panlo Perestrello da Camara, called "Diccionario Geographico, Historico, Politico, e Litterario do Reino de Portugal a seas Dominios;" the first volume of which is a gazetteer of Portugal and its Colonies, and from which the traveller may obtain much useful information respecting the different cities, towns, \&o. " Les Arts en Portugal," Paris, 1816, the work of Le Comte A. Raczynski, is referred to as containiug all that ean be written on the fine arts in Portugal.

For an nttractive description of some of the exquisitcly beautiful portions of Portugal, Lord Carnarvon's work* should be read carcfully, since he was peculiarly qualified to appreciate and to describe the abounding benuties of that lovely land, ho having had both the eye and the pen of a poet, and having spared no pains to sec, and having been deterred by no difficulties from reaching, its separate provinces; and it is to be regretted that, with his powers of description, his extensive journeys from the nortl to the utmost south did not embrace all the turly majestic parts of the country, for he did not visit the Gercz, tho Onteiro-Maior, and the Estrella Mountains. By the quotations made from his work, the reader will learn what is the character

[^2]of much of the secnery of Portugal ; and if some errors have crept into his book, and if its poctical tone sometimes admits of being a little modified, yet his beautiful description of what is so very beautiful in itself will be fully appreciated by every lover of the picturesque and the sublime. Tho equitable estimate of the Portuguese character, which it contains, makes this work the more valuable. "The Letters of Mrs. Baillie," mritten in Lisbon thirty years ago, convey a clear idea of the customs and manners of the Portuguese; and they are written in a discriminating. spirit, and deserve wotice on account of the opportnnities which she enjoyed of entering into some of the best society of the capital.

There is one bulky work whieh was written in 1827, entitled "Portugal Illustrated," which would be valuable if its contents were as attractive as are its paper, print, and embellishments; but the very short time that its nuthor was in Portugal, and the few portions of the country which he actually visited, scarcely afforded him the means of writing his very large volume, cither with authority or with accuracy. The brief reviow, however, of the literary history of Portugal, communicated to him in substance by Senbor Garrott, and to be found in
the second supplementary letter (pago 525), is worth the attention of suel persons as are senrecly aware that Portugal ever produced any other poet than Camoens; who have never read the "Bibliothean Lusitana;" nor heard of Joĩo de Barros, the Livy of Portugal, nor of Antonio Vieyra, the eloquent preacher, and tho reputed nuthor of that witty satire, "Arto de Furtar," the Art of Stenling; an edition of which, in wily mood, was once dedieated to a Fidalgo not over remarkablo for his integrity. Truly tho English, as yet, know as littlo of the ancient and modern literature of Portugal as they do of its physieal beauty; to those, however, who aro interested in both, it is plensant to think that the ancient renown of Portugal in letters is being revived, in the talented and very beautiful history of his own country, by Senhor Herculnno, the Macaulay of Portugal.

Thero is scarcely any difficulty now in going to Portugal, for a steamer sails from Southumpton for Lisbou on the 7th, 17th, and 27th of every month, or on the following day, when may of thoso days should fall on a Sunday, and generally enters Vigo Bay in three days; and, weather permitting, calls off Oporto, and arrives in five or six days at Lisbon, from which oity a stoamer ocoa-
sionally sails for Oporto, at which place the traveller is recommended to commence his excursions, the province of Minho excelling all others in Portugal in whatever is fertile and picturesque, and being equal, if not superior, in grandeur to the distriet of the Estrella Mountains. Of this province the author of "Portugal and Gallicia" thus writes: -"I had now traversed the Entre Minho twice, and during my second journcy through the country was still more improssed with a senso of its surpassing beauty. All that is most grateful in cultivated scenery, and that is most striking in the wild landscape, have combined to render this district a fairy land. His heart must be insensible to external influences who can behold, without delight, or quit without regret, such a favoured country."

The ordinary mode of travelling is on horses or mules, which can bo lired for about 5 s . 6 d . per day, including their food; but the arriciro who accompanies them must be maintained at the cost of hiin who hires them, and he likewise expects to leceive a gratuity. When guides aro wanted, great care should be taken to learn that they havo travelled the road often chough to be well acquainted with it, especially in the mountain districts, where few know any places, and the tracks
of them, beyond a few lengues from their own homes, nlthough they constantly profess to know everything, when in a short time the nnnoyed traveller hears them inquire of all they meet the best way to a given place.

The money of the country is calculated in reis, and taking the mil rei, or 1000 reis, to be equal to $4 s .6 d$. , the value of the current coin will be nearly ns follows:-

In Silver.


The English sovereign circulates in Portugal for 4500 reis.

The copper coins in general circulation are the following :-


The best Map of Portugal, on a small scale, is that published by the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge.
$\square$

## ITINERARY.

> No. 1.
> OPORTO TO BRAGA.


The leagues in Portugal are ordinarily $3 \frac{1}{2}$ English miles; but any distance which is short of two lengues is sometimes called a lengue.

Places and things more or less deserving notice in Oporto:-
The New Exxchange.
The British Factory-house.
The Public Library.
The Bishop's Palace.
Tho Mnseum of the Camara.
The Lapa Chureh, in which is deposited the heart of Don Pedro, and the burying-ground near it.

The Cedo-feitn Church, a small collegiate edifice, founded by the Goths in the year 559.

The Church of St. Francisco.
A window and door-way in a building below the Alfandega.

The Palace, in the Run dos Quarteis.
The Cathedral, and an altar in it of wrought silver, which escaped the hands of the French.

The public hospital.
The English burying-ground, and the Chapel, remarkable for the simple elegance of its interior.

The view from the tower of the Clerigo's chureh.
The view from the slight elevation of the gromed formerly belonging to the Congregados, at the extreme north of the city, near Agon-ardente; this view embraces the country on eneh side of the river, and from this elevation all the positions ean be discovered of the besieging army of Oporto in 1832 and 1833.

The view from the telegraph, near the Lapa Church, is interesting.

The fonr quintas, in Eutre Quintas, deserve notice for their beautiful position, and also for their trees; in ono of them (the "Quinta do Meio") there is the fine Magnolia grandiflora already named, the trunk of which, at 3 feet from the ground, is

12 feet in circumference, and the branches of which cover an area of 50 feet in diameter. In the same quiuta, there is also a rather young tulip tree, which already is 11 feet 10 inches in circumference at 3 feet from the ground, and about 80 feet in height. In one of these quintas tho lato King of Sardinia, Charles Albert, terminated his sorrowful days. At Oporto tho traveller will have an opportunity of drinking port wino in perfection, and of learning what are its admirable qualities; for though some persons affect to decry it, no one who has tasted good port wine will fail to wish that his cellar wero well supplied with it. The term beautiful (and hence it comes within the scope of these hints) is truly applicable to its ruby colour; and its " flavourfull" and dclicate aroma every ono must appreciate, in a wine excellent in its own nature. The hotels at Oporto are those of Gabricl, Peixe, and Stanislaus.

Tho scenery about Oporto and on eitlzer side of the Douro is tame, in comparison with what it was before the siege in 1832, as, in that sad time, hundreds of thousands of trees were cut down for stockades and other purposes; but the part which is most shorn of its original beauty is the Scrra Convent. Its splendid oaks and chestnuts, and
its pines, are all gone, and the building itself is fast falling into decay; it is, however, yet worth seeing, and from it there is a fine view; the spot beyond the convent, where the British army crossed the Douro in 1809, is denuded of the numberless trees which covered that army in its approach to the river, and completely concealed its march from the knowledlye of Soult.

Tho telegraph, opposite Maçarellos, should bo visited; and thence to the village of Candal is a pleasant walk, prosenting a fine view of the city.

Ono or two of the extensive wine lodges in Villa Nova should be examined.

There aro soveral villages in the neighbourhood of Oporto to which the inhabitants resort on holydays.

St. Cosmo, from the hill of which is a pleasunt view.

Matozinhos (by way of the liill of St. Gens, from which also is a pleasant view), thenee to Leça da Palmeira, returning by tho high road, or by way of St. Joln's, at the mouth of the Douro; to improve the frightful bre of which river, it is to be hoped that something will ere long be done effeetively, so as to prevent the recurrenee of the never-
cuding wrecks at or near the entranee of the river, the most appalling of which was that of tho stenmer (tho Oporto), on the 29th of March, 1852, by which not less than sixty persons perished, and that within the short distance of a stone's throw from the Castle.

Leģa de Balio, and its church, once belonging to the Templars.

Over five of the eight leagues to Braga there is a good rond, and it is hoped that the entire journey may soon be made in a carriage. At Villa Nova de Famelicāo is a good inn (good for Portugal). At Braga, tho Cordeiro d'Ouro, near the Cathedral (though not so large as the Dous-Amigos), can be recommended. As Braga is appronched, and as the mountains in the distance are first espied, the country becomes more and moro beautiful. Braga, the Bracara Augusta of the Romans, is a tolcrably sized city; having in it many edifices of an interesting nature. The objects deserving notiee are-

The Cathedral, espeeially its choir in tho gallery.
The room in the arehbishop's palace, open at all hours of the day, in which are pietures, said to be portraits of the successive archlishops of Braga, from the age of the Apostles to the present day. The locality named the Carvalhos has in it
many of the Roman milliaria, with inscriptions, which milliaria were taken, from time to time, from their own proper places in the Roman roads, to be gathered, for no discoverable purposo, into this unsuitable spot.

$$
\text { No. } 2 .
$$

BRAGA TO ARCOS AND THE OUTEIRO-MAIOR.
Ponte do Prado . . . . . . . I lcaguc.
Pico de Regalados . . . . . . 1 "
Portella . . . . . . . . . . $"$
Barca . . . . . . . . . . 1 "
Arcos . . . . . . . . . 1 " 5 leagucs.

A very magnificent country from Braga to Arcos, affording a ride of great delight over hill and vale, and some of the lower mountains, only that the road is execrably bad. At tho im, near the chmech, beforo entering the tom, and kept by the very honest Sacristão, a guide can be procured for ascending tho grand mountain, the Onteiro-Maior, which, by somo authorities, is said to bo 7881 feet above the level of the sca, and, thereforo, the highest mountain in Portugal: the aseent should bo male ou tho oastern sido, by Soazo and Adrion ; which will treble the delight of the traveller,
as the Gerez and the other mountrins to the enst are seen to inereasing advantage during that aseent, for which not less than five hours will be needful. To attempt to describe tho cxtent and grandeur of the view from the summit of the Outero-Maior would be quite useless; suffice it to say, that it embraces the valleys of the Vez , the Lima, and the Minho; the Atlantic Ocean to the west; very many leagues of Spain to the north and east ; aud, in $\Omega$ very clear day, the summit of the Estrelln, to the south, can bo disecrned. Ladies, having good comrage, can ascend to nearly the lieight of the Outciro on horseback; and, if the weather be propitions, they will be abundantly repaid for all their trouble in making that ascent. No traveller should fail to visit it soveral times ; on one oceasion a fine sight was witnessed during the aseent of it; the clouds eamo sailing from the south, the rain vertieally deseending from them, apparently in a straight line from east to west, slowly appronehing, and at last overtaking the travellers and falling in torrents upon them, till the clouds were carried to the north, when the mountain reappeared, but with angmented splendour.

Before renching Barea, the hill on the right, on whieh are the remains of the Castle of Aboim de

Nobrega, might bo ascended, as it affords a fine view of the Outeiro and other mountains all around it.

$$
\text { No. } 3 .
$$

FROM ARCOS TO VALENÇA, ETC.
From Arcos to Valonça . . . . 5 leagues.
Monçāo . . . . . . .
$\frac{2}{7}$ " 1 leagues.

And-
From Arcos to Monção . . . . 5 leagues.
Valladares
Melgaço . . . . . . . 2 " 8 loaguos.

Half a league from Monção, on the rond to Bragn, is tho extraordinary palace of Berjocira, which took twonty-cight years to construct, and which astonishes many persons by its magnitnde and by its siagular locality; the expense of its construction has been estimatod at not less than $£ 80,000$. Its proprictor; Simāo Pereira Velho do Moscoso, with great politeness, permits travellers to exploro its many objects of attraction.

From Valladares, or from Molgaço, the traveller can go to N. S. de Penede, and thence to the

Outeiro-Maior; the scenery will highly gratify him. At N. S. de Penede the accommodation of four walls is afforded in the buildings erected for the convenience of those who resort thither to pay their vows to tho saiut. There is also a Venda there. From N. S. de Penede to Arcos, including the aseent to the Outeiro-Maior, is a day's journcy.

> No. 4.
> BRAGA TO PONTE DO LIMA AND VALENÇA.
> Ponte do Prado . . . . . . . I league.
> Moure . . . . . . . . . . 1 "
> Portella das Cabras . . . . . . 1 "
> Ponte Nora . . . . . . . . 1 "
> Ponte do Lima . . . . . . . 1 "
> Rubiãcns . . . . . . . . . 3 "
> Valença . . . . . . . . . . 2 "
> 10 leagues.
> Thence to Tuy and Vigo . . . . 4 leagues.

The ride to Valença is over a country abounding in overything that can gratify the lover of benutiful and grand scenery, and ought to be explored and re-explored ; in fret, there is scarcely any part of the Entro Minho which does not present objects of decpest interest; rarely indeed, if nnywhere, is there such a combination of tho fertile, the
benutiful, and tho sublime, as these districts present, if the mountains appear in thoir "clouded majesty." Lord Carnarvon snys, "Tho exquisite scenery betreen Tuy and Ponte do Lima bafles all description; I thought, when wandaring along the banks of tho Lima, I had never gazed upon a lovelier scene, as I saw the sun set gloriously behind a range of bold mountains, then robed in the deepest purple. From Ponto do Lima I rode on to Braga, through a continuation of the samo enjoyable country." On another occasion ho thus dilates, "I rode among lills covered with cork and olive, over knolls partly bare and partly clothed, with picturesque groups of chestnut, emulating the richest park scencry."

Ponte do Lima, a small town, deriving its name from its remarkable bridge, is inclosed by walls, and wns the Forum Limicorum of the Romans; its ancient castle, its walls, and bridge are objects of considerable interest. Tho ride over the Labruja Mountrin to Valença is most striking.

No. 5.
FROM BRAGA TO BOM JLSUS, GUIMARĀENS, AND AMARANTE; OR BY CALDAS DE VIZELLA AND PENAFIEL TO AMARANTE.

Bom Jesus . . . . . . . . 40 minutes.
Caldas das Taipas . . . . . $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hour.
Guimarūens . . . . . . . $1 \frac{1}{2}$ hour.
Caldas de Vizella . . . . . 1 h .20 m .
Penaficl . . . . . . . . . 4 hours.
Amarante . . . . . . . . 4 hours.
13 hours.
From Guimariens direct to Ama- $\{3$ leagucs.
ranto. . . . . .
At Bom Jesus one entire day shonld assuredly be spent; it is so beautiful and so remarkable, as to receive a visit from every Portuguese, if it ever be in his power, once in his life, to reach it, be his dwelling never so far distant from Braga. In its character it more or less resembles all places to which devotees resort to pay or fulfil somo vow or other made to the Senhor, if the parties making it be rescued from tho nnticipated evil, or from the actual effects of disease then felt. Its church commands a splendid view, as does its higliost chapel, when the distant Gerez is clothed in "deepest purple." The chapels, on eithor sido of the steps leading to the church, are adorned with figures as large as life, representing the birth, deeds, and
sufferings of our blessed Lord. For the convenience of pilgrims, who nssemble at Whitsumside at this ronowned spot, buildings of nn extensive chnracter are crected, out of the funds offered to the Senhor ly the visitors, high and low, ono part of the buildings being in the hands of an innkeeper, so that the traveller may nlwnys find necommodntion at this place, either in winter or in sumner.

The distance from Bom Jesus (over the mountnin) to Guimaràens is nbout three leagues; and the inn should be left at suel a time in the morning, ns that, within half an hour of his departure, the traveller may expect the clouds hanging upon the mountains to be raised, and his view will then bo enchnnting indeed, as many can testify who, from the Falperra, have witnessed the loveliest tints impressed upon tho valleys, on cither side, by the rays of the sum gradunlly falling upon them through the retiring elouds. Tho Fulperra is soon gained from Bom Jesus, and commands a finc vicw to the enst, west, and north. Tho villago of Taipas (in the rond to Guimariens) lins baths, which nre most beneficial in cutancous disenses and the gout.

At Citana, a quarter of a lenguo from Taipns, there aro some remains of $a$ Moorish town.

Guimarāens is a very ancient town, finely situ-
ated, having been the residence of the early kings of Portugal, and the birth-place of Alphonso Henrique, its first sovereigu. The Collegiate Church, before it was Italianized, was very benutiful in the interior ; its collection of antiquities, of a given kind, is valuable. From its tower is a pleasant view. The Moorish ( $n$ r, as some think, the Roman) towers, which yet remain, deserve attention; the old palace is now a barrack. The inn opposite to the chureh is pretty good. In times past Guimariens was a place of importauce; it was the eapital of those parts of Portugal whieh were being gradually rescued from the hands of the Moors, but now it has

> "A palace without a king,
> A cathedral without a prelate, And a bridge without a river:"

From Guimarāens to Amaraute is a ride of a very pleasing character, through scenery of every kind of beauty and splendour.

From Gumaritens to the Caldas de Vizella is a very agreeable ride of about six miles. These caldas are often marvellous in their effects on rheumatic invalids; one of them is neally at boiling heat; all aro more or less impregnated with sulphur. The Romans knew their value, and used them, as is gathered from some remains and from
aneient authors. From the residence of an English gentleman, who always shows it with courtesy, there is a charming view of the river and mountains of this interesting place. From Vizella to Penafiel is a beautiful rido, if the traveller do not prefer going to Oporto by the Agrella Mountain, which latter road is about $6 \frac{1}{2}$ leagues in extent.

From Oporto to S. Thirso and Guimariens is an attractive day's journey, the distaneo being $7 \frac{1}{2}$ loagues, over five of which tho traveller can go with great comfort, the road having been but lately made, and being yet in a good stato of preservation: most of the seenery is of a beautiful and striking character, especially in the neighbourhood of S. Thirso, with its fino convent. The Inn of Senhora Joanna, opposite to the Collegiate Church at Guimarīens, is recommended.

From Guimariens the traveller can cither go to Bom Jesus, or he can at once proceed to the Caldas do Gerez by wry of N. $\mathrm{S}^{\prime \prime}$. do Porto and S. Torquato, taking with him a guide as far as Pardieiros, and such provision as may be needful for the way, with whieh he can be well supplied at Guimariens. 'The scenery is as beautiful as it is of nover-ending variety.
No. 6.
BRAGA TO GEREZ.
Carralho d'Este . . . . . . . .
Pinheiro leagues.
Chapel of St. Mamede, and thence
to Pardiciros . . . . . . .

From Braga to Pinhciro the country is "beautiful execedingly," the traveller aseending first to Carvalho, and deseending to Pinheiro, with the Val do Gerdz on his left. At Pinheiro there ore the remains of an old castle, in a pieturesque position, to which castle Don Affonso Henrique consigned his mother, Donna Thereza, after defeating her at tho battle of St. Mamede, in 1128; and in which she expired about two years afterwards. At the Pinheiro Inn a guide should be procured to eonduct the traveller to St. Mamede, where is a chapel only; the view from the summit is magnificent indeed, embracing, towards the west, the valley of the Cavado and the ocean; to the north, the Gerez; and to the east, the Cabreira Mountain, like a huge whale in shape. The roeks beyond the chapel aro of stupendous size, and unitedly give at a distanee the
idea of an enormous fortification, seen from every quarter of the comintry. From St. Mamede the guide should aceompany the traveller to the Caldas do Gerez, as St. Mamedo is not in tho high road to those culdas, close to which ealdas is a village of many houses, inlabited only in the summer, by persons from all parts resorting thither for the restoration of their health. In the winter, or in slring, it is needful to engage a person at Villar de Veiga, to go up to the caldas to open one of the houses, and to earry provender for the cattle and food for the travellers, who at that season may visit the Gerez, though at Villnr do Veiga accommodation is afforded, in the most obliging manner, by som of the farmers, to foreigners who wish to romain a few days in that delightful vicinity, and from which some oxcursions can be mado with greater ease than from the caldns; viz., the excursion to Salamonde, to Nossa Senhora d'Abbadia, and to the Outeiro-Maior by way of Freitas and Covide, instend of going up the fearfully steep mountain directly west of the caldas. The waters of theso Caldas do Gerez are chiefly beneficial in cases of disensed liver, or in strengthening the digestive organs; they are of considerable heat, and tasteless. From this village many delightful excursions could be made.

1. To Portella do Homem, a distance of two leagues, Jut no less than four hours being required to andivo at it; the ascent to the highest part of the path leading into Spain is wild and singularly beautiful, espeeinlly to him who ever and anon turns his head to the sonth, to witness the increasing loveliness of the apparent amphitheatre which he previously traversed on his wny to the Cavado, before arriving at Villar de Veiga; and when the path downwards to the Spanish frontier is followed, between trees and shrubs of every variety, the view becomes more and more majestic, the rivulet cheering the wanderer with its music, till it enters the Rio Homem, or filling him with astomishment, when, in rainy weather, it swells into an overwhelning torrent. At its uniou with the Rio Homem, the traveller can turn to tho left into the valley through whieh that river runs, and ramble over the Roman road to Braga, in whieh thero aro yet many milliaria and remains of Roman stations; or he can examine the two portions of arehes which yet oxist of bridges which that eonquering peoplo built over tho confluent strenms, which in their courses directed them how to enter into Lusitania. It is, however, always worth tho trouble to go to the boundary of Spain and Portugal, and thero will be seen tho colunns
of the lRomans yet remaining, one of which is dedicated to the "Rivis." Near the miscrable wooden bridges which must be crossed in returning from Portella do Homem, the view of the mountnin scenery is unique. At St. Joūo de Campo, is a venda kept by a roughly-speaking, but withal an honest, monntaineer. From St. João, the remnins of the place they eall Chulcedonia may be visited by any antiquarian, who will find his wits sadly puzzled to discover by whom, and when, it was built; if by the Moors, the only race which over peopled sueh airy places, its name is remarkable. Thence the very rugged track can be followed which leads to the caldas. This journey, cven if Chalcedonia be omitted from it, will occupy a long day.
2. Another trip from the Gerez is to the Nossa Senhora d'Abbadin, situated in a remarkably retired spot, on the mountain at the back of the celebrated eonvent of Bouro; to this place thousands of persons annually resort on the day of our Lady of Abbadia, for whose accommodation, as at Bragn, inmense buildings have been ereeted, in the rooms of which all comers may find the accommodation of four walls, during the time of their sojourn, which will vary from two to fifteen days, according to the monus and leisure of the different devotees. These
buildings and tho road leading to them, with its numerous chapels, are kept in good preservation out of the funds dedicated to tho saint of this farfamed place.
3. A third trip from the ealdas can be mnde to Salanonde, and to the two bridges beyond it, one of which, on the road to Montalegre, is very striking; this trip can easily be takelu in a day, the distance from the enldns to Salamonde being not more than four lengues. A fearful interest attnehes to this bridge, from the slaughter of the Frencls when pursued by Wellington after the taking of Oporto. Every step of the ascent from the Cavado to the road leading to Salamonde, and of the subsequent distnnce, is overflowing with beauty and maguificence, the Gerez and the valley of the Cavado below being in such striking contrast; the one bold and grand, the othor teeming with abundance, and that abundance adorned by trees of every deseription, from the golden orango to the widespreading oak.
4. A fourth day might bo oecupied in ascending the monntain and reaching the Burrageiro, but it is an arduous undertaking; nor is the view, whatever Liuk may say to the contrary, equal to that of the Estrella Mountain, and it is far inferior in extent to
that of the Outeiro-Maior: he, however, who has leisure and good lungs, and a sure-footed beast, may in a day easily go to it and return to the village. Fine specimens of the loadstone (Pedraiman) are sometimes found near the Burrageiro. In this mountain game is plentiful; the wild boar, the wild cat, the roebuck, and the wild goat of a peculiar and large size, are occasionally met with, and liilled by the mountaineers; and the wolves would soon destroy the enttle, were they not hanted down so soon as notice (after their arrival) is given for ench adult, under a given penalty, to assemble to pursne and exterminate them. Evory ono with leisule should spend ten days in oxploring the many valleys of this crichanting district, which in every respeet is superior to Cintra.
5. From the caldas to the Outeiro-Maior, by way of St. João do Campo, Broof, Germilde, Britello, Soazo, and Adräo, staying the first night at Britello or Sonzo, and ascending the Onteiro early on the following morning: the wildness, difficulty, and benuty of this ride can scarcely be exaggerated, and there is scarcely anything but a hovel to rest in by the way.
Route 8.] Chaves to villa real
BRAGA TO CHAVES.

Salamonde.
5 leagues.
Ruivāens
1 "
Venda Nova 2 "
Venda da Serra
1 "
Alturas de Barroso
1 "
Carvalhellos . . . . . . . . 1 "
Boticas
$1 "$
Casas Novas . . . . . . . . 1 "
Chaves
1 "
14 leagues.

No. 8.
CHaves to villa real and pezo de regoa.
Villa Verde de Oura . . . . . 2 leagues.
Sabrosa.
1 "
Villa Poùca 2 "
Amezio 2 "
Escariz 1 "
Villa Real. 1 "
Comicira 1 "
Sta. Martha 1 "
Pezo de Regoa
1 "
12 leagues.


The road to Vianna is perhaps the least attractive of any from Oporto, yet the view from Sta. Lusin, the hill near the town itself, is fine.

The road to Caminha, by the sen-side, is plensant, and from that torn to Valcnça boats can be procured to sail up the fine, though not deep, river of the Minho, whose scenery increases in variety and splendour tho higher its banks are traeked. The fortified town of Valença is said to have been originally "founded by the soldiers of the Roman gencral Viriatus." It is built on a commanding
position, and is of considerable strength ; from its ramparts some good views may be enjoyed.

No. 10.
FROM VIANNA TO PONTE DO LIMA AND ARCOS. Ponte do Lima . . . . . . . 3 leagues.
Areos . . . . . . . . . . 3 "
6 leagues.

Nothing in Portugal exceeds in benuty the everchanging seenery of this valley, which, to bo eujoyed in perfection, should bo wandered over in the direction of west to east, so that the traveller leaving Vianna not orrlier than twelvo o'clock, in the spring, may see the rays of the sun falling upon the mountains during tho greater part of this ramble. It is believed that the Romans applied to this valley the epithet of the "elysian fields," as they gradually erept into the plains of this romantie river. Link states that no traveller eould "undelighted explore this province, or theso charming seenes, whieh, amid the beauties of a warm climate, afford all the refreshment of tho north;" adding, that " tho Roman troops refused to follow their eommonder, being unwilling to quit this happy eountry," enlling the Limn the "river of oblivion."

> No. 11.
> OPORTO TO BARÇELLOS AND PONTE DO LIMA.

Cazal do Pedro, Barçellos . . . 7 leagues.
Ponte do Lima . . . . . . . 5 "
12 leagues.
The ride to Barçellos is agreeable, and a delightful view ean be had from the Nossa Senhorn de Franqueira, situated on $a$ hill on the left of the rond from Oporto, and distant abont a leaguc from Barçellos.

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This journey can easily be taken in one day.
Tho position of Amarante is striking. Link was in raptures with it, nnd said that it well deserved "its charming name of Amarante." Its neighbourhood is "uncommonly pleasant," abounding in onks, chestnuts, fig, and cork trees; but especially
in admirable penoh trecs. The bridge over the Tamega has witnessed many a conflict in the different wars, foreign and domestic, with whieh Portugal has been so often ardieted.

## No. 13.

AMARANTE TO VILLA REAT, AND PEZO DA REGOA, passing tilnough the marão mountain.

No. 14.
Amarante to PEZO AND LaMEGO.
Quintella . . . . . . . . . 3 leagues.
Mezāo Frio . . . . . . . . 1 "
Peqo . . . . . . . . . . 2
Lamego . . . . . . . . . $1 \frac{1}{2}$ "

In going to Villa Real, through Ovelha and Campean, the summit of the Mario can ensily be ascended, the view from which is very extensive. From that part of the mountain whieh is enlled
"Cabriz" thero is a waterfall, which is much admired by the mountaineers; it is not fur from the high rond to Villa Real, at about threo leagues' distance from Amarante. Link's nccount of this mountain is interesting, but not quito eorrect as to its eomparative height, he considering it to be higher than the Gerez range.

The monntain pass, between Amarante and Mezão Frio, by wny of Quintelln, is considered by some to bo "singularly beautiful," and undoubtedly it ought to be traversed by all admirers of grand seenery; tho "towering line" of the Mario running to the left. The view from the inn at Quintella will not soon bo forgotten.

Lamego is an old city, with a eathedral of but few pretensions to beauty. At the baek of a house in one of the strects is a largo ancient bath, with arehed roof, which merits the nttention of the antiquarian. The Cortes of 1144 was hold in this eity, when the election of Alphonso the First was confirmed, and laws were passed for determining the government of the nation. Thero are some ruins of an old Moorish eastle near Lamego.

No. 15.
FROM LAMEGO TO ST. JOĀO DF PESQUEIRA.
A day's journey through -
Sande.
Valdigem.
Sta. Euphemia.
Folgozo.
Casaes.
Ervedosa.
S. Joūo de Pesqueira.

A day's journey through seenery of every variety.
From Pesqueirn it is a short distance to S. Salvador del Mundo, and to the splendid rocks hemming in the Douro at Ponto do Cachāo.

From Pesqueira to Barca d'Alva through Nomão and Foseoa . 8 leagues.
Or to Moncorvo, and from thenco to Freixo d' Espada a Cinta, a very agreeablo journey, if the traveller would visit the very wild part of the Douro, one league above the Salto de Sardinha.

From Barca d'Alva, in a boat to Oporto, there being boats of $a$ very large size, which are continually descending the Douro from that place. One night staying at Pezo; but to those who wish to be only one dry on the river, the short ride from Lamego to Pezo will ho agreeable; and they can go thence to Oporto, where they will arrive in eight,
twelve, or sixteen hours, necording to tho quantity of water in the river, and necording to its rapidity, which after heavy rain is so great as to havo induced ono writer to state, somewhat hyperbolically, "that he shot down its roaring rapids with the celerity of lightning."

Some travellers prefer the seenery of the Douro to that of tho Rline, notwitlistanding all the airy castles of the latter; but in truth no comparison between them ean be made, as they differ in all their characteristics, each having indeed its own peculiar benuty: there are, however, parts of the Donro which, in massive grandeur, are not inferior to those of the Danubo between Ratisbon and Vienna. By persons who wish to sce all its striking fentures, the descent of the river should be made from Barca d'Alva, or at least from Foscon, and then they will sail down the Ponto do Cachāo, hemmed in by gignutic rocks on either side. Much of the delight of this deseent must depend upon the state of the weather, the quantity of water in the river, which is ever varying, and also upon the susceptibilities of the traveller, and his capacity to endure the fatigue which arises from being so long confined in a boat. On the banks and hills of the Upper Douro, the scenery
is often monotonous, the vine affording little variety; but to other parts, the oak, pine, chestaut, eork, olive, and myrtle, yield their graco; and " the rock seonery has a wildness about it almost terrific." It were worth any person's while to go to Portugal, if it were only to luxuriate in the never-ending beauties of this charming river. Any one entering Portugal from Spain, by way of Salamanea (an agreeable journey), or by Ciudad Rodrigo, could conveniently descend the Domro from Barea d'Alra.

A splendid map of this river was published a few years ago, by Weale, 59, High Holborn, having beautiful drawings of Ponto do Salto, Ponto do Cachio, As Pedras das Amboras, and of other romantic parts of the Douro.

No. 16.
OPORTO I'O AVEIRO.
Ovar . . . . . . . . . 5 leagues.
Aveiro (by water) . . . . . . $\frac{5}{10}$ leagues.

No. 17.

## OPORTO TO VIZEU, CEA, AND THE ESTRELLA MOUNTAINS.



The traveller will, in this jomrney, pass over part of tho Arouea Mountains, and will be greatly interested by the perfectly foreign character of the scencry, till ho reach tho Estrella Mountains.

At Cabeçaes ho could stay ono night, there being at that placo pretty good accommodation, as well as at S. Pedro do Sul. Vizeu is a city of some consequence, having a bishop. Near it is a very noble hospital ; in one of its public buildings there is a remarkable staircase of stone.

From Vizeu to Cea is an easy day's journey; but at Cen there is no inn affording the most common comfort; the traveller is therefore reeommended to go to Nossa Senhora diEsterro, where, in the
house of the saeristāo, Senhor Anselmo, ho will find suitable accomodation for the wayfaring man.

From S. Ranāo, a village not far distant, he ean send for tea, chocolnte, wine, nud bread, so as to be enabled to sojourn as long as ho likes in the perfeet retreat of Nossa Senhorn did Esterro, from which place ho may explore all that is marvellous in the Estrella ehain of mountains. Taking Anselmo with him as a guide, the traveller can ascend the mountain, visit tho source of the Rin Zezere, the Cnntarn, and the obelisk; and on his return go to the lakes, four of which are to be found in the Estrella Mountains.

1. The Lagon Redonda.
2. The Lagor Secea, so called because it sometimes is dry in summer.
3. Tho Lagon Escura.
4. The Lagoa Comprida. Of which four, the Lagon Escurn is the most remarkable, and should assuredly bo visited. It is difficult of access, being inclosed between high and wild rocks, which convey tho notion of perfect solitude; its waters are so very deep as to be deemed fathomless by the mountaincers, beenuse no one, as yet, las aseertained their netual depth, which, together with its romantic position and wonderful rocks, lans occasioned many strange notions
to bo entertained concerning the lake; such as that it has a subterraneous communication with the sea, though distant from it twenty lengues. Tho ascent of the mountain should be commeneed by moon or star light, and, when the sun rises, tho wanderer will perhaps witness over all the plain, to the west and north, the most lovely pink hue, extending over the country between tho Estrella and Vizeu; the sites of Guarda, Sabugeira, and Mangualdo being visible.

In five hours the summit may be attained ; lenco in one long day the trip to tho obelisk and to the lakes may be made with ease, and the rambler ean return to Anselmo's humble habitation for the night; but if he have no desire to return to Nossa Senhora did Esterro, he can take the lakes in his ascent, and, after reaching the Cantara, con descend by it to Covilhão, if not deterred by tho very precipitous character of the rocks. Link's account of tho Lagoa Escura, or dark lake, is curious; indeed his book gives the best known description of all that is interesting in this wonderful mass of momntains, in the exploring of which any person might well employ fifteen days. Not fur from Anselno's cottage, there is a singular spot, which was occupied and well fortified by the Moors, where still remain
the outlines of their works, and where bits of hard burnt tile are constantly to be found.

The Estrella, if not tho bighest, is undoubtedly tho most exteusive clain of mountnins in Portugal, and tho views from it are grand indeed ; that to the south-west being indescribably fine, cmbracing in a somowhat semicircular form successive mountains, till in the far west they torminate in the elearlydiscerued height of Bussaco. In picturesque beauty tho Estrella is inferior to the Gerez, but the view from its summit is second only to that of the Outciro-Maior ; on no account should tho ascent be made, unless tho wind be gently bringing the clouds from the north, after heavy rain, otherwise not onetentl of its brilliant views can be enjoyed. Covilhāo is a town curiously located, in which large quantities of dark brown clotlı, called Saragoça, aro manufnctured, and which, from its recent improvements, and the palpable enterpriso of its inhobitants, will soon be able to supply the whole country with that cloth; and ero long will probably compete with England and France in the production of the finer qualitios of cloth.

If the troveller intend to exploro the course of the Zezcre, ho can go from Covilhāo to Tortozendo.


No. 19.
Or, FROM CEA TO ABRANTES BY PEDROGĀO.
Pampilhosa.
Pedrogūo Grando.
Pedrogão Pequeno.
Sertan.
Cortiçada.
Abrantes.
Tortozendo, one league, is a large village, with most singnlar verandahs of wood in the highest windows of tho houses. At Paiool is an inn, very prettily situnted. At San Martinho accommodation
can be had; but in making this journey food of every kind shonld bo taken, even bread, by him who would sustain the fatigue of this three days' trip. On the first day the Estrella is seen in majestic boldness, without verdure, affording the more striking contrast to the great fertility of the country through which the traveller roams, there being in every direction groves of chestunts of great size, most of them being 20 to 21. feet in girth; there are also many olive yards in this district, in the beauty of which district even the cattle participate, for they are sleek and symmetrical in a high degreo.

From San Martinlio to Izmah is a long and arduous day's jonrney; but the views are splendid, especially the one which is seen from the highest part of the road before it declines towards Iznall. There the Estrella and other monntains are seen in a form apparently approaching that of threc-fourths of $a$ circle; and, in another direction, Castello Branco, and all the intervening country towards Spain, is discovered, as well as a vast extent of the Alem-Tejo towards the south-enst. Seldom can scenery smrpass in splendour that of the last two lengues of this jomrney, especially towneds evening, when the sky has the soft and tonching hue which
precedes the close of day, or when its light blue is tinged with clouds of dingy gold; then, indeed, is fully folt tho soothing influence of all around, perfected when the tinkling of the bells of cattle is heard, and the lumming of insects, and the cawing of the crows as they cut the air in their homeward flight.

From Bogas de Baixo, the road to Pedrogāo eould be taken, but in that case the splendid view near Iznah would be lost. The best thing is, to traverse every road leading to the Zezere, and thus to become aequainted with the near and distant beauties of the eountry through whieh it flows.


A very fine ride to Fundāo, whieh is celebrated for its beautiful position, and for the very extensive and enchanting views which its neighbouring heights afford of the Estrolla Mountnins to the
Route 21.] opORTO TO COIMBlRA. 61
west, and of the vast plain towards Almcida and Spain on the east, as well as of the country towards Castello Branco and Idaulıa to the soutlr; but if the time of the traveller be limited, ho can go from Covilhāo to Iznah, and thence to Sertan, and to Pedrogāo Pequeno and Pedrogāo Grunde, or from Bogas de Baixo to Pedrogāo, and thus have an opportunity of following the course of the Zezere, meandering at the base of the high mountains, and passing through gorges of the wildest nature, some of which nearly approach the perpendicular; as at the Ponte de Cabril.

No. 21.
OPORTO TO COIMBRA.


18 leagues.
At Albergaria is a tolcrably good inn, the Dous-

Amigos. Ihe ride to Coimbra is not particularly interesting. The objects at Coimbra deserving notice, are :-

The Old Cathedral, especially the archway over the western entrance, which, unhappily, is fast crumbling away.

The University, and the fine view from its tower.
The Library.
The Hall, in which degrees are conferred, adorned with portraits of the sovereigns of Portugal; and the smaller hall, in which are the portraits of the successive rectors of the university.

The Botanical Garden.
The view of the city from the southern side of the Mondego is fine, Coimbra, like Oporto and Lisbon, being built on hills, but its streets soon destroy all illusions of beanty; the scenery around it is, however, of $\Omega$ very picturesque character, and the banks of the river are at times enchanting. The Quinta das Lagrimas, opposite to the city, is visited by all who have ever been touched by the sorrowful life and sad death of Igncz de Castro. General Trant caused a tablet to be placed in this quinta, witls an inscription from Canoens, in allusion to the name of its fountain. From Coimbra to Bussaco is a pleasant morning's ride.

## Routi: 23.]

L.EIRIA TO SANTAREM.
No. 22.
COIMBRA TO LEIRIA.

Condeixa.
Redinha.
Pombal . . . . . . . . . . 7 leagues.
Venda Nova
1 "
Casal da Bouça . . . . . . . 1
Venda dos Gallegos . . . . . 1 "
Venda dos Machados . . . . . 1 "
Leiria
1 "
12 leagues.
The country between Coimbra and Condeixa is very fertile, and the entire journey to Leirin is interesting. From the castle of Leiria there is an extensive and fine view.


From Porto de Moz the traveller can go to Minde, and aseend the mountain onlled Serra d'Aire or Mindo (2150 feet above the level of the sen),

64 COIMBIRA TO PEDROGAO GRANDE. [HoUTK $2 j$.
from which ho will enjoy a splendid and most extensive view, though less extensive than its curious name, " O Cabecinho de todo o Mundo," would seem to promise.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { No. } 24 . \\
& \text { COLMBRA TO THOMAR. } \\
& 13 \text { leagues. } \\
& \text { No. } 25 . \\
& \text { COIMBRA TO PEDROGĀO GRANDE AND THOMAR. } \\
& \text { Pedrogāo Grande (Ponte de Cabril) } 2 \text { " } \\
& \text { Figuciro . . . . . . . . . } 2 \text { " } \\
& \text { Cabaços . . . . . . . . } 2 \text { " } \\
& \text { Thomar } \\
& 16 \text { leagues. }
\end{aligned}
$$

From Aira de Calva to that part of the mountain south of Louzāa on which a building or tower
(called Trevin) was erected for trigonometrical purposes, tho ascent is gradual ; and from its summit a view of an extruordinarily grand character almost astonishes the traveller, embracing the ocean and the intervening country towards Figueire, on the west; the splendid range of the Estrella Mountains to the north-east; Coimbra and Bussaco, and all the country as far as the cye can reach, to tho north. Ladies of common enterprise could make the journey from Coimbra to Pedrogāo, and it would amply repay them for their trouble by its glorious and almost uniquo character. The distance is short from Pedrogào to the Ponte de Cabril, a bridge which, for its position, has no equal, and where one hundred men could prevent the passage of an army over the Zezero, the seenery of which is there of the wildest and most savago character; and yet its existence is all but unknown to travellers in Portugal. From Pedrogāo Grande to Pedrogão Pequeno is ono league. The rond from tho former to Thomar is of never-ceasing interest, varying overy league in its character. In autumn the Zezere is so low, that the number 13 may be counted during the falling of a stono into it from the Ponte de Cabril, which bridge it all but touches after a great storm. After leaving tho bridge, tho
traveller, without returning to Pedrogāo, mny at once proceed to Figueiro, where are the remains of a square tower of great size, most probnbly erected by order of Don Sancho I. in 1187.

> No. 26.
> COIMBRA TO VIZEU.
Eiras . . . . . . . . . . . . 1 leaguc.
Botāo . . . . . . . . . . . .
S. Antonio do Cantaro
Barril . . . . . . . .

No. 27.

> COIMBRA TO CEA.
S. Andre do Payares . . . . . 3 leagues.

P'onte de Murçella
1
Moita
2,
Veuda do Valle
Venda do I'orco
1 "
Gallizes 2 ,
S. Rauño 2 "
Cea

Or, FROM COLMBRA TO CEA BY WAY OF BUSSACO.
Mcalhada . . . . . . . . . 3 leagucs.
Bussaco . . . . . . . . . 1
St. Antonio do Cantaro . . . . . 2
"
Gondaling . . . . . . . . . 2
Farinha Padre . . . . . . . 2
Vcuda do Porco . . . . . . . . 1
Cea . . . . . . . . . . .

The Convent of Bussaco is a most uninteresting edifice, not having a single thing to recommend it to notice, excepting the grounds in which it is inclosed, from the highest part of which there is an oxtensive view of the sen, Coimbra, Aveiro, and the plains to the north to a very great distance; and some of the grand mountains to the east. The trees within the convent grounds aro numerous, and some of the ecdars aro splendid in size; but the tree which most descrves notico is the eypress of Portugal (Cupressus Lusitanica), which so closely resembles the cedar as to bo often mistaken for it. This remarkable kind of cypress was transported to Bussnco more than 250 yenrs ngo, from the mountains noar Goa, and of which Link affirms that the first trees which were then planted still exist, and from which ho bolievos aro sprung all the others
of the like kind which are to be found in Portugnl and in other parts of Europe; but splendid, indeed, as they are, all of them had nearly been burnt by tho rapid approach of a terrific conflagration, which lately reduced to ashes the trees on all the mountains adjacent to the Bussnco Quinta. To arrest the ravages of this devouring fire, thousands of peasants from all parts were assembled, and, happily, the many years' labours of the friars in planting their retreat were not destroyed.

The effect produced on the mind of Count Hoflmansegg on visiting this convent and its quinta was very striking - a quinta in which the friars themselves were permitted to walk only onco in fifteen days; but they lave been disporsed far and wide, and for twenty years the touching words of tho Count have ceased to bo applienblo either to them or to their gloomy habitation; yet the words themselves will never lose their cham, nud they are therefore hero quoted:"Ce couvent consacré an silence, ee séjour solitaire, l'habillement bizarre des moines, remplissent l'âme d'une terreur involontaire. Oubliant lo monde, oubliés prar lui, les habitans do ces licux se promènent ì l'ombre des eyprès en gardant un silonce religieux. On dirnit que la religion a établi ici son trôno majestucux et formidable."

He who visits the convent must take his food and wine with him, as well as provender for lis horses.

He who feels pleasure in traversing sites where the blood of man has been shed like water, will at Bussaco have an opportunity of being gratified to his herrt's content. The ride from the convent to S. Antonio do Cantaro, over the mountains, is as agrecable as it is bracing. Near Gondaling tho Mondego can be crossed, and the road to Farinha Podro (strange namo!) be taken, and the night passed at Venda do Porco. As the Estrella Mountain is neared, it becomes grand indeed in tho direction of Gallizes and S. Ramāo, if the fleecy clonds be sailing up its sides, half revealing their beauty.

Coimbra to Sardaio, and thenco to Sta. Combadão over the Boialva Mountains, is a pleasant joumey, especially if thero bo time to go to Midoens, and thence to Cen and the Estrella.

No. 28.
COIMBRA TO AVEIRO.


No. 29.
LISBON TO COIMBRA.
Villa Franea . . . . . . . . 5 leagues.
Alemquer . . . . . . . . 2 "
Otta . . . . . . . . . . . 2 "
Tagarro . . . . . . . . . 2 "
Casal de Palhoça . . . . . . 2 "
Estalagem dos Candiciros . . . 3 "
Molianos . . . . . . . 2 "
Eistalagem dos Carvalhos . . . $"$
Chāo da Fcira . . . . . . 2 "
Batalha, Leiria . . . . . . 2 "
Coimbra . . . . . . . . 12 "
35 leagues.
Lisbon.-No description of this remarkable city will be attempted, but such places are nomed as merit particular notice.

The Church cloister and Convent at 13 elem , be-
longing formerly to the monks of S. Ieronymo, of whiel many varying accounts have been given, but to which no description can do justice. Tho columns whieh support the roof of the church are peculiarly graceful and light. It is believed that Batalha and this convent were raised by the same skilful hand, that of Stephen Stcphenson, but who renlly was its architect can nowhere be learned.

The old archway of a now church facing the arsenal.
The Church of S. Roque and its chapel, with mosaics, which are execllent.

The Convent of the Estrella, and its elegant dome, from which there is a fine view of Lisbon.

The Ajuda Palace, and the hills contiguons to it, from which there is a very interesting view.

The Public Library.
The Cathedral-is not very attractive.
The Botnnical Garden at Belem.
The Palace of the Cortes.
Some of the churches havo a benuty of their own.
Several of tho palaces of tho nobility, such as that of the Duqueza de Bragança, and of the Marquis of Niza and others, which aro of an extraordinary size, though not always in the best state of repair, should be seen. The palace of the Duko
of Palmella has in it somo fine pietures; and the paintings of the eldest son of the Viseonde de Menezes should be seen, as they give ample proof of so fine a taste and of sueh great industry, as would do eredit even to the professional artist.

The English burying-ground, also, should be seen for its own sake, and for the view from some of its walks. Fielding, who died at Lisbon, 1754, was buried there, as was also Dr. Doddridge.

The aquednct at Alcantara, and the great tank in the Agoas livras.

The publie gardens, where are some curious plants.
The fine square, in which is the monument of Don José, and the adjacent streets, strike the imagination with their grand effect. Of the Tagns, little need be said in its praise ; its breadth, its freshness, and its oceasionally heaving waves, make it to be, for a given distanee, the finest river in western Emrope: its banks are deficient in that loveliness which makes the Douro so very attractive; but when the breezes blow, the extroordinary rapidity with which its boats pass and repass, give to it a wouderful degree of animntion. The viow of Lisbon from the Almada Hill should be seen. Very great improvements, in overy respect, have been made in Lisbon during the last twenty years.

There are many hotels in Lisbon, amongst which may bo mentinned tho Bragança Hotel, with its fine views, the Peninsular, the French, Mrs. Bolt's, in the Rua de Alecręm, and that of Durand, in the Ruado Ferrugial de Cimn, who las likewise an hotel at Cintra, which, for its cleanliness and comfort, can be greatly recommended.

From Buenos $A$ yres, some beautiful views down the river can bo enjoyed. The great number of palaces and villas, and the benutiful hills between Lisbon and Villa Franca, make a trip to the latter place by water very delightful.

The road from Villa Franca to Leiria is not particularly interesting; but being the direct way to Coimbra, most travellers follow it.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { No. } 30 . \\
& \text { LISBON TO CINTRA, MAFRA, AND TORRES } \\
& \text { VEDRAS. } \\
& \text { Cintra . . . . . . . . . . } 5 \text { leagues. } \\
& \text { Mafra . . . . . . . . . . } 3 \text { " } \\
& \text { Gradil . . . . . . . . . . } 11 \% \\
& \text { Azureira . . . . . . . . . } 11 \\
& \text { Torres . . . . . . . . . . } 11 \\
&
\end{aligned}
$$

Cintra, to bo seen to the greatest advantage,
should bo visited in the spring, for then is quite green all the extensive country to the north of it, which in tho autumn appenrs to be yellow sand, and which many imagine to be nothing but a barren waste, and hence in part their disappoint ment with everything but the place itself. In spring. likewise, is to be enjoyed there in perfection another beauty, viz., that of the melody of the countless nightingales, which complete the charm of this earthly paradise. In grandeur it is inferior to the greater part of tho scenery beyond Braga, nor is it superior in beauty to many parts of the Minho.

The principal objects deserving notice are:-
The Pcuna (Convent that was, but now is a) palace, and its admirable plantation.

The Moorish castle, with the extensive grounds, which in a few years will be everything that a beautiful climate, great care, and admirable taste can make them ; and if half the nobility and gentry were to follow the example of the king, in improving their domains, Portugal would soon be, pcrhaps, the most bemtiful country in Enrope.

The anciont Moorish palace, the residence of the Queen, is peculinrly interesting, especinlly the grand chamber, in which are painted the arons of
the nobility, those of the sad house of Tavira being erased.

The quintas of the Marquis of Vianua, the Marquis Pombal, the Conde do Penamcor, the Baroneza do Regaleira, aro each and all very beautiful, as will soon be the quint of tho Duke of Saldunha, commauding a fino view.

In the quinta of the Baroneza do Regaleira there is a fine specimen of the Indian chestnut tree.

The view from the ruins of Mr. Beekford's quinta is extensive.

The quinta of the Conde do Penameor is known by the name of the Penha Verde, and lias deposited in it the lieart of the celobrated Portuguese navigator, Joĩo de Castro.

The politeness of the Portuguese, in allowing foreigners to visit their quintas, whether they be or be not residing, deserves our grateful acknowledg. ments.

Mafra is, to a great extent, a copy of tho Escurinl, but wanting in the beautiful position of the latter; it would be difficult to discover the motive which could have inducod its founder to fix upon so miserable a looality for such a luge building, which at ouce was a palace, a convent, and a barrack. Its church is fine, but the building is too low for
its great extent. The libiary is of a most extraordinary length. Don John the Sixth was very fond of joining the monks in their daily chants in this convent; for a full doscription of whieh convent eonsult Murphy.

No. 31.
LISBON TO TORRES VEDRAS DIRECT AND THE CALDAS DA RAINHA.


The Convent of Alcobaça, belonging to the Ber nardino monks, was founded by Alphonso Henrique, to commemorate the capture of Santarem from the Moors in 1148. It "was constructed upon a seale of feudal magnificence," having a kitehen of nearly 100 feet in length, through which a streum of water is constantly flowing. Of this convent Murphy gives a detailed account.

The Churel is a splendid specimen of what is called the Norman Gothic.

The cloisters are exeeedingly beautiful.
Mr. Caming visited this celebrated convent in 1816, and presented the monks with an edition of the Tliad, with a Latin inscription, in his own hand, in testimony of his sense of their gracious reeeption of him. The "Recollections of Alcobaça and Batalha," by the author of "Vathek," from an excursion to those monasteries in 1794, should be read by every one intending to visit them now, in their decadence, after the great injuries whieh they sustained during the Peninsular war.

Batalha, built by order of Don John, to eclebrate his victory over the Spaniards in the year 1385, at the battle of Abjubarrota, is the finest specimen of arehitcetmral beauty in the country, and no one acquainted with the magnifieent and time-honoured
cathedrals of England should fril to visit it. Some of tho stono-work is as fine and sharp as if it had only been perfected a fow years ago. Every part and portion of it deserves to be minutely examined. Murphy's olaborate description of it can afterwards he studied; he was in raptures with nearly all he saw, and, dilating on its manifold beauties, ho says, "Tho assemblage of spires, pinnacles, buttresses, and windows, their deep projecting shadows, the Siberian solitude of tho place, rendered this ono of the most remarknble seenes I ever beheld." Another writor says, "The just proportions and noblo simplicity of tho roof, of the clustered columns and pointed arches, can nowhero bo surpassed. In an unfinished chapel, however, the Arabesque and the Norman style aro strangely blended; still the ornamonts are so gracoful, tho sculpture so rich, and the general workmanship so beautiful, that the eye is not revolted by such an incongruous mixture."

Tho Cliapter House of Batalla is uniquo in its marvellous beauty. The author of "Vathek," in describing it, says, "It is a square of 70 feet, and the most strikingly beautiful apartment $I$ ever bohold; the graceful arching of tho roof, unsupported by console or column, is unequalled; it seems suspended by magic;" and he calls the eloisters " a
glorious square of nearly 200 feet." And no one who may luxuriate in their raro beauty will think that his aecount of it is at all exaggerated.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { No. } 33 . \\
\text { LEIRIA } & \text { TO THOMAR. }
\end{array}
$$

Scte Rios . . . . . . . . . 2 leagues.
Aldea da Cruz . . . . . . . 3 "
Thomar . . . . . . . . . 2 "

## No. 34. <br> THOMAR TO SANTAREM.

Payalvo . . . . . . . 1 leaguc.

Torres Novas2

Zibreira
1 "

Pernes
1 "

Santarem
$\frac{3}{8}$ leagues.

At Torres Novas the remains of the old Moorish castle and squaro tower will be visited with feelings of much interest by the antiquarian. Torres was taken from the Moors by Don Affonso Henrique in 1148, but retaken by Aben Josef in 1190, and by him was utterly destroyed.

Nenr to 'lorres are fine olive yards, in which are trees of an extraordinary size; one of them containing an olive, the girth of whose trunk, at 3 feet from the ground, is 20 feet; and in another olive yard is a splendid tree of the samo circumference, and at least 80 feet in height, nanned the "Rainha das Olivciras." Some of the trees in this neighbourhood yield an almost incredible quantity of olives; one of them has produced, on several occasions, not less than thirty bushels of olives in one season.

The district of Thomar is of very great fertility, and of considerable beauty. The town itself, now a city, was taken from the Moors by Don Affonso Henrique in 1147; and in 1190 its castlo sustained the memornble siege of "o califa Jacub," in whose signal defeat the monks of tho vast convent of Thomar did good service. It is said that, on three oceasions during the Peninsular war, no less than six regiments wero (at the same time) lodged within the capacious premises of the convent at Thomar without any inconvenience to the monks in their separato cells.

Route 35.] SANTAREM TO ABRANTES.

| No. 35. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| SANTAREM TO | AbRANTES. |
| Gollegão | . . 4 leagucs. |
| Barquinha. | . 1 " |
| Tancos . . | . 1 " |
| Constancea or Punheto | . 1 " |
| Abrantes | 2 |
|  | 9 leagues. |

Near Barquinha is a building of an cxtraordinary size and character, which the owner is not unwilling to show to strangers. The works in it for pressing the olives are extensive.

Abrantes, liko Santarem, is an ancient town, and similarly loeated; the views from it are very extensive, embracing a large part of the Alem-Tejo, and of the country, inundated whon there is a "fresh" in the Tagus. It is said to have been founded by the Celts 308 years b.c., under the ancient name $T$ bucci or Tivecci. The church of S. Vicento is deemed by somo persons to be "ono of the most beautiful in the kingdom."

No. 36.
ABRANTES TO CASTELLO BRANCO.
Penascoso . . . . . . . . . 3 leagues.
Maçūo . . . . . . . . . 1 "
Vendas Novas . . . . . . . 2 "
Perdigūo . . . . . . . . . 3 "
Amarcllas . . . . . . . . 3 "
Castello Branco . . . . . . . 2 "
14 leagues.

No. 37.
ABRANTES TO EVORA.
Ponte do Sor . . . . . . . . 5 leagues.
Galvea
S. Margarida

Calçecũo
2 "
Pavia
1 "
Arrayolos
3 "

Evora
3
18 leagues.

No. 38.
LISBON TO SANMAREM.
Villa Nova
7 leagues.
Azambuja
1 "
Valle 4 "
Santarem 1 "

13 leagues.

A steamer sails daily at eight o'clock from Lisbon for Villa Nova and Azambuja, and thence a boat, drawn rapidly by horses, goes to Valle, a short league from Santarem ; and a boat leaves Valle for Azambuja daily at seven o'clock, and, arriving there in about four hours, the passengers at once proceed to Lisbon in a steamer.

Santarem is a town of considerable size, and very remarkable for its position; it was long held by the Moors, who carcfully songht ont and occupied the places in the country which were best capable of offering a strong defence against their enemies; it is by no means an agreeable town, but is still worth visiting, especially when the events are considered whieh in and near its locality have occurred, during the foreign and internal struggles of Portugal, since tho days of the Romms. The Tagus between Santarem and Abrantes is a truly wonderful river ; in spring its waters, after a "fresh," cover an extraordinary extent of ground on its southern ride. From Santarem to Abrantes the hills on the north give a pretty effect to persons sailing up the river. Camarn affirms that " in the sixteentl century vestiges existed of the bridge over the Tagus near to Santarem, but that nothing now is to be found of Roman grandcur." The "torre do Alcorāo" at

Snnturem, now the church of S. Joino, should be seen.

No. 39.
LISBON TO SETUBAL, OR ST. UBES AND THE SERRA D'ARRABIDA.
Moita . . . . . . . . . . 3 leagucs.
Palmella . . . . . . . . 2 "

Setubal

Or by-
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6 leagues.
By water to Moita in a stenmer, or in the fine sniling "Rasca" of the Tagus.

The view from Palmella Castlo is very extensive, over a very flat country embracing the course of the river Sado, which runs by Alcaçer do Sal. At Setubal delicious muscatel grapes aro produced in such abundance as to enable the farmers to make their far-famed muscatcl wine. The oranges of that fruitful distriet are, perlaps, the best grown in Portugal. The view from the Arrabida is very finc; Southey was so enraptured with it as to sny, "Never did I behold scenery so wild as the mountain of

Arrabida presented, and whieh, continually varying as we advaneed, always displayed some new beauty:" had he, however, but ascended the Outeiro-Maior, or the Estrella, his notion of the grandeur of the Arrabida would have been in a grent degree subdued. Opposite to St. Ubes, near Troia, aro tho remains of an nncient place called Cotobrign, which is not unnaturally supposed to have been of Phœnician origin.

No. 40.
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35 leagucs.
Of the scenery of Alem-Tejo no description is attempted, because, though having some fine moun-
trins, it is, gencrally, mextremely flat country; and though it has $n$ beauty of its own, yct it is rucely visited except by those whose affairs call upon them to traverse its dangerous roads. The noble author of " l'ortugal and Gallicia" saw a great deal of that province, and in writing of it, states, "My eyo ran over the dark wastes of Alem-Tejo, stretching into endless distance; thero is a fascination in tho gorgcous monotony and universal stillness of the seene, and in the solemn splendour of the never-clouded sun and sky."

## No. 41 .



No. 42.
LISBON TO FARO, BY BRIJA.


The Algarve, with its far distant hills, vales, and mountains, is rarely visited but for commercial purposes; Link's and Lord Carnarvon's nccount of it are, however, of considerable interest, and might induco a traveller to bend his why thither after roving over the splendid valleys of the north of Portugal. Indecd, the description which is given of the grand and comprehensive view of Algarve, from La Foyn, the highest point of the Monchiquo monntains, might tempt the adventurous traveller to wend his way thither, which could be dono by going from Figucirn dos Cavallciros (vide Route 41) to-


It is somewhat surprising that, in describing a country, abounding in such views as are notieed in this work, Balbi should have made the following remork (vol. i. p. 70):-"On ne jouit d'uno vue bello et étenduo que sur le sommet de la Serrn d'Aire, de Arrabida et de Foyn!"

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